

XVTH YEAR.

[75 CENTS PER MONTH,
OR 25 CENTS A COPY.]

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 19, 1896.

FOR RAILWAY TRAVELERS
THE SUNDAY TIMES

AMUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
Three Nights, Commencing Monday, Jan. 20,
MATINEE WEDNESDAY

KIMBALL
PERA COMIQUE ORGANIZATION
60—PEOPLE—60
CORINNE

IN THE BIG OPERATIC EXTRAVAGANZA—
SCENES OF CRANDUEUR. "HENDRICK HUDSON, JR."
Presented with the same
GREAT CAST, SCENERY,
COSTUMES,
Calcium, Electrical Effects and Augmented
Orchestra as seen during the 600 nights' run
in New York; six months' run in Chicago
during the World's Fair; twelve weeks in
Boston.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
Three Nights and a Matinee, commencing THURSDAY, Jan. 23, America's
Representative Tragedian, MR. LOUIS JAMES,
And his excellent company, direct from the California Theatre, San Francisco, pre-
sented magnificent scenic productions of—THURSDAY NIGHT, HAMLET; FRIDAY NIGHT,
MACBETH; SATURDAY MATINEE, ROMEO AND JULIET; SATURDAY NIGHT, OTHELLO.
Season sale Monday, Jan. 20.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY,
One Week, Commencing Monday, Jan. 27,
MARIE TAVARY GRAND OPERA CO.

Under Direction Mr. Charles H. Pratt, including the following Celebrated Artists:
MME. TAVARY, MME. THEA DORRE, MME. LUCY, MME. TOMLIN.
MME. ROMANI, MISS RYAN, MME. TORANDO, CAV. A. L. GUILLE, MR. WM. STEPHENS,
Grand Chorus and Orchestra, CARL MARTENS, Director.

THE REPENTINE.
Monday—AIDA, Tuesday—CARMEN, Wednesday Matinee—BOHEMIAN GIRL, Wednesday Evening—THE HUGENOTS.
Sale of Seats opens Thursday, Jan. 23.

ORPHEUM—
S. MAIN ST. BET. FIRST AND SECOND.
Los Angeles' Family Vaudeville Theatre,
25 cents to any part of house.
Children 10c, any seat.
Matinee Today—Sunday.
WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 20.

NEW STARS.
The Greatest Vaudeville Bill Ever Presented in America.

MANHATTAN COMEDY FOUR.
Leading Comedy Quartette of America.
EMMONS, EMMERSON & EMMONS.
Celebrated Comedy Trio.
BERYARD DYLLIN.
America's Descriptive Character Vocalist.
DE BOLLEN BROS.
Premier Acrobats of America.
Performance Every Evening, including Sunday.
Evening Prices—10, 25, 50c. Box and Loge seats, 75c. Telephone 1467.

BURBANK THEATRE.
Matinee, bet. Fifth and Sixth
FRED A. COOPER, Manager.
This Sunday Evening,
Last Production of "The Phoenix,"
With Milton Nobles and Delle Nobles in the leading roles. TOMORROW NIGHT, the
Great Pastoral Play, "A Son of Theophrastus."

SIMPSON TABERNACLE—
Tuesday Evening, Jan. 21.
Oratorio of "The Messiah,"
To be given under the auspices of the Treble Clef Club and the Women's Orchestra
SOLOISTS:
Madame Martinez, Soprano; Mrs. Llewellyn, Contralto; Mr. F. A. Bacon, Tenor; Mr. F. L. Huebner, Bass.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC HALL—
Classical Piano Recital
BY
MR. OSCAR SCHLEIF
Assisted by
FERRY RINAUDY, Violinist.
FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24. Admission 50 cents. Seats can be reserved with
out extra charge at the
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC CO., 916-918 W. Third St.

PIANO RECITAL—
Blanchard-Fitzgerald Recital Hall.
MISS EDNA LARKIN, Solo Pianist
THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 21st, 8 p.m. ADMISSION 50c.
The celebrated Gildemeister & Kroeger Piano is used at this concert.

ROLLER SKATING RINK—
ORDERLY, POPULAR, FASCINATING, HARD-WOOD FLOOR.
Open 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5, 7 to 10 p.m. Closed Sunday nights. 242 S. Broadway.
Complimentary benefit to Wm. Toier Saturday evening, January 23.
J. LEINHOFFST, Prop.

WANNACK BROS.' SUMMER GARDEN—
Park covering ten acres of ground, Downey Ave., terminus of Cable
Railway. Open Daily—Restaurant and Cafe. The only Society Pleasure
Garden in Southern California. WANNACK BROS., Props.
Ed Bageard, Manager

MISCELLANEOUS—
SOLID OAK STANDS, 85c.
Birdseye Maple Stands, \$1.50 and \$2.00
We cater to the people of moderate means, those who would have their
houses look bright and pretty and comfortable, but who yet would not want to squan-
der money for mere show.
FULLER & LEWIS, Wholesale and Retail, 251 S. MAIN ST., Tel. 57.

THEY SAVE YOU MONEY IN TUNING.
SOLE AGENCY, **Kimball Pianos.**
Bartlett's Music House, 103 N. Spring St.

\$1.75 PER GALLON—GOOD BRANDY FOR MICE PIES, PORT AND
SHERRY, 75c per gallon. Sonoma Zinfandel, 60c
gallon. T. VACHE & CO., Wine Merchants, cor. Commercial and Alameda sts. Tel. 34.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

The Times
IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 9, 10, 11, 12, 26, 27.
Daring robbery of the store and post-
office at Prospect Park...The city
wins a victory in a water case...A
deputy sheriff made a neat cap-
ture...Brilliant display on electric
wires...Fugitive from Texas justice
caught and jailed...Examination for
Federal cattle inspectors...Supreme
Court more fully exonerates the Dis-
trict Attorney.

Southern California—Page 20.
More electric light promised for San
Bernardino...A fraudulent draft-
passer received a light sentence at
San Bernardino...Pomona's new rail-
road being pushed along...A Ballona
man's accident...Mayor Carlson of
San Diego again figures as a railroad
magnate...Redlands will have a cele-
bration...Santa Barbara jury allowed
\$900 for a husband whose wife's affec-
tions were alienated.

Pacific Coast—Page 3.
Floods predicted as the result of
heavy rains in Northern California—
Landslides, washouts and other mis-
haps—Rise in the rivers...Sonoma
Supervisors to petition Congress on
behalf of the miners...J. J. Curtis,
imprisoned in South Africa, formerly
a resident of Santa Rosa...Officers of
the proposed College of Viticulture
elected...An Oakland man dying from
excessive cigarette smoking...Re-
mains of an unknown man found in
a field near Folsom...The Atlantic
and Pacific legal contest argued at
Phoenix.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Campos receives the American news-
paper correspondents...The referee
for the Maher-Fitzsimmons mill is
chosen...The Manufacturers' Trust
Company of Brooklyn will help the
Treasury Department with gold...Al-
leged scheme to prevent the admission
of New Mexico and Arizona...Popu-
lists locate their convention at
St. Louis...The recalcitrant Sugar
Trust witness Chapman found
guilty...A plan of campaign against
Turkey...The Salvation Army revolts
against Herbert Booth...Senator
White's efforts on behalf of Ham-
mond...Cubans at Washington expect
a reign of blood and terror as a result
of the change of governor...Vander-
bilt will not pay his ex-wife alim-
ony...Elder Daniel O'Connell of elo-
quence to plant a colony in
California based on Shaker lines, ex-
cept as to celibacy.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Campos will leave for Spain on Mon-
day—His successor will be the noto-
rious Gen. Weyler...Lord Tweed-
mouth's son sued for \$100,000 by a
Gaiety Theater girl...The Admiralty
Office says it doesn't know where the
flying squadron is going...Floquet,
President of the Council of Minis-
ters, dead...The Kaiser grants an
amnesty to certain offenders...British
troops occupy Commales and the
Ashantee war is over...Denial that
Britain has presented an ultimatum to
the Chinese government...The ex-
Attorney-General of Cape Colony ex-
presses the opinion that British suzer-
ainty over the Transvaal is ended...
Twenty-fifth anniversary of the estab-
lishment of the German empire...
Speech from the throne...Weekly sum-
mary of English news—The Marquis
of Queensberry on the war spirit in
America...Anti-English policy threat-
ened by Germany.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Dispatches were also received from
Philadelphia, Gloversville, Duluth, At-
lanta, Ga.; El Paso, Santa Cruz, Red-
ding, San Francisco, Cleveland, Lon-
don, Berlin, New York, Chicago, Wash-
ington, Ottawa, Denver, Annapolis and
other places.

Financial and Commercial—Page 28.
The New York weekly bank state-
ment...Spot wheat firm at Liverpool
with poor demand...Money on call...
Chicago and Kansas City live-stock
transactions...Wheat trade at Chi-
cago...A heavy tone to the New York
share market...What the New York
associated-bank statement shows.

Weather Forecast.
SAN FRANCISCO, January 18.—For
Southern California: Light showers,
followed by fair; stationary tempera-
ture; westerly winds.

A MUTINOUS ARMY.
Salvatorians Do not Want Herbert
Booth for a Commander.
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The return of
Commander Herbert Booth of the Sal-
vation Army from London to this coun-
try is likely to create trouble among
the officers and the rank and file of
the Salvationists in the United States.
It was said last night when the com-
mander landed from the American liner
St. Louis, that if he succeeded in sup-
planting his older brother, Ballington
Booth, in taking charge of the Sal-
vation Army here, public meetings
would be held in this city to protest
against the change.

Commander Herbert Booth is at pre-
sent in command of the army in Can-
ada, Montana, North and South Dakota
and the State of Washington. Com-
mander Ballington Booth, who has been
recalled to London by Gen. Booth, is
a favorite with both officers and men,
and if the order is not rescinded a gen-
eral mutiny of the army is most likely
to occur. Herbert Booth said tonight
he had merely come on official busi-
ness, and he had an intimation that
many changes would be made in the
army before next May. Anything fur-
ther on the subject he would not say,
excepting that his sister was to be re-
called from France in the course of a
few months.

CUBAN QUAKE

At Reign of Terror is
Forthcoming.

Gen. Valeriano Weyler is to
Succeed Campos.

He Has the Reputation of Being
a Tartar.

Havana Officials are Notified of the
Prospective Arrival—Trouble
with the United States is
not Unlikely.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
MADRID, Jan. 18.—(By Atlantic Cas-
tle.) Owing to the recall, in some quar-
ters, "dismissal" is the word used, of
Marshal Martinez de Campos from the
captain-generalship of Cuba, the Duke
of Tetuan, Minister for Foreign Af-
fairs, has resigned. He will be suc-
ceeded by Senor El Duany.

RECALLED, NOT RESIGNED.
MADRID, Jan. 18.—Senor Canovas
del Castillo, the President of the Coun-
cil of Ministers, has received the fol-
lowing dispatch from Marshal Martinez
de Campos: "I consider your telegram
as an order, but I ought to stay, I have
not given my resignation. I have not
sense of failure. I am the first to con-
gratulate the government upon its de-
cision which perhaps will avert disas-
ters which do not affect me and might
be hurtful to Spain."

Gen. Polavieja, whose name has been
mentioned as the probable successor of
Gen. Campos, had a conference today
with the President of the Council of
Ministers. The general expressed him-
self as favoring the appointment of
Gen. Weyler as captain-general, and in
consequence the latter was sent for.
When the question of Gen. Weyler's
successor will be definitely settled, Gen.
Campos will return immediately to
Spain.

**WILL USE HIS RETURN TICKET
MONDAY.**
HAVANA, Jan. 18.—Gen. Campos
will sail for Spain on Monday.
GEN. MARIN NOT DISTURBED.
HAVANA, Jan. 18.—Gen. Marin as-
serted that the situation here is not
nearly so serious as it is represented
by the newspapers. He said that the
army are not familiar with the topog-
raphy of the country.

**CAMPOS RECEIVED THE CORRE-
SPONDENTS.**
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The World
publishes the following special dis-
patch from Havana:
The correspondents of the American press
in Havana. In response to the greet-
ings of the correspondents, Gen. Campos
met them at the hotel. I am very glad to
see you here. I am sure you will be
able to do me a great deal of good. I
simply have nothing to thank me for. I
simply have nothing to thank me for.

LIBERTY GIVING DETROIT.
DETROIT (Mich.), Jan. 18.—A big
meeting, the sentiment of which was
strongly in sympathy with the Cuban
patriots, was held here tonight.
Don M. Dickinson and Gen. Russell A.
Alger.

OFFICIALLY NOTIFIED.
HAVANA, Jan. 18.—The civil govern-
or of the province of Havana, through
his secretary, Senor Francisco Calvo
Munoz, and the chief of the Cuban
Department, Senor Miguel Cabezas, ad-
mitted late this afternoon that they
have received messages from Madrid
announcing that Senor Martinez de
Campos will be recalled to Spain.

Senor Weyler is a veteran soldier and
has followed the fortunes of the Span-
ish army in Cuba for years during the
last revolution. He is regarded as still
firmly confirming this idea.

MAN OF BLOOD AND IRON.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The an-
nouncement of the appointment of Gen.
Valeriano Weyler as captain-general
of Cuba was received here with great
interest. The Cuban press says that
the view they had already expressed upon
the subject of the recall of Gen. Campos
has been confirmed. There has been a
change in the cabinet itself, in the
retirement of the Duke of Tetuan and
the accession of Senor El Duany as
Minister of Foreign Affairs, is re-
garded as still further confirming this
idea.

Sen. Weyler is a veteran soldier and
has followed the fortunes of the Span-
ish army in Cuba for years during the
last revolution. He is regarded as still
firmly confirming this idea.

SOUTH AMERICAN MELANGE.
The Chilean Senate and a Railway
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A dispatch to
the World from Valparaiso says that
the Chilean Senate is discussing a bill
granting facilities to contractors to
build a railway to Argentina. The bill
market quotations are likely to prove
fatal to the liqueur nitrate industry
and a disturbance is imminent, owing
to the number of unemployed.

In future the Finance Minister will
inspect and publish the balances of
Chile, has signed her first extradition
treaty with Spain.

Brazil intends to establish a modus
vivendi with France with the Amapa
boundary dispute. Argentina will keep
her navy at Port Bahia. Brazil and
Chile, contemplating a treaty with the
object of discriminating against Amer-
ican flour.

LOOK OUT BEHIND!

There is danger that while our Uncle Samuel is standing guard over
Venezuela, sly old Johnny Bull will make a descent upon Cuba and oc-
cupy it.



LOVED HIS OWN BIRDIE.
BUT HIS PAPA DIDN'T WISH DUE-
LEY TO MARRY.

**WILLIAM VANDERBILT REFUSES
TO PAY ALIMONY.**

**THINKS HIS EX-WIFE OUGHT TO GET
ALONG WITH HER NEW HUSBAND'S
PROVISION—Nerve-thrilling Law-
suit May Follow.**

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—(Special Dis-
patch.) It is said that William K. Van-
derbilt is not at all easy at present at
the prospect of having Mr. and Mrs.
Oliver Belmont live on the money he
provided as alimony to his divorced
wife, and in the palace at Newport,
which he had given her as a habitation
for herself and children during the
period of her "grass-widowhood."

There is a legal ferment in the air.
Lawyers have been consulted, and as
no distant date society may be as-
tonished by a lawsuit in which Van-
derbilt will be the plaintiff and Mrs.
Belmont the defendant. By the terms
of the settlement, Mrs. Belmont was
to have \$50,000 a year for the support
of each child. She has forfeited all that
set aside for her daughter by the mar-
riage of that young woman to the
Duke of Marlborough. She has now
two sons to keep until they reach their
majority.

Owing to the nature of the suit for
a divorce, Mrs. Belmont, then Mrs.
Vanderbilt, being the plaintiff, she ob-
tained the custody of her children and
the right to re-marry. The decision
was against Vanderbilt on statutory
grounds. Hence it would be impossible
for him to claim his children, but as
to his maintaining alimony after his
wife has re-married, is another ques-
tion. Friends of Vanderbilt have as-
serted that he will fight this to the
end, and unless some compromise is
made, a lawsuit will be the result.

A WILD SCENE.
Wilfred Laurier Tells Parliament
Canada Will Some Time Annex
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
OTTAWA (Ont.) Jan. 18.—There was
a wild scene in the House of Com-
mons last night when Mr. Keeney,
Conservative of Halifax, N. S., accused
Wilfred Laurier of being an annexa-
tionist in disguise.

Mr. Keeney read from a Boston pa-
per what purported to be a report of
a speech delivered by Mr. Laurier at
a banquet in Boston. The report made
by Mr. Laurier says that the time
would come when Canada must be
separated from England.

Mr. Laurier said he had not been
correctly reported. Still he believed
that Canada was attaining the rank of
a nation. The Conservatives here
were indignant.

Mr. Landarkin, Liberal, shouted that
Canada would soon be as great a coun-
try as England. The Liberals responded
with cheers, and after some further de-
bate quiet was restored.

It was noted that the French-Can-
adians remained silent. Mr. Langlier,
one of their leaders, said: "We are
well satisfied as things are now. But
if our religion is not given the protec-
tion of the law, we will do something
more than cheer and shout across the
floor of Parliament." Mr. Langlier
would not elucidate his remarks.

BETWEEN TWO STOOLS.
A Canadian Member Falls All Over
the Venezuela Dispute.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
OTTAWA (Ont.) Jan. 18.—Mr. McGill
has given notice that on Monday next
he will move that in view of the threat-
ening aspect of foreign affairs, the House
desires to assure Her Majesty's govern-
ment and the people of the United
Kingdom of its unalterable loyalty and
devotion to the British throne and its
sovereignty. The House should occasion-
ally arise, no other part of the em-
pire than the Dominion of Canada
would make more substantial sacrifices
and attest more determinedly Her
Majesty's subjects to maintain the in-
tegrity and inviolate the honor of Her
Majesty's empire and that the House
reiterates the oft-repeated desire of the
people of Canada to maintain the most
friendly relations with their kinsmen
of the United States.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
LONDON, Jan. 18.—The Admiralty
Department informs the Associated Press that
the destination of the flying squadron of British
warships now off Spitzberg has not yet been
determined upon even by the admiralty, and
that certainly the warships are not going to
Hermuda or anywhere in American waters at
present.

THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Venezuelan
commission did not have today, but is ex-
pected to hold a session next Monday.

OUR BIG SHIPS

Will Be Used Against
Turkey.

Uncle Sam Demands Proper
Indemnity.

A Naval Demonstration and
Occupation.

The Transfer of Admiral Meade's
Flag to the Maine Significant.
Secretary Olney's Inquiry.
The Red Cross People.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A dispatch to
the World from Boston says that a
naval officer who has just returned
from Washington says:

"There is absolutely reliable author-
ity for the statement that the ad-
ministration has prepared a plan of
campaign against Turkey to
force the government of that country
to comply with the demands of the
United States for indemnity for loss
of property and for the future protec-
tion of Americans within her domain.
The authorities do not deny this state-
ment, although they have not hesi-
tated to say that no orders whatever
have been issued to the vessels of the
navy for carrying this order into ef-
fect. Upon excellent authority it is
stated that the State Department re-
cently entered into correspondence with
the foreign powers and that none of
them will interfere."

"The plan as I understand it, con-
templates a naval demonstration
against Turkey and perhaps an occupa-
tion of one of its cities. It has in
view the concentration of practically
the entire United States navy in Tur-
kish waters. The real reason why Rear
Admiral Buncie's fleet has been held
at Hampton Roads instead of sailing
about Christmas time, as was the origi-
nal intention, is because the authori-
ties have decided the dispatch of the
fleet to Turkish waters. The Asiatic
squadron has also been considered and
there are some officers at Washington
who believe it is on the way to the
Mediterranean, as the Asiatic station,
usually so prolific in movements, has
not been heard from for several weeks.
The Newark, in South Atlantic waters,
was also talked of."

"The United States would be able to
make an imposing demonstration
against the Turkish government, for
the Turkish navy could not act effec-
tively against it. In any event, there
could easily be blown off the seas by
the United States vessels. It is certain
that some decisive stroke is being con-
sidered. In any event, there are good
reasons for believing that the depart-
ment will increase the European squad-
ron by the New York and Ancon, pre-
sented in the transfer of Admi-
ral Buncie's flag to the Maine is re-
garded in this connection as signifi-
cant."

OLNEY WANTS TO KNOW.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Secretary Olney
telegraphed Minister Terrell at Constantinople
yesterday, instructing him to ascertain
definitely and finally the decision of the Turkish
authorities upon the question of the admi-
sion of the Red Cross Society into the country
for the distribution of the relief funds among
the destitute natives, but has received no
reply.

Miss Clara Barton was at the Capitol
today in conference with Senators Hoar
and Culver, with reference to her propo-
sition to send the Red Cross Society, pre-
sident of the Red Cross Society, and the mem-
bers of her personal staff to Constantinople
on Wednesday next, the date originally
decided upon for Turkey. No word has yet
been received from Minister Terrell as to
the desirability of her original
proposals of being stopped.

IMPERIAL CLEMENCY.
Amnesty Granted to Certain Classes
of German Offenders.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The extra edition
of the Reichsgesetzblatt today publishes
in honor of the day, the twenty-fifth
anniversary of the reestablishment of
the German empire, an imperial decree
foretelling yesterday by the Socialist
organ Vorwarts. The decree grants
an amnesty to offenders whose sen-
tences do not exceed six weeks' impris-
onment or 150 marks fine. Those only
are excepted who are guilty of leading
the superior, ill-treating inferiors or
desertion.

The receipt begins with the remark
that the Emperor desires to also par-
don military offenders. It is therefore
presumed that the imperial pardon
will be extended to civil offenses and
cases of conviction for lese majeste.
The imperial decree further announces
the foundation of a new Prussian or-
der, the William order, which will be
conferred upon men and women who
render prominent services in advancing
the welfare and culture of the people
in accordance with recommendations
contained in the message of Emperor
William I. The first recipients of the
order are the Emperor, ex-Emperor
Frederick, Grand Duke of Baden
and Sax-Weimar, Prince Bismarck,
Dr. Miquel, Minister of Finance, and
Baron von Bodelschwingh, Minister of Com-
merce.

The Ashantee Plague.
ACCRA (Gold Coast Colony, British
West Africa), Jan. 18.—The Ashantee
war is ended. Sir Francis Scott, in
command of the British expeditionary
force, has occupied the Ashantee capital,
Frempong, and the British have re-
turned to the coast for embarkation.
There is general rejoicing among the
natives at the blood British victory
and the prospect of a return of trade
and prosperity.

Gilbert Stuart's Grave.
BOSTON, Jan. 18.—The Traveler has
discovered the grave of Gilbert Stuart,
the famous painter whose portrait of
Washington is the one most familiar
to the world, in the old Central burying-
ground. The Traveler has started a
movement to build a monument to his
memory.

RIVERS ARE RISING.

Running Rampant as a Result of the Rainfall.

Floods Apprehended Unless the Storm Ends.

Oakland Man Dying From Cigarette Smoking—Railroad Contest at Phoenix—A Unknown Man's Remains Are Found.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The Pacific Coast branch of the United States Weather Bureau predicts that the continued rains of the past five days will cause floods throughout the State. The rivers are already overflowing their banks, and the tide lands are filling. Farming operations on the lowlands must inevitably be interfered with. The entire State, except the extreme southwestern portion, has had all the rain desired. At Red Bluffs, Colusa and other portions along the Sacramento, the river is brimming over. The danger point has already been reached, and both the American and Feather rivers are also too high.

What makes the situation the more serious is the certainty that the rise will continue for forty-eight hours yet, even without more rain. The downpour still continues with little probability of clearing within twenty-four hours.

CAUSING INCONVENIENCE.
NAPA, Jan. 18.—The severity of the rainstorm has caused some inconvenience here, and the river still overflows its banks in some places which are especially low. The rainfall here during last night was 1.5 inches, while in the upper end of the valley at St. Helena and Calistoga nearly twice that much water fell in the same time. The rain caused the water to rise in the tracks at Krugs station, above St. Helena, and caused a delay of two hours in the coming of the south-bound train this morning. All trains are running on time tonight.

It is reported that twelve inches of rain have fallen in St. Helena during this week. The river is falling now and as very little rain fell today no fear is now felt of any damage.

SACRAMENTO'S WEATHER.
SACRAMENTO, Jan. 18.—The weather here today is bright and the sun is shining, the storm appears to have ended. There was a very heavy rain storm here last night, and in the mountains it became furious. The wind blew a perfect gale, and there was a terrific fall of rain. Crystal Lake, near Colusa, again overflowed its banks and washed out 100 feet of culvert. Forty feet of snowdrift was destroyed by the wind, in addition to seventy-five feet which went down yesterday morning. A temporary trouble has been experienced and three westbound passenger trains are now moving toward this city from Truckee. The branch railroad between Marysville and Oroville is under water for a distance of three miles to a depth of from five inches to five feet. The Oregon express train is now compelled to run by way of Willows, the northbound train reaching the main line again at Tehama.

GOING UP.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The United States Weather Bureau has issued the following bulletin regarding the rise of rivers: The Sacramento River at Red Bluffs is rising 22 feet and rising. This is the danger point. At Colusa it is 25.1 feet, or the danger point, and this stage will be maintained for twenty-four hours. The river is probably overflowing at points above Colusa. At Marysville it is 17 feet and rising slowly; the American River at Folsom has risen ten feet in twenty-four hours and this stage will be maintained for twenty-four hours longer; at Sacramento the river is 19.9 feet. It will continue to rise slowly for the next thirty-six or forty-eight hours. Should heavy rain not continue there will probably only be sufficient rainfall to flood the lowlands and tide basins of the Sacramento Valley.

OVERLOOKED.
OAKLAND, Jan. 18.—The rainstorm has been terrific for the past six days; with a precipitation of 13.10 inches. Much damage is reported from high water. The valley land of Turner ranch was severely cut by the flood and many roads are impassable. The Parker Vineyard Company has suffered the heaviest loss. The gravel and stone was constructed along a side-hill which became so saturated that it slid, collapsing the building. The wine had been moved to a place in the building preparatory to shipment and was not caught in the avalanche.

MISCHIEF AROUND REDDING.
REDDING, Jan. 18.—The storm has abated and a strong wind has been blowing from the west. The river is very high, the waters submerging the Electric Light and Water Company's works with the result of no light or water.

The Iron Mountain Railroad is in bad condition. The rain thoroughly soaked the earth and there are numerous slides all along the line. The culverts stopped up and the road-bed washed away. The company was expecting to start up a furnace at Keswick with a charge of ore in a few days, but the storm will set them back a month at least. Overland trains have been late on account of high water and slides. The rainfall is almost up to the figure of last season at the same date.

PASSENGERS SENT BACK.
SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 18.—Owing to the big slide near Felton, the narrow-gauge train for San Francisco was unable to get through this morning, and the passengers returned to this city. The passengers on the down train from San Francisco will have to be turned back. It is expected that the track will be cleared in twelve hours. It was raining hard this morning.

ANOTHER SLIDE.
ROSEBURG, Jan. 18.—Another large slide occurred on the Southern Pacific at the south end of tunnel No. 2, three miles south of West Fork. A large force of men has been put at work and it is expected to have the track cleared by Monday. Passengers are being transferred in the meantime.

A BENEFICIAL STORM.
STOCKTON, Jan. 18.—There is no high water hereabouts and the steamers had only eight inches more of water to ride out on this evening. The streams do not show much of a rise and will not unless more rain falls in the mountains. The rainfall here up to the close of the storm this afternoon was 2.42 inches for the month, making 5.57 inches for the season, against 14.80 inches last year.

The rainfall last night and today measured .68 of an inch. It is the most beneficial storm seen here in many years and has many farming prospects almost sure. The storm seems to be at an end.

AN UNKNOWN'S REMAINS.
STOCKTON, Jan. 18.—The remains of an unknown man were brought here today from near Talson, where they

were found in the fields by hunter. The man had committed suicide, and the pistol used was found lying beside the body. There was nothing found to identify the deceased. He was fully six feet tall and had a scar on his right cheek from the mouth to the point of the jaw.

COLLEGE OF VITICULTURE.

Election of Officers by Those Who are Interested.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The gentlemen interested in the proposed College of Viticulture have elected the following officers: President, A. Harashty of San Francisco; vice-president, John Sweet, Martinez; treasurer, H. W. Crabb, Oakville; secretary, Winfield Scott, San Francisco; corresponding secretary, C. A. Wetmore, Stockton; trustees, A. Harashty, San Francisco; John Sweet, Martinez; H. W. Crabb, Oakville; Winfield Scott, San Francisco; George West, Stockton; John T. Doyle, Menlo Park; E. W. Frost, San Francisco; William Palmer, Hollister; E. C. Blichowski, San Gabriel; J. de Barth, Shasta; San Gabriel, C. J. Wetmore, Livermore.

SMOKED TO DEATH.

Another Victim of the Deadly Cigarette Habit Passing Away.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
OAKLAND, Jan. 18.—Higgin, an investigator of cigarette smokers, is dying at the Receiving Hospital. During the past five years he has been a confirmed cigarette fiend, the excessive use of which has brought about his present condition. Higgin is only 27 years of age, and up to five years ago he was a strong, healthy young man. Now he is a mental and physical wreck.

Dr. Dunn, after making a careful examination of the patient today, found that Higgin is suffering from heart disease, Bright's disease, consumption and asthma. Dr. Dunn does not hesitate to say that these diseases may be attributed to the cigarette habit. The physician also says that Higgin has but a few hours to live. He smoked from thirty to forty cigarettes a day.

NOT THE 'FRISCO DEAN.

The Utica Prisoner Does not Answer the Description.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Chief of Detectives Lees said that D. V. Esmond, alias H. Dean, arrested at Utica for forgery, is not the Dean who victimized the Nevada Bank out of \$20,000, by means of a forged draft. Lees says the Dean who operated here is a small man while the Utica Dean is over six feet tall and in no way answers the description of the man wanted here.

The record of the Dean who is wanted here, is international in scope, extending from Paris to San Francisco, and which he escaped in this city for which he suffered two years imprisonment at San Quentin. Dean attempted to pass a forged check on Hellman, Bros., and was arrested and convicted. He was released from San Quentin last November.

A TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

The Atlantic and Pacific and Its Mortgage Bondholders.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
PHOENIX, (Ariz.), Jan. 18.—The triangular legal contest between the Atlantic and Pacific, the holders of the first mortgage bonds of \$1,000,000, and the second mortgage bondholders representing \$5,000,000, was argued before Judge J. J. Hawkins in the United States District Court here. The road is in the hands of a receiver. The first-mortgage bondholders want to sue for possession in their own name; the second-mortgage bondholders want the receiver continued in the original proceedings and their motion to consolidate the first-mortgage bondholders' action with their own, was granted. The judge holding that all equities and priorities could be better taken care of in the original proceedings and large complications avoided. The case being something near \$1,000,000 in receivers' certificates and other liabilities of the company outstanding in the proceedings started by the Atlantic Trust Company of New York in January, 1894. The Atlantic, Toledo and Santa Fe Company, St. Louis and San Francisco Company, and the Northern Trust Company were against the United States Trust Company, trustees for the first-mortgage bondholders.

AGAINST THE FUNDING BILL.

Mayor Sutro's Mass-meeting Stopped by a Frost.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The State convention to protest against the passage of the Funding Bill, called by Mayor Sutro, was not largely attended at its first meeting this afternoon. The absence of many expected delegates was ascribed to the shortness of the call for the convention, and its was at first proposed to postpone the meeting for a week. An organization was effected, however, with Mayor Sutro as chairman, and a committee of ten was appointed to draft resolutions. Resolutions were adopted denouncing Huntington and the Southern Pacific, and demanding that the Funding Bill be defeated in Congress. Speeches were made by Mayor Sutro, Taylor Rogers, Henry B. Hilder and others. Denis Kearney, the sand-lotter, attempted to speak, but he was refused a hearing. He tried to force himself upon the meeting, but an able-bodied policeman kept him quiet. The convention, after adopting the resolutions, adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

The convention adopted strong resolutions protesting against the Pacific Railroad's funding bill, and directing that a copy of the message be sent to Congress. Five delegates were elected to go to Washington and work against the passage of the Funding Bill by Congress.

In the Interest of Miners.
SANTA ROSA, Jan. 18.—The Board of Supervisors of Sonoma county today passed a resolution asking the California members of Congress to use all their efforts and votes to secure the passage of bills introduced in Congress at the request of the California Miners' Association. Sonoma county has valuable mining interests and the Supervisors are enthusiastic in favor of the bill introduced.

Electric Fireworks.

An electric-light wire and an electric-rod wire got crossed in front of the Police Station last evening. The result of the contact was a vivid blaze, which sizzled and sputtered for nearly half an hour. Electricians from both companies were telephoned for and put a stop to the fire-work by severing the wires which had fused into each other. Many interested spectators watched the burning of the wires and there was much alarm lest the live wires should burn off and injure pedestrians by falling upon them.

RIVERSIDE EXCURSION, WEDNESDAY, 22.

Excursion tickets good going via Pasadena and San Bernardino, returning via Orange, or vice versa. You pass through each town but once in making the trip around the circle on the Santa Fe's belt line. Trains leave at 7:10 a.m., 5:20 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m.

THEY FOUND A PLACE.

THE POPULISTS' CONVENTION IS NOW LOCATED.

The National Committee Decides on St. Louis as the Place and July 22 as the Date—Anti-Territorial Admission Yarn.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ST. LOUIS (Mo.), Jan. 18.—After a session of two days the Populist National Convention adjourned sine die this afternoon without having selected a place to hold the next national convention which will be held on July 22, next, unless the date is changed by the Executive Committee. This committee will probably select the place of meeting next Monday, but whatever decision it reaches may be changed when the report is received from the special committee appointed to visit Washington, D. C., January 22 and confer with the Bimetallist League as to the advisability of holding its national convention at the same time and place as the Populists.

Snyder of Kansas presented the following resolution which, after considerable discussion, was adopted almost unanimously, there being only three dissenting votes: "Resolved, that in line with the action of our friends at State meetings lately held by the People's party in North Dakota, Illinois and Indiana, the members of the National Committee in executive session at St. Louis on January 17, desire to express their entire confidence in the wisdom, judgment and integrity of our chairman, Hon. H. E. Taubert; our secretary, J. H. Turner; our treasurer, Hon. H. McRankin; and each of the other members of the Executive Committee in their conduct with the Populist cause, and to advise Populists throughout the nation to immediately line up to the support of the Executive Committee with liberal contributions to sustain its work in the coming campaign." At 1 o'clock a recess was taken.

When the committee reassembled at 2:30 o'clock the question of referring the matter of selecting a place of meeting to the Executive Committee with instructions to act within ten days came up and aroused much discussion. It was finally decided in the affirmative and the contesting cities were requested to present new propositions to the Executive Committee next Monday, when the matter will probably be settled. The National Committee then adjourned sine die.

LATER—A meeting of the Executive Committee was unexpectedly called tonight to consider some new propositions presented by the Executive Committee of St. Louis. After discussing them the committee decided to hold the national convention in St. Louis on July 22.

THE POPULIST OFFERS.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18.—The hearing of representatives of different cities who are working to secure the National Populist Convention that will meet on July 22 next, was resumed at 10 o'clock this morning, when the National Committee assembled.

D. M. Fulwider of Arkansas spoke for Chicago. He was followed by Dr. H. K. Klor, Eugene Smith and F. J. Schneider, representing the business men of Chicago. Schneider insisted that at least \$20,000 could be raised for the Populist cause if they were given sufficient time to collect it. E. S. Heister and Joseph H. Schneider, who spoke for Kansas City, Kan., then were prepared to erect a tent 150x300 feet, sufficiently large to seat 20,000 people, within a block of the Court-house. Harry Tracey, D. E. Ledy and Mayor Holland spoke in behalf of Dallas. When they finished the committee went into executive session.

ALLEGED ANTI-SILVER SCHEME.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The Post's Washington special says: "Disappointment awaits the people of New Mexico and Arizona. They have been knocked in for admission into the Union for many years, but the decree has gone forth that their prayers will be left unanswered for another two years. They can thank Speaker Reed and his little combine for the dose of disappointment brewed for their consumption. The explanation offered is that it is deemed of the highest importance to check any further growth of the silver strength in the Senate, and the best way to do that is to prevent any increase of representation from the second mountain region. There fore the House Committee on Territories will not report bills for admission into the Union for many years."

for the admission of the Territories named until too late for action by this Congress.

THEY WILL CAUCUS.

ANNAPOLIS (Md.), Jan. 18.—The ballot for United States Senator today resulted as follows: Republicans, Wallington 27; Westcott 13; Goldsborough 28; Milliken 8; Dixon 1; Mudd 1. Democrats, Smith 8; Para 3; J. R. Patterson 1. Caucuses will be held Monday night, which may have an effect upon the ballot on Tuesday.

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LOAN.

BROOKLYN (N. Y.), Jan. 18.—Ex-Congressman W. J. Goombs, president of the Manufacturers' Trust Company of this city, has sent the following letter to Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle: "We are subscribers to the popular loan and have accounts in the bank in which we have deposited the same. We are willing to deposit this gold in the treasury for the use of the government and receive a receipt therefor specifying that, in case none of the bonds be awarded to us, the gold shall be returned to do the same thing, and in that way, without loss to themselves, assist the treasury in the interim in maintaining its gold reserve."

Not So Free with Ultimatums.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The office of the Foreign Office here says that the dispatch from Peking, saying the British Minister there has proposed to the Chinese government, demanding the opening of West River, is untrue.

What are We Here For?

Do not think we are here to allow anyone to undersell us. (We if we knew it.) We are the only optician advertising his goods cheaper than ours. Just make it your business to TEST OUR PRICES. You will find WE ARE CHEAPER THAN ALL OTHERS.

Eyes Tested Free.



Eyes tested Free by a practical and scientific optician at

Burger's Cut-Rate Optical Store.

Solid Gold Frames, all kinds at \$2.50. Steel, nickel or alloy frames at... 25c. Best Lenses made, per pair at... \$1.00

BURGER'S

Cut-Rate Store.

213 South Spring street

ollenbeck Hotel Block.

One Bottle Cures.

The only remedy of its kind known which does this is

McBury's Kidney and Bladder Cure.

Made at 415 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.



BEAR IN MIND

THAT THE

Captain Marryat Cigar

IS THE

Finest Beyond Question.

SMOKE ONE TODAY.

HARBURGER, HOMAN & CO.

Makers, New York.

VIGOR OF MEN

Early, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors of later excesses, the results of overwork, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to the system. Simple, natural, and safe. No artificial stimulants. No dangerous ingredients. No harmful effects. No expense. No trouble. No delay. No disappointment. No failure. No loss of time. No loss of money. No loss of health. No loss of life. No loss of honor. No loss of respect. No loss of position. No loss of power. No loss of influence. No loss of prestige. No loss of reputation. No loss of credit. No loss of confidence. No loss of trust. No loss of friendship. No loss of love. No loss of peace. No loss of happiness. No loss of contentment. No loss of satisfaction. No loss of joy. No loss of pleasure. No loss of comfort. No loss of ease. No loss of rest. No loss of sleep. No loss of food. No loss of drink. No loss of air. No loss of light. No loss of heat. No loss of cold. No loss of dryness. 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LINERS.

FOR SALE—

Houses.

GRIDER & DOW'S BARGAINS.

CITY HOUSES.

\$550—FOR SALE—SMALL COTTAGE, ALL in one condition; lot 50x150; close to a double electric car line; rent \$10 and \$150 per month; this is a bargain.

\$1500 BUYS A LOVELY NEW MODERN 8-room cottage, within 10 minutes' walk of this office; small payment down, balance \$20 per month.

\$1500 BUYS FINE NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE, all modern; 50-foot lot, street graded and cement walks; this house is located near Main; see it at a bargain; small cash payment down, balance same as rent.

\$2000—FOR SALE—NEW MODERN 7-ROOM house; lot all fenced, cement walks; only 15 minutes' walk from this office; cash, balance same as rent.

\$2350—FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL NEW 7-room residence, all modern; lot 50x150, covered in bearing oranges and fruit; located on 12th st., 1 block of the car line; this is a home or an investment.

\$3000 BUYS A NEW MODERN 7-ROOM house, southwest part of the city, close to car lines; part cash, balance by the month. Free carriage at all times.

GRIDER & DOW, New office, 129 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—

Houses.

\$1500—Cottage, 4 rooms, bath, etc. Towne ave; easy payment; rent to pay 10 per cent. on the investment.

\$2500—Good 7-room new and modern house on 27th st.

\$2500—Good 6-room cottage; lot 50x150, full of bearing fruit trees; has barn; street graded and paved; small cash payment.

\$2500—New 7-room, first-class house, large lot, on 30th st.; all good surroundings.

\$2500—See this fine 5-room cottage on lot 70x150, in Bonnie Brae.

\$4000—6-room house; lot 50x150, east front, on Olive st., between 10th and 11th; all street work done; this is a bargain.

\$7500—Good 10-room house and barn, large lot, close to Pearl st., choice location and fine view.

I have 3 fine houses among the finest locations in Bonnie Brae and South Hollywood; if you buy one you will be proud of your home.

SEE ME FOR FIRST-CLASS HOMES.

WM. F. BOSBYSHILL, 107 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—

Houses.

BARGAINS.

We have several bargains in installment houses with payments of \$10 to \$20 down, and the balance in monthly payments of from \$10 to \$20. We have a large stock of houses and lots for sale. We will sell anything for cash, but we will not sell anything for less than \$1000. We have a large stock of houses and lots for sale. We will sell anything for cash, but we will not sell anything for less than \$1000. We have a large stock of houses and lots for sale. We will sell anything for cash, but we will not sell anything for less than \$1000.

\$100—\$10 down and \$10 per month; lots near car line.

\$275—2 lots on clean site of Twenty-seventh street, adjoining lots held at \$200.

\$300—Lots on Adams street worth \$1000.

\$500—Each, 2 lots 40x150, fronting on Central avenue.

\$525—Lot 50x145 on 27th street.

The above lots are considered great bargains.

W. J. SCHERRER CO., 227 W. Second street, Branch office, Adams and Central ave.

FOR SALE—

Houses.

FOR SALE—BY WILDE & STRONG.

\$800—For 6 fine lots, within a few minutes' walk of Broadway and Central.

\$1000—Beautiful home of 10 rooms on W. Beacon st., modern in every respect; must be sold soon.

\$1400—Beautiful, modern 8-room house in the Harper tract; a good bargain.

\$550—Large lot and small house on 21st st., near Main.

\$2300—Nice, new, 6-room cottage on Crocker st., close in.

\$2500—Beautiful 6-room cottage, modern in every respect, situated on Ingraham st.

If you are looking for something nice in the way of a cottage or home, call and examine our list. Free carriage to show property.

WILDE & STRONG, Real estate agents and Auctioneers, 228 W. Fourth st., Chamber of Commerce bldg.

FOR SALE—

COTTAGES BY

S. BROWN & CO.

\$1200—6-room cottage, near 22d st., between 10th and 11th; sewer, etc.

\$1500—5-room modern and new cottage, near Adams; modern in every respect.

\$1800—New 6-room modern cottage; 300 cash, balance monthly.

\$2000—5-room modern and new cottage; 300 cash, balance monthly.

\$2200—5-room modern cottage, sewer, etc.; 400 cash, balance monthly.

\$2400—5-room modern cottage; sewer, etc.; 500 cash, balance monthly.

\$2500—5-room cottage near cars; 500 cash, balance monthly.

\$2500—5-room cottage, beautifully furnished.

\$3200—5-room modern 2-story house on graded street; a bargain.

If you want a choice house in the southwest call on S. BROWN & CO., 231 Union ave., cor. 23d st.

FOR SALE—

COTTAGES BY

S. BROWN & CO.

Great bargain says: "We cannot contemplate a crime as terrible as war" with a strong nation. We are offering a large lot of land for sale. This is a very desirable location for a large house and a lot of land. We have a large stock of houses and lots for sale. We will sell anything for cash, but we will not sell anything for less than \$1000. We have a large stock of houses and lots for sale. We will sell anything for cash, but we will not sell anything for less than \$1000.

\$7000—On Figueroa, near Adams, 12 rooms, every modern convenience, also for sale.

\$1000—5-room house, big lot, improved; some cash, balance monthly.

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\$200

TO LET—
Re

TO LET—WANT ONE OR TWO CHILDREN to board and care for by a widow lady; good home and motherly attention. Address 1907 N. HUNTER ST., TIMES OFFICE. 19

TO LET—PLEASANT SUNNY ROOMS with first-class board, use of bath, etc.; \$7 per week. Address 826 S. W. 10.

JONES, Monrovia, Cal. 17

TO LET—LARGE SUNNY ROOM, SUITABLE for 2; bath, hot water, refrigerator, available; convenient to car lines. 1031 S. HILL ST. 19

TO LET—THE BELMONT; ROOM AND BOARD, \$15 per month; 125 CONCORD for two gentlemen, \$45 per month, 425 TEMPLE 19

TO LET—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM FOR lady, with board or rooming privileges; \$10 per week. Call 1030 S. HILL ST. 19

WANTED—NICE YOUNG WORKING GIRL to make her home with me; expenses light. Apply 1212 E. TIMES OFFICE. 19

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. ST. LAWRENCE, Corner Main & Main. 19

TO LET—ROOMS WITH BOARD; LOVELY place, near Westlake Park. 822 ALVARADO ST. 19

TO LET—LOAN VARIETY HOTEL, ROOM AND board, \$35 per month. 312 W. SEVENTH ST. 19

TO LET—WITH BOARD, LARGE, NEAT furnished rooms. ABBEY, 232 S. HILL. 21

TO LET—2 LOVELY ROOMS AND BOARD, use of bath. RANDY, 232 S. HILL. 21

TO LET—ROOMS WITH BOARD, 555 N. BELMONT AVE. 19

TO LET—

Houses.

TO LET—A NEW 8-ROOM COTTAGE with water, Washington, rent \$30 with water. 1911 SANITAS st., new 7-room house, colonial; first-class throughout; rent \$25 with water. 1915 SANITAS st., new 8-room house, modern, colonial; rent \$30 with water; barn and nice yard. F. H. PIERPER & CO., 108 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—
\$17-House 8 rooms, 1230 W. Ninth st.
\$18-House 8 rooms, 2271 Thompson st.; modern
\$30-House 8 rooms, 1045 S. Hill.
LEE & LEE, 113 S. Broadway. 21

TO LET—AT HOLLYWOOD: A BEAUTIFUL home; pleasantly located on boulevard; furniture complete; large front porch; lawn; flowers, etc.; place contains about 4 acres; planted to fruit; plenty of water. Call MILLEN, 257 W. First at 12th St. 19

FOR SALE—I HAVE A BEAUTIFUL home of 10 rooms, nicely decorated; large lot, 12x60; good fruit, and this house is one ready for occupancy; nice, new and clean; I can sell this place cheaper than you can get it. MILLER, 257 W. First at 12th St. 19

TO LET—IN THE BONNIE BRAE TRACT, a new modern 9-room colonial-house; everything about the house is good; rent \$15 per month; call on owner, J. M. POINDEXTER, to a reliable tenant. Apply on the premises, 744 CENTRAL AVE. 19

TO LET—FOR SALE, 5-ROOM COTTAGE first-class repair, between the Arcade and Santa Fe Depot; east front; graded street; 12x60 ft. lot to 20-foot alley; fenced; water \$15; \$20 cash and \$11 per month. L. H. MITCHELL, 135 Broadway. 19

TO LET—A NEW 9-ROOM COTTAGE near Pasadena electric car line, inside city limits; a good, healthy location; very attractive; all modern improvements; call POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. 4th. 19

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE OF 7 rooms, with bath, gas, electricity, central heating system; southwest; to parties who will board; gentleman and wife. Address D. BOX 12, 215 OFFICE BLDG. 19

TO LET—4 NEW DWELLINGS, 8 ROOMS and bath each, porcelain tubs, cement floors, shades and gas fixtures complete, modern plumbing, paint and in most desirable locality. FRED A. WALTON, 428 S. Main st. 19

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED 8-ROOM house on Alhambra Heights; hot and cold water, electric, nice range, refrigerator, desirable tenant. Call 1416 CORRAL AVE. or ROOM 11, Bryson Block. 19

TO LET—I WANT A PERMANENT tenant for modern 9-room cottage, well situated corner of Flower and Second sts. A. K. CRAWFORD, 1001 Flower st. 19

TO LET—A MODERN HOUSE WITH BARN 84 S. Pearl; newly painted, painted and in perfect order; a nice home. McGARVIN & BROS., 1001 Flower st. 19

TO LET—S.W. SPLENDID, 9-ROOM HOUSE with bath; modern kitchen; low rent; to good tenant; near car, corner of Olive and 1st St. 19

TO LET—FERB, 7-ROOM HOUSE, FREE close to Second; rent \$50; 6-room cottage, 1st St. and 2nd St., rent \$20. W. H. GIBSON, FIN. 125 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—NICE HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS AND bath, barn, lawn, etc.; \$16, with water; furnishings complete; rent \$25. Inquire 810 S. MICHIGAN AVE. 19

TO LET—ELEGANT NEW 9-ROOM HOUSE 715 Alvarado street; gas heaters, stable etc. Call W. T. GARLAND & CO., S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—\$20. NW. 31st St., N.E. CORNER Third St. Will sell on installments if desired. Broadway. 19

TO LET—COSY SUNKY ROOM, 4 BLOCKS from downtown, 630 S. W. 19th St.; family; \$8 to permanent young man. Call 20 W. 15TH. 19

TO LET—for a GOOD LIP, LIGHT ROOM and store, corner of BUICK & MACDONALD STS. 19

KEIGAN, 338 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—4-ROOM HOUSE ON PALOMA ST. Central ave. \$10 per month, water include. 19

TO LET—6-ROOM FLAT, NEW, S. HOP near Eighth; rent, including water, \$25. EDWARDS & BREX, 1001 Flower st. 19

TO LET—NEW 9-ROOM HOUSE, \$33 Flower st.; everything modern, \$35 a month. 19

DUPRE & COMPANY, 1001 Flower st. 19

TO LET—9-ROOM MODERN COTTAGE N. Grand ave. Apply next door, 219, or 1001 CLARK DR. GOODS CO. 19

TO LET—3-ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE, water, electric, MADISON ST., first floor, east side. Mott, Bayle Heights. 19

TO LET—1919 S. GRAND AVE., 9-ROOM modern detached house, \$20. F. H. PIERPER & CO., 108 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—243 S. FLOWER, 8-ROOM MODERN 2-story house, \$40. F. H. PIERPER & CO., 108 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—1220 S. OLIVE, 9-ROOM MODERN 2-story house, \$40. F. H. PIERPER & CO., 108 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—NEW UNFURNISHED FLAT OF 3 rooms, 1525 Bonsoalo ave. Inquire 801 WASHINGTON. 19

TO LET—NICE FOUR-ROOM FLAT DOWN town, on bond street, 638 TURNED OVER Wolfskill tract. 19

TO LET—2 TO 6 ROOMS, FURNISHED Colonial style, high housekeeping. 145 S. JEFFERSON. 19

TO LET—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE, NEW water, free. Apply 333 S. BROADWAY. 19

TO LET—COTTAGE 4 ROOMS AND BATH 633 CLARK AVE., near Eighth at San Pedro. 19

TO LET—MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE, NICELY papered; rent reasonable. 1360 FIGUEROA ST. 19

TO LET—MODERN 6-ROOM COTTAGE close in, furnished or unfurnished. 1211 OLIVE. 19

TO LET—A NEWLY PAUPERED SIX-ROOM water. 721 WALL ST. Adults only. 19

TO LET—HOUSE OF 5 ROOMS, 231 W. 1ST ST. Rent \$15. Inquire 221 W. 1ST ST. DOOR. 19

TO LET—301 N. FLOWER, 8-ROOM DWEL- ling. H. PIERPER & CO., 108 S. Broadway. 19

TO LET—FLAT 4 ROOMS AND BATH, FUR- nished or unfurnished. 1202 CENTRAL AVE. 19

TO LET—SMALL 3-ROOM COTTAGE, HI- gh, close in. Apply at 216 S. BROADWAY. 19

TO LET—HOUSE 4 ROOMS AND BATH, HI- gh, close in. Apply at 216 S. BROADWAY. 19

TO LET—6-ROOM HOUSE, GOOD CON- dition. Rent \$12.50. 419 E. 23D ST. SAN PEDRO, 129 N. 19

TO LET—A 4-ROOM COTTAGE, 1200 SAN- ta Fe. Apply 214 W. PICO ST. 19

TO LET—A HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS, ALL modern. 604 MAPLE AVE. 19

TO LET—9-ROOM FLAT, NEW, INQUIRY 604 MAPLE AVE. 19

TO LET—COTTAGE, APPLY ON PREMISES 19

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSES.
7 rooms, 10th street, \$45.00.
1 room, Hope street, \$45.
10 rooms, South Olive street, \$50.
10 rooms, 10th street, \$50.
6 rooms, Douglas street, \$32.
5 rooms, centrally located, \$35.
Centrally located, \$40.
5 rooms, First street, \$30.
And many others in all parts of the city.
If you wish to rent a house or furnished or unfurnished, or if you have one for rent, please call on or see S. P. CREAMING, 217 S. 24th St. Broadway.

TO LET—IN BEAUTIFUL ST. JAMES PARK
(Just off Adams st.) near electric cars, 10 rooms and bath, with all conveniences, on a choice corner; owner wishes reliable permanent tenant; every convenience; see house, 10th street, 15th street, 16th street, M. GARLAND & CO., agents, 207 S. Broadway.

TO LET—A PRIVATE FAMILY HOME
on yearly lease at \$55 a month, fully furnished, 8-room residence, fine grounds and shade; 10th street, 15th street, 16th street, 17th street, Address D. box 35, TIMES OFFICE. 19

TO LET—A NICE 5-ROOM COTTAGE
with bath, centrally located, \$40 per month and water; easy walking distance. Inquire at 518 N. KFER AVE. 19

TO LET—5 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, FURNISHED
with bath and 10th street, 15th street, 16th street, in choice neighborhood, \$30. 7th street, 10th street, 11th street, 12th street, 13th street, 14th street, 15th street, 16th street, 17th street, 18th street, 19th street, 20th street, 21st street, 22nd street, 23rd street, 24th street, 25th street, 26th street, 27th street, 28th street, 29th street, 30th street, 31st street, 32nd street, 33rd street, 34th street, 35th street, 36th street, 37th street, 38th street, 39th street, 40th street, 41st street, 42nd street, 43rd street, 44th street, 45th street, 46th street, 47th street, 48th street, 49th street, 50th street, 51st street, 52nd street, 53rd street, 54th street, 55th street, 56th street, 57th street, 58th street, 59th street, 60th street, 61st street, 62nd street, 63rd street, 64th street, 65th street, 66th street, 67th street, 68th street, 69th street, 70th street, 71st street, 72nd street, 73rd street, 74th street, 75th street, 76th street, 77th street, 78th street, 79th 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Assurances of Aid in their
Hope and Relief With

THE FOLLY

The Advantages of a Correct
Careful Rebuilding of the
Proper Medicines May
We Recognize

NO. III.

If you are a woman and are afflicted with some of the painful and complicated disorders peculiar to your sex, you are doubtless often overtaken by a feeling of despair. This is all wrong and you should reinforce your courage by reflecting for a moment upon the nature attempts to do in the human body, upon her constant efforts to repair and heal instead of severing, to pair upon the wonderful vitality of the Caucasian race. If nature has her way she accomplishes wonders and of yours a cure after man has pronounced a cure impossible.

It is a mistake for women to believe that the disorders peculiar to the sex are less easily cured than other diseases. The contrary statement is true, provided the treatment is of the proper kind. Women, with their greater endurance of pain, their higher nervous tension and their keener susceptibilities, are more quickly and more easily influenced by medicine than men are. The term "Diseases of Women" has become a synonym for tedious suffering, and for tedious and expensive illnesses, only because the methods of cure in vogue make them such; not because nature intended to inflict upon the so-called weaker sex special and almost unendurable physical ills. What has been the result? been the MATERIA MEDICA of the proper drugs, or medicinal agents. These have been found in the Chinese herbal specifics. Diseases of women as known in America are unknown in China, largely because these remedies are constantly used among the wealthier classes of the Flowery Kingdom. They must, however, be used with intelligence, skill and adaptability to particular cases. We are not advertising a cure.

CURE-ALL, OR UNIVERSAL NERVE-TRUM

We draw, in the treatment of the diseases, from more than three thousand remedies and suggest in this case the combination which is adapted to a cure. We do not use concentrated drugs, which are necessarily violent in their action. But we employ remedies which act with a gentle but constant cumulative effect, the final result being a greater quickening of the powers and a more complete nourishing of all the organs than is possible in any other way. Besides this we suggest

RULES FOR EXERCISE, DIET AND REGIMEN.

which, if properly followed, will vent return of the disease. There is no secrecy about our methods, our patients see, exactly what they are using, and are encouraged to prepare the remedies at home and for themselves. We have nothing to conceal, but, on the contrary, we encourage every form of unprejudiced investigation, knowing that the more fully methods are understood the greater will be our rewards. This is an opportunity never before offered to women of America to acquire, free of charge, the most useful information for renewing and preserving their health, and for making a practical use of remedies which accomplish

ALL THAT THE MOST SKILLFUL SPECIALIST PROMISES,

whether he be physician or surgeon, without pain, risk or violent shock to the system. We are aware that there are a great deal, and we should not offer so much were we strengthened in our position by a series of successes. It is natural for men and women to doubt the power of medicines, and we therefore emphasize the fact that we insist upon most active and persistent co-operation of the patient in all her way of life—in an avoidance of the conditions which have led to her difficulties in the adoption of a more hygienic and rational mode of living.

It may seem strange to many that any good thing in this respect should come out of the East. But every one knows, who has studied the question that the Chinese have more correct notions upon matters of health than Americans. Their lives are free from the worries and excesses of ours; they study—although their religion and their philosophies teach them to regard life less highly than we regard it—to preserve life as long as possible, after reaching the meridian of life, pass down the shady side of life as easily as possible. We have adopted some of their maxims, which we are now patients, in addition to their maxims as regards the use of the medicines. These facts are in themselves an education of great value to woman who has lost her health.

NO WOMAN'S CASE IS HOPELESS

as long as she has the strength of the will to adopt simpler methods of living, assisted in the effort by our remedies, which make the transition easy, pleasant and of enduring benefit. Remember that we treat every case of disease peculiar to women—simple derangements of the menstrual function to cancers of the breast, womb, inflammation of the ovaries, atrophy or wasting away of the ovaries and similar diseases for which the surgeon's knife is so often needlessly brought into play. The length of time necessary to a cure can only be determined by an examination into the particulars of each case. But we give a candid opinion upon this point and upon the curability of any case.

WE WILL DO ALL THAT WE CAN TO CURE.

Examination, diagnosis and treatment are absolutely free in all cases. Write for a copy of our book.

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A DARING ROBBERY. EXPONENTS OF PREJUDICE.

A Store-keeper at Prospect Park Held Up.

Three Men Asked for Crackers, but Got Cash.

Boldly and Without Masks the Trio of Robbers Rifled A. Richardson's Safe—They Even Took the Copper Cent.

A daring robbery was perpetrated last evening at Prospect Park, west of the city limits, and the robbers are as yet free. About 8 p.m. three men entered the general merchandise store and postoffice at Prospect Park and asked A. Richardson, the manager, for a pound of crackers. While Mr. Richardson was looking for the crackers from the barrel he suddenly became aware that a gun was pointed directly in his face, and the man who held the weapon mildly asked the storekeeper to deliver up all the cash he had on hand.

Richardson was made to open the safe and deliver to the other men \$40 in cash, some of which was postoffice money, and the robbers, by seeking further found \$4 more in copper cents. When the booty was secured all three of the men departed and were soon out of sight.

None of the men wore masks or other disguise, and would be easily identified by the victim of their trick. One of the robbers, who wore a light check suit, soft felt hat, and without an overcoat, is supposed to be the same who took a short ride early in the evening with James Black of Calhoun, an employee of Dr. Davidson, who gave the man a lift in the mud.

One of the other men, and the spokesman of the gang, who may have been between 22 and 28 years of age, was in the store about two weeks ago, though all the men are strangers to Mr. Richardson, they evidently well knew him and that particular section, for their work was done successfully, and their escape made expeditiously.

Sheriff Burr and Under Sheriff Clement were notified by telephone, and at about the same hour the Times received information of the robbery. The officers, in a buggy, and a Times reporter on horseback, departed for the scene, arriving at about the same time. The pretty suburb of Prospect Park was greatly excited over the daring robbery, and pursuers were already preparing to set out in hopes of overtaking the robbers, but they had too much of a start and escaped in the darkness.

The officers returned to the city about 9 o'clock a.m., finding it impracticable to pursue the robbers.

CLEVER CAPTURE.

Martin Aguirre Bares His Man on a Description.

Deputy Sheriff Martin Aguirre did some good work yesterday afternoon. At 5 p.m. yesterday there came a telegram from Santa Barbara saying that it was believed that a man named Shobo, who had been arrested at Los Alamos for grand larceny, could be found in Los Angeles. The telegram described Shobo as a man five feet seven inches in height, weighing 140 pounds, with a scar on his right cheek. By 10 o'clock Aguirre landed his man at the County Jail.

The Deputy Sheriff found Shobo running a little fruit-stand on Main street, near the postoffice. He caught a "licker's" worth of prize money, and to get a good look at the suspect. Then he strolled away, looked at him from a distance. At last he came back and told the fruit-dealer that he was under arrest. Shobo was scared out of his self-possession, acknowledged that he was the man, and offered Mr. Aguirre \$100 in money if he would let him go. But he found that bribery wouldn't work, so he locked up his shop and peacefully waited for his fate.

Other arrivals at the jail last night were Luke Brown, charged with cutting government timber near Fresno; John Richter, accused of assault with a deadly weapon; Arthur Faba, seduction; Raymond Simpson, declared to be incorrigible, and a string of petty larcenists and vagrants.

Rice's Canadian Trouble.

Extracts at hand from Canadian newspapers indicate that E. E. Rice, the "extravagant" person, who had such a warm and even torrid time in the land of the Canuck with one of his productions, while the American flag was a feature of the show, made use of the whole affair as a first-class advertising medium for himself and his play. Rice seems not to be the least bit embarrassed by the more sensible of the Canadian population, in his reported utterances where "give 'em the American flag" figured conspicuously as an indication of wondrous patriotism. Rice himself, when interviewed by Canadian press representatives, said that when in Canada he always made a point to carry the Union Jack and display it in his shows, with the Stars and Stripes.

The Sage-Broussard Case.

Mrs. Sage, who was referred to a court item printed in The Times yesterday as an undutiful daughter, who had induced her aged father to give his property to her, then turned on him, makes an explanation which gives the case a different aspect. She says that her father, desiring to will his property to his daughter, was advised by his attorney to make a deed out-right to her to save trouble and expense. She says she has taken good care of her old father, but she has endeavored to restrict him in the inordinate use of wine, to which he is addicted, and, following bad counsel, he began the suit against her to annul the deed.

THE opportunity is not often given to buy "close in" property where street improvements are all made and paid for at your own price. This you can do on January 25, when I will sell at auction 10 lots on Clarence and Pleasant streets, near First, 8 minutes' ride from Spring street on electric cars. These lots are on graded streets and have curbs and cement walks and water piped. They will be sold without reserve or limit and on easy terms, four equal payments. Auction of these lots will take place on the property Saturday, January 25, 1896, at 2 p.m., unless it is raining, in that event sale will be on Monday following or first clear day thereafter. Leonard Merrill, agent, 240-241 Broadway Block.

SEE THE NEW STYLE

Engraved visiting cards, wedding announcements and at-homes, at THE WHEDON & LITTLE CO., No. 114 West First street.

A.O.U.W. P. Public Installation.

The officers of the following city lodges will be publicly installed at Illinois Hall Wednesday, January 22, at 7:30 p.m.: Los Angeles Lodge, No. 55; Southern California Lodge, No. 121; Germania Lodge, No. 241. All residents and visiting workers are urged to attend and bring their families. Music, song and instrumental, stirring speeches by prominent officers of the order, followed by a social dance. Music by Fritz Payne's Orchestra. Admission free.

Found.

Smith's Dandruff Pomade, a sure remedy for dandruff, falling hair and itching scalp. One bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded, at Sale & Son's Drug Store, No. 230 South Spring street.

MARRIAGE RECORD.

COMFORT CLARK—At three Mephisto Episcopal Church, January 15, by Rev. Will A. Knighten, Sydney J. Comfort to Nellie E. Clark, both residents of Los Angeles.

Can a Newspaper Tell the Truth?—Glaring Example of Journalistic Mendacity.

How a Petty Newspaper Libels Residents of Los Angeles—An Answer from the Flowery Kingdom Herb Remedy Company. Enthusiastic Support of Their Patrons and Friends and Indignant Refutation of Scandalous Charges.

The flippant attitude of the modern newspaper toward matters of great public interest is illustrated by a short article in the Los Angeles Record for January 10. This playmate little sheet, which has, for a few months past, been making a great noise in proportion to its size, like a grasshopper or a bullfrog, and has been industriously aping the style of bigger and better publications, in the desperate hope of planting itself in a journalistic field already fully occupied, published the following false, malicious and sensational little squib:

"FAKIR IN HOC.

"Chinese 'Physician' in Jail for Malpractice—His Advertising Agent to be Arrested—Some of Their Victims." A warrant has been issued for the arrest of C. C. Platt, the advertising agent of Foo Yuen, a Chinese doctor doing business at No. 17 Bernard Place. The fake physician has himself been arrested upon charge of malpractice. He is not registered at the County Clerk's office, for he has not a certificate that would admit of his being registered. The Chinese fakir has for weeks past been advertising, deriding the methods of the modern schools of medicine, and claiming for the Chinese herbs and himself almost supernatural power to cure. Recently a man who was receiving treatment from him died by reason of the fact he did not receive proper medical care. This is one victim that is known. There are perhaps others who have lost their lives, and there are still others who are yet alive, but who have been skinned of their money by the clever advertising of this Chinese fraud.

It would be interesting to know just how the above piece of journalistic "enterprise" was received by the different people who happened to read it. Doubtless the numerous members of the class which swallows whole everything that is printed in a newspaper opened their mouths for this chunk of wisdom and gulped it without a wink or a quiver. The growing class of those who do not believe newspapers and reporters probably laughed at it and passed to something more important. The few who knew the correct circumstances of the case were justly indignant at the attempt to libel an honest man. We feel justified in calling the Record a liar, for the following reasons:

First, Dr. Foo has not been arrested in Los Angeles. Second, he has never been in jail. Third, he has never been charged with malpractice. Fourth, he has never claimed "for the Chinese herbs and himself almost supernatural power to cure." Fifth, no person who has ever bought herbs from him has "died by reason of the fact he did not receive proper medical care." Sixth, no persons "have been skinned of their money" by him. And, seventh, Dr. Foo is not a fakir. The Record ought to raise the salary of the able-bodied liar who penned that little article, for he has managed to compress seven distinct and separate falsehoods into about one hundred and fifty words. So far as we know this beats all previous efforts in Southern California, in the line of falsification.

The first, second and third denials in the above paragraph are simply matters of judicial record, and any person sufficiently interested may investigate them for himself. The fifth will be discussed by us more fully in another place. The others are open to further explanation. The statement that we have claimed for our herbs almost supernatural power is simply absurd, as any one will admit who has read our advertisements. We have constantly taken pains to assert in the most explicit language that there is no mystery about our methods; that our diagnoses depend entirely upon the pulse, which is the only true and scientific outward indication of the condition of the vital organs, the inroads of disease and the constitutional vigor of any person, and that our remedies are nothing whatever but the simplest of herbs, which are delivered to those who choose to use them in packages for home preparation. We write no prescriptions in dead languages. We make no spread-eagle claims to profound wisdom in the line of "specialties." We do not assert that medicines alone will cure anything and everything. On the contrary, we advise those who consult us in reference to their health to practice the most extreme caution and self-denial in matters of diet and regimen, constantly impressing upon their minds that every effort must be made to reinforce the action of the herbs and to give them a full opportunity to exercise their upbuilding and nutritive functions to the fullest extent in order to obtain the best results. We do not even permit the use of tea, coffee, tobacco, liquors, or any other stimulants or narcotics whatever, in any cases for which we recommend the use of our herbal specifics. We constantly believe and attempt to inculcate upon the minds of others the truth that purity and simplicity in diet and in life are the greatest, chief and indispensable elements in regaining lost health; that without self-denial and restriction upon the part of the patient medicine is utterly valueless. In fact, we will not sell our herbs to persons who refuse to follow our advice in these respects. Yet the irresponsible scribbler of the Record has the audacity to charge us with claiming for the Chinese herbs almost supernatural power to cure, when nothing could be farther from the truth. We believe that one of the greatest abuses of the present day is the wholesale swallowing of drugs, without atten-

operation. I was totally incapacitated for labor. I went to Dr. Foo, who diagnosed my case clearly and thoroughly, after six weeks' treatment I was so much better that my work was again easy for me, but I have continued taking the herbal remedies for nearly three months, to prevent any possible recurrence of my difficulties and to perfect my cure.

I would pit Dr. Foo against the scientific world for correctness in diagnosis and for skill in the employment of remedies.

CHAS. W. DAVIS.

Another gentleman of experience with doctors and medicine, says:

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) Jan. 14, 1896.

After having been given up to die by one of the most popular physicians in Southern California, I investigated Dr. Foo's methods by interviewing the people who were cured by him two or three years ago. I feel confident that Dr. Foo accomplishes all that he promises, and is the very opposite to a fakir in character. I have never met one who ever purchased herbs from the Flowery Kingdom Herb Remedy Company that was not benefited. My own case was no exception to the rule.

P. L. SMITH.

No. 336 N. Hill street.

The following is from a man who has received very pronounced benefit from the herbal treatment:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 17, 1896.

The Flowery Kingdom Herb Remedy Company.

My Dear Sirs: I desire to give you an expression of my sentiments in reference to certain scurrilous articles attacking your methods and characters which were recently published in some of the Los Angeles papers.

An experience of over twenty years with physicians and their poisonous drugs qualifies me to speak with emphasis. I have been through the hands of every recognized school of medicine, have also been to mineral springs, and recently went through the butcher's shop of the surgeon to the extent of having my head cut open, after which operation my case was pronounced incurable. The experiment, for such it was, was undertaken for the purpose of curing a trouble which Dr. Foo afterward, through an examination by the pulse, found to be seated in the vital organs. The contrast in the diagnosis has been emphasized by the results. I am a man of science, and do nothing for me, while the relief which I have obtained from your herbal remedies is greater than I ever expected to realize, after my long and unsuccessful search among so-called scientists. This has proven to my satisfaction that Dr. Foo is what the others claimed to be, a strictly scientific physician, while their treatment was quackery, pure and simple.

The so-called "cow-manure" politics, which one of the newspapers delicately referred, have been used by me for the past six or seven weeks to repair the damage which the white surgeons did to my cranium in their hit and miss search for a trouble which did not exist there. I know that these politics are composed of the purest herbs, and I have never found anything objectionable or repugnant to refinement in their composition. My opinion, when I commenced the use of your remedies, was practically that of a dying man. My friends and others who see me every day now consider that I have been snatched from a speedy and apparently certain death.

I am familiar with the facts of the case referred to by the Express and The Times, and I know that there is no truth in the articles as published. Those who have sought to ruin you by their calumnies, and the art of healing should be classed as dogs in the manger. They are unwilling that others should do what they are unable to do. Yours for the right.

WILL H. AREHART.

No. 1612 Edd street.

The following letter explains itself:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 15, 1896.

B. C. Platt, Esq., City.

Dear Sir: Replying to your inquiry I wish to say that my recent change of residence shows my confidence in Dr. Foo and his methods. I had been a resident of Washington, D. C., but recently removed to Riverside. A few weeks ago I came to Los Angeles, where I have since lived, for the express purpose of receiving treatment of Dr. Foo. I may say in brief, that up to the present time, I am fully satisfied with the results of this treatment. I feel that it is impossible to overstate its beneficial results or to say too much of Dr. Foo's methods, which are as far removed as possible from those of a fraud, fakir or humbug. I have found them more reasonable than the methods of any other medical institution of physician that I have ever realized, and I have had a great deal of experience with doctors. The price of these herbs seems very insignificant compared to results. I feel justified in saying that no person who patronizes Dr. Foo is in the least reason to complain of his charges.

I have noticed that Dr. Foo has the manners and instincts of a highly polished gentleman, and that he would compare favorably in this regard with cultivated men from any part of the globe. There is no question in reference to his ability to gain an understanding of the condition of any patient through the pulse alone. His methods of examination are the height of gentility.

I have conversed with many of Dr. Foo's patients, and have noticed of late that some of those who, a few weeks ago, were greatly prejudiced, are beginning to lose their prejudices as they become better acquainted with the doctor and see more clearly the evidences of his skill. So strongly am I impressed with this fact that I wonder why our American physicians do not adopt some of these methods, or at least investigate them in a fair and candid spirit. In my opinion this unwarranted and unscholarly prejudice will wear away as the results of these methods become more manifest, and we shall have the science of the Caucasian united to the skill and perseverance and the persistence in the employment of harmless remedies of the Oriental. I cannot see anything incongruous or unbecomingly combinatory, which I should consider highly desirable.

I have not heard one of Dr. Foo's patients speak of him as a fraud or imply that they think that they have been cheated. As I have already said, all of the remarks and opinions that I have heard, and I have taken considerable pains to talk with others, have been directly to the contrary of some of the slanderous statements that I have read in the newspapers.

Very truly yours,

GERTRUDE E. SAMO.

No. 623 Tehama street.

The following is from Mr. E. M. Myer, of 1613 St. James street:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 18, 1896.

My experience with the Flowery Kingdom Herb Remedy Company is that they are correct in diagnosing by the pulse, and that their herb remedies are simple and reliable.

Very truly yours,

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The wedding of the week, that of Miss Genevieve Marx to Jesse Armstrong, transferred from the society hall to the ranks of the youthful matrons who are becoming so numerous that they now have to be distinguished as the brides of '95, and the brides of '96. The wedding was one of the sweetest of the year, and the bride one of the prettiest. The second large function of the week was the Assembly ball on Friday evening at Turnverein Hall, which drew out a very large and brilliant crowd of society people. The luncheon here, too, was unusually numerous and elaborate this last week. Mrs. T. D. Stimson gave an elegant one on Wednesday, for Mrs. Charles Stimson of Seattle.

On Friday Mrs. C. C. Carpenter entertained very charmingly for Mrs. Gregory of Washington, D. C. The round table was decorated most artistically over pink silk with a broad, exquisitely embroidered white cover, a rare piece of Japanese handwork, and in the center, about the pink-shaded silver candelabra, were strewn pink and white carnations and roses. The table was covered with a mass of pink carnations and roses, and at each end of the table, a pink satin ribbon was laid diagonally across the table, and at each of the corners was a beautiful mass of pink carnations and roses, and at each end of the table, a pink satin ribbon was laid diagonally across the table, and at each of the corners was a beautiful mass of pink carnations and roses.

On Thursday Mrs. Clarence Ewen gave a charming pink luncheon at her residence on Orchard avenue. A broad pink satin ribbon was laid diagonally across the table, and at each of the corners was a beautiful mass of pink carnations and roses, and at each end of the table, a pink satin ribbon was laid diagonally across the table, and at each of the corners was a beautiful mass of pink carnations and roses. The table was covered with a mass of pink carnations and roses, and at each end of the table, a pink satin ribbon was laid diagonally across the table, and at each of the corners was a beautiful mass of pink carnations and roses.

A very delightful progressive whist party was given Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Curtis Howes at their lovely home on West Twenty-eighth street. The decorations of the room were extremely artistic; in the reception hall there were garlands of smilax, in many places forming a perfect network, potted palms, and about the mantel masses of La France roses. In the library were pink carnations, violets and pinks, and in the dining room was pretty with a frieze of pepper sprays, the soft grayish-green of the French artichokes and festoons of smilax and pink and white carnations. The light music was rendered during the evening by the Warren Mandolin Orchestra, and a delicious supper was served, for which Sister Caterer, Mrs. Howes, was the hostess.

A dancing party was given Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. George L. Cochran at their home on West Twenty-eighth street. The decorations of the room were extremely artistic; in the reception hall there were garlands of smilax, in many places forming a perfect network, potted palms, and about the mantel masses of La France roses. In the library were pink carnations, violets and pinks, and in the dining room was pretty with a frieze of pepper sprays, the soft grayish-green of the French artichokes and festoons of smilax and pink and white carnations. The light music was rendered during the evening by the Warren Mandolin Orchestra, and a delicious supper was served, for which Sister Caterer, Mrs. Howes, was the hostess.

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Tuesday evening by the Misses Maud and Ella Edwards, at their home on Rosedale avenue, University. The rooms were prettily decorated with smilax, pepper bushes and roses. The guests were the Misses Josie Wenten-hall, Hattie Slaughter, Tillie and Aurora Vassallo, Tillie and Minnie Holman, Messrs. Edward McConnell, Gilbert Smith, Elliott and Allen Pearson, Dennis Holman, Joseph and Willard Malington.

Judge and Mrs. Bicknell entertained informally Friday evening in honor of Mr. Trumbull of Chicago. Among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wood, Judge and Mrs. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Gibson, Dr. and Mrs. Bicknell, Miss Bicknell, Dr. and Mrs. Cates, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Hendricks, Miss Hattie Chapman and Walter Trask.

The ladies of Los Angeles Circle No. 151, C. of F., will give a leap-year party next Wednesday evening at their hall, No. 107 1/2 North Main street. Yielding to the strong desire on the part of the members of the circle to witness the marriage of their pastor's daughter, on Monday, Dr. and Mrs. McLean have consented that the wedding should take place at 12 o'clock. Miss Maud is a universal favorite and will be greatly missed.

Social Notes and Personal Gossip from Round About. SANTA MONICA. Social doings here during the week past have not been elaborate, but they began early with the installation of officers of Silver Wave Rebekah Degree Odd Fellows, on Monday evening, which was followed by a banquet in Forster's Hall, in which about sixty members and guests participated. The event by contrast with its predecessors showed that the order is in a growing and prosperous condition, and the brief and witty remarks of the president, Mrs. J. H. Rice, the new Presbyter-ian pastor, and his family, have taken the Lathrop residence on Rebecca street, north of Second street, for a short time.

Dr. E. Henderson and family have as their guests this season Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Wade of Delta, Colo. A photo party composed of the Messrs. Lawrence and Jennie Mason, of Los Angeles, the Messrs. Long, Howe and Hughes of Pomona, spent Tuesday in San Antonio, Cañon, and drove home in the early evening. Roy Fryer has returned to the State University at Berkeley. J. T. Sheward of Los Angeles spent Tuesday as the guest of Editor Goodwin in Pomona.

Mrs. Charles F. Loop, Jr., is expected home from Santa Cruz next week, after a long visit with her parents there. Rev. B. C. Cory and family are preparing to move into his lately new Methodist Episcopal parsonage at the corner of Fourth and Parcells streets. A tally-ho party of guests from the Hotel Green spent several hours in Pomona, on Wednesday afternoon, and went on from there to visit the beet-sugar factory at Chino. The semi-annual installation of officers at the Women's Relief Corps, G. G. W. in the Women's Hall, this (Saturday) afternoon, was made a social affair and was largely attended.

Mrs. Constance Ruth Drummond has postponed her whist party for ladies to Wednesday, January 22, because of the death of Mrs. Lamb on Monday morning. SAN BERNARDINO. Mrs. Jennie Wilson returned to Alameda yesterday. Miss Ida Bowen of Los Angeles was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. L. P. Bidgood, during the past week. Mrs. Camp, mother of Dr. K. Camp, has arrived from the East to remain several months.

Miss Berta Blom was tendered a grand party at her home on the birthday Tuesday evening by a large number of young friends. A delightful reception was given at the home of Mrs. J. H. Rice, on Wednesday evening, for the ladies of the Entree Whist Club was entertained Thursday evening by Miss Frances Anderson. Mrs. Truman Reeves the last week entertained her sister, Mrs. H. B. Morse of Los Angeles.

The Ladies' Leap Year Club will give their first series of parties at Armory Hall on the evening of January 22. This event will conform to the leap-year idea, which is a novelty, and the ladies will be allowed the initiative. REDLANDS. Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Correll of Riverside were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wise last Sunday. James Gardner Clark and family of New Haven, Ct., have arrived for their customary winter sojourn in Redlands. Miss Mae Morse of Riverside was a guest of the family of S. Alder several days last week.

Miss Lida Finlira of Chicago is visiting her cousin, C. H. Harford. John Macbeth has gone to Durango, Colo., to be absent some months. Mrs. C. C. Beatty entertained her cousin, John Forbes, of Waukegan, Mich., Friday. Miss L. E. Foote has been quite ill for some days, being confined to her house. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Waite celebrated their fifty-second wedding anniversary on Thursday.

THE POPULAR STORE. Still Further Reductions. Pioneer Broadway Dry Goods House. Potomac Block, 221-223 S. Broadway. Before Stock-Taking.

Silks. Fancy colors, rich hand-embroidered styles and exclusive designs. \$1.00. Black Goods. 40-inch black wool and Mohair novel- ties, sold everywhere at 60c. Eiderdown. Fancy Eiderdown Flannels, choice de- signs and colorings, reg- ular 80c quality: clearance price. 35c. Ladies' Fine Rustle Skirts, 80c. Ladies' Rustle Skirts, 80c. Ladies' Rustle Skirts, 80c.

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO. A CORPORATION. REAL ESTATE & GENERAL AUCTIONEERS. Under instructions of the owners, J. M. Elliott, Esq., of the First National Bank; John H. Jones, Esq.; Gen. Bouton, and George H. Pike, Esq., we will offer at peremptory auction sale, to close a partnership interest, the celebrated NADEAU ORANGE TRACT. ON CENTRAL AVENUE, EAST JEFFERSON ST., ETC.

FOR SMALL HOMES THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME. THE SALE IS ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE. Catalogue now in print, will shortly be ready. Apply to EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO., 121 SOUTH BROADWAY.

account of a recent accident to Mr. Doeg, the bride was given away by Dr. Otto. Wilfred Duncombe, brother of the groom, acted as best man, and Miss Ethel Hope-Doeg, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. Those present at the wedding were: Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Walter Otto, Mrs. Fay, Mr. and Mrs. Peverly Meigs, Mr. and Mrs. Ogilvie, Miss Gaty, Miss Myra Nickerson, Miss Mc- laren, Miss Cole, Miss Doremus, Messrs. Biddle, Barton and W. T. Sum- mers. A dainty collation was served. Miss Hope-Doeg is one of the promi- nent society belles of Santa Barbara. Mr. and Mrs. Duncombe will make their home in Victoria, B. C. On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Henry Ell- zalde and Miss Stella Trussel were united in marriage at the Parochial Church by Rev. Father Ferrer. Mr. Ellzalde belongs to one of the old Span- ish families of Santa Barbara, and is held in the highest esteem by all. At present he is an attaché of the firm of H. F. Maguire. Miss Trussel is the daughter of the late Capt. Trussel, and a most charming young lady. The bridal couple will be at home to their friends at their residence on Haley street.

A number of Mound City residents spent a delightful evening, January 10, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Melville, prominent musical people in Redlands. The host and hostess, assisted by Mrs. J. W. David, was attended by a number of ladies from neighboring towns, as well as Colton. SANTA BARBARA. The ball Friday night at the Arlington Hotel in honor of Admiral Beards- lee and the officers of the United States flagship Philadelphia was a splendid success. Two hundred and fifty couples graced the fine, large dining-room of the hotel. Bunting festooned the ceiling, potted plants and flowers em- bellished each nook and corner of the room, while "Old Glory" met the eye at every turn. The decorations, the beautiful women in fine attire and the officers in uniform made a picture pretty to behold. Fourteen numbers were upon the programme, the music being rendered by the Arlington or- chestra, which was hidden amid plants and Japanese screens. At 11 o'clock

Great Consignment Clearing Sales

For Women.

Laird Schober and Mitchell's
and E. P. Reed's fine Ladies'
Shoes, and other fine makes,
low cut, G. D. widths and 2 to 4
sizes, well worth \$4 and \$5;
now for

\$1.75.

Ladies' fine Shoes—4 styles,
low cut—7 styles, high cut—
all excellent quality,
sorted sizes, well worth \$4
and \$5; now for

\$2.50

Ladies' hand-turned Crooks
Oxgrees Shoes, something
very nice, square or pointed
toe, neat and new; regular
\$5 values, now for

\$3.75

Ladies' Patent Leather and
Vic Kid Shoes, with patent
leather tips, in stylish toes,
large assortment in both
kinds at

\$3.75

Of Women's Shoes Of Men's Shoes

What more Can we Say? It's a clearing away by the smallness of price of that immense consignment of Shoes for all, that were made for some one else, and which we secured at prices ruinous to the makers.

W. E. Cummings,

110 South Spring Street.

For Men.

Men's Calf Wt. weather
Shoes with cork soles, in both
congress and lace. Regular
\$5 shoes that now go for

\$3.50

Men's Calf Shoes, in congress
or lace with heavy soles and
extraordinary wearing qual-
ities, good value at \$5; now
at

\$3.50

Men's fine Calf Shoes, 5 styles
with square, round or point-
ed toe in congress or lace,
worth \$5; now

\$2.25

Men's clean cut, serviceable
and stylish shoes, in con-
gress or lace. They look like
a regular \$5 shoe; for

\$1.50

Schiffman is the name—only 50 cents a tooth.

Schiffman is the name—only 50 cents a tooth.

TEETH Extracted Without Pain.

Teeth Extra cted POSITIVELY AND ABSOLUTELY Without Pain.



NOTHING INHALED—No gas, no chloro-
form, no ether, and above all, no cocaine
used, which is dangerous. From one to a
whole set of teeth extracted at a sitting
without a particle of pain, danger or bad
effects, making the task one of pleasure,
rather than one of dread. The only safe
method for elderly people and persons
in delicate health. You do not have to
"take something and run the risk."

Only 50c a Tooth.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO.
Rooms 22-24-26-28, Schumacher Block,
107 North Spring street.

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NOTHING INHALED—No gas, no chloro-
form, no ether, and above all, no cocaine
used, which is dangerous. From one to a
whole set of teeth extracted at a sitting
without a particle of pain, danger or bad
effects, making the task one of pleasure,
rather than one of dread. The only safe
method for elderly people and persons
in delicate health. You do not have to
"take something and run the risk."

Only 50c a Tooth.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO.
Rooms 22-24-26-28, Schumacher Block,
107 North Spring street.

Beautiful Sets of Teeth on Rubber or Celluloid, ranging in price from \$5 up.

People from abroad can come in the morning and wear their teeth home the same day.

Temporary sets, which look well and can be worn with comfort, inserted in a few hours after teeth have been extracted.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL COMPANY,

Rooms 22 to 26,
Schumacher Block,
107 North Spring Street.

Schiffman is the name—only 50 cents a tooth.

Schiffman is the name—only 50 cents a tooth.

CAUGHT IN COG WHEELS.

An Employee Badly Hurt at a Meat Market.

George Brown, an employe of the meat market, corner of Third and Spring streets, while preparing to leave for home Friday evening, got the flap of his overcoat caught in the cog-wheels of an electric motor. He was dragged into the machinery and in endeavoring to save himself, seized a lever set-screw which the violence of his fall drove into the palm of his hand.

His back coming in contact with the motor, was badly burned, and had not the thick overcoat jammed the cog-wheels and so stopped the machinery, he would undoubtedly have been killed. As it was it took skilled men over half an hour to extricate him, his clothes being literally torn from his back, and the set-screw lever having got so firmly fixed in the bones and tendons of his hand that the lever had to be sawed off. Brown, although badly hurt, was able to be about yesterday.

Arbor Vitae Rebekah Lodge.
At the I.O.O.F. building, No. 2294, South Main street, Tuesday evening, January 14, Fraternity Hall was filled

to its utmost capacity to witness the installation of the officers of Arbor Vitae Rebekah Lodge, No. 83, for the ensuing term. Only members of the order were admitted. The following officers were installed by Fannie Benjamin, D. D. G. M.: Noble grand, Lorena Muratt; vice-grand, Augusta Reicher; recording secretary, Annie Duffon; financial secretary, Therese Burkhardt; treasurer, Ellen Cobb; war-den, Lizzie Baker; conductor, Lottie Kimball; chaplain, Annie Clausen; I. S. G., Lizzie Crow; O. S. G., J. F. Boyle; R. S. N. G., E. P. Pettibone; L. S. N. G., Maud Carnes; R. S. V. G., Annie Liddell; L. S. V. G., Josie Bonner. The grand officers were as follows: Miss Fannie Benjamin, grand master; Mrs. W. A. Lathrop, grand marshal; Mrs. Parker, grand warden; Mrs. O. F. Peeler, grand secretary; Mrs. Annie Liddell, grand financial secretary; Mrs. Holst, grand treasurer. Reports to the grand officers were Sisters M. A. Wright, M. E. Patten, Annie Fitzpatrick, J. Sturgeon, Lydia Gingers. The beginning of the year finds this, the oldest Rebekah Lodge in the city, in a very prosperous condition, both in membership and in finances. Visiting brothers and sisters cordially invited.

THE POLICE COURT.

Theodore Redagar Fined for not Eating Soup.

Theodore Redagar went on a tear in Dogtown the other day and, after regaling himself with beer at Theodore Timm's bar, he demanded something to eat. Timm keeps a restaurant in connection with his saloon and sent Redagar to the dining-room. The fare was not good enough for him and he refused to eat what was set before him. When Mrs. Timm brought him a plate of soup, he kicked it over, and when she remonstrated, he slapped her. While Timm was telephoning for a policeman Redagar got after him, but Detective Robbins and Benedict came to the rescue and sent Redagar to the station. Justice Owens yesterday sentenced him to twenty days' imprisonment.

John Higgins, a chronic drunk, who had been out of the chain-gang but a few days, was sent back for twenty days yesterday by Justice Owens. Higgins was sentenced for battery some time ago for striking an old Frenchman who refused to give him money. Mike McQuade got 100 days for vagrancy. Fred Bogan, the prizefighter, forfeited his bail of \$10 by not appearing

for trial on the charge of disturbing the peace.

The complaint against Ed Schnabel for disturbing the peace was dismissed for lack of evidence. Tommy Schuck, the boy who stole rugs and pictures from his employer, got a sixty-days' sentence. Basilio Salas, a tool thief, got a 150-days' sentence. John Simms, a gum-boot thief, was held in \$1000 bail for petty larceny on a prior conviction. John Wilson, his pal, pleaded not guilty and will be tried on Monday. Wilson Webb, a boy whose thirst for literature was so strong that he borrowed a book without asking the owner's permission, was dismissed, no complaint for petty larceny having been filed. Rose Solicite, a cyprina, who "sassed" Police Officer Collins last December, was fined \$15 for disturbing the peace.

Threatened to Shoot.
H. O. Gilmore, an inebriated individual, was assisted at 10 o'clock last evening in a saloon on Third street, for threatening to shoot the driver of a will wagon, and announcing himself as the best man in California. On being searched a six-shooter was found in his hip pocket. This is the second

time that Gilmore has been arrested for the same offense, on the last previous occasion attempting to shoot Officer Richardson.

Leigon of Honor.
T. T. Jones, district deputy grand commander, installed the newly-elected officers of Safety Council, No. 664, American Legion of Honor, on Saturday evening, January 11, assisted by R. S. Whitesell, as grand guide, and those of Good Will Council, No. 629, on last Tuesday evening. Grand Vice-Commander C. G. Willman acting as grand guide. At both meetings interesting addresses were made by the grand officers, and other members present. The following are the lists of the officers installed: Safety Council, No. 664—Commander, D. D. L. Quinn; vice-commander, J. J. T. Johansen; orator, J. F. Fozmir; past commander, August Roth; secretary and collector, John Spiers; treasurer, T. E. Stanton; chaplain, L. A. Pulver; guide, A. Roth; warden, A. Sarnow. Good Will Council, No. 629—Commander, Mrs. P. E. Williams, vice-commander, Dr. R. W. Morris; orator, E. C. Beals; past commander, E. V. Jones; secretary, C. E. Bollinger; collector, T. T. Jones; treasurer, C. C. Gibbons; chaplain, Mrs. W. E. Rutley; guide, L. A. Heisler; warden, J. W. Loy; sentry, R. S.

Whitesell; trustees, C. G. Willman, R. S. Whitesell and H. C. Reber; medical examiner, Dr. E. A. Clarke.

ELECTRICITY
In its Constructive and Destructive Application to the Hair.
Electricity is both life-giving and death-giving, according to the process of administration. In its constructive form we apply it successfully in preventing the hair from falling out, and stimulating a new growth. It is especially recommended when the hair drops out from nervous exhaustion or a sluggish condition of the scalp. We also remove wrinkles and "crow's feet" by building up the facial tissues. In its destructive form we apply it with great success in removing unsightly growths of hair from ladies' faces, by killing the roots, and dissolving the bulb. Also moles, naevus and liver spots removed with the electric needle. Leading toilet parlors, Imperial Hair Bazaar, Nos. 224-226 West Second street.
EUCALOLINE has never yet failed in the cure of piles. Try it.
"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a simple and convenient remedy for bronchial affections and coughs. Carry them in your pocket.

DEATH RECORD.

BRIDGE—In this city, January 16, 1896, Rush V. Bridge, only son of the late John I. Bridge, aged 46 years. Funeral from family residence, No. 823 South Bonnie Bras street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited.
FOSS—At his residence, No. 315 South Bunker Hill avenue, January 18, at 8:30 a.m., William Foss, a native of Germany, aged 64 years 9 months and 12 days. Funeral from residence at 2 p.m. today.
FOL ALONG LINE—BRUCKNER—in this city, January 16, 1896, Casper Bruckner, a native of Germany, aged 40 years. Friends invited to attend the funeral today (Sunday) at 2 p.m. from the parlors of Orr & Hines, No. 147 North Spring street. All Odd Fellows are requested to meet at Odd Fellows Hall at 1:30 o'clock to attend the funeral of our late brother. By order of General Relief Committee. PHIL ROYER, Secretary.
MOREHOUSE—Friday evening, January 17, 1896, at No. 430 West Colorado street, Pasadena, Mrs. Morehouse, wife of C. F. Morehouse, Remains will be taken east for burial GIFFORD—in this city, Angela Gladys, daughter of Charles and Edith Gifford. Funeral from C. D. Hovey's undertaking establishment today at 2:30 o'clock. Friends invited.
MOURNING hats and bonnets sent. No charge to customers. Reibel's, 219 S. Spring.
NEW SEWING MACHINE for rent, \$3 per month. No. 467 South Broadway.

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 19, 1896.

GIBBONS AND TALMAGE.

CHATS WITH TWO GREAT DIVINES ON LIVE RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

Cardinal Gibbons Hopes for a Universal Catholicism—He Answers the Question Are Catholic Priests Hypocrites? and Tells Why They Should Do Better Work Than Protestant Preachers—He Discusses the Sunday Question and Other Matters.

Dr. Talmage Predicts a Universal Christianity—Gives the Results of His Travels Among the Missionaries of the World and Discusses Free Thought at Home—Pills Wanted Rather Than Philosophy.
Cardinal Gibbons and the Smallpox Patient.

months ago. A continental journalist turned up in Constantinople, at one time had a long interview with the Sultan, left again immediately with £500 and a Turkish order, and his journal—of the most influential in Europe—published a long article pooh-poohing the Armenian massacre and praising to the skies the Sultan's benevolent rule. The French press is regularly bribed by the Turkish Embassy in Paris, just as is by M. Blanc, the director of the Casino at Monte Carlo.

dered also speechless in earliest childhood. These are the people of the dagger, the pillow, the bowstring and the swift-running river. In the old centuries, when the foreign ambassadors came to the city, they were greeted with the cry "Let the dogs come and be fed." a cannon boomed from Seraglio battlements and the strangled cries of the victims of disfigurement were flung into the Bosphorus. No cannon nowadays announces the tragedies of the Palace of the Sultans. In Constantinople there are no dungeons there and they have been fully laid. Men told in whispers in Constantinople that there has been bowstring there in a single night. And any Turk who trusts you can tell you of a score of men who have faced the gallows and to Yildiz and never seen again. Within its walls live the ex-Sultan Murad whom the Young Turkey, or Constitutionalists, deposed from the throne; and the white-faced son of Abdul Aziz and his ravishing Circassian. These knew well that the moment the Young Turkey should take the cve of deposition will be their last. They are cut off entirely from the outside world, and never a door opens before them but a door of iron and a horrible inarticulate yelp of the mute

THE SULTAN, ABD-UL-HAMID II.

timopie. Kiamli Pasha had not been able to secure an audience for many days. He had written to the palace, sent in written reports, but kept waiting several hours, and then dismissed with a contemptuous wave of the hand. He would not see him. It must be borne in mind that when previously ministers of state, gathered in council at the palace, the Ottoman government in Stamboul, used to exercise real powers, the Sultan acting under the influence of his advisers. Now the reins of authority entirely into the hands of the Sultan, and he and his own hands and today most of the ministers are the merest figureheads, he is not even consulted in the most important affairs than any readers of the lines. They are appointed and dismissed in accordance with petty personal considerations, and are to be dismissed in the eyes of Europe. A set of wags might do their work. The Sultan does everything himself, and he has been so for many one day deeply immersed in a voluminous document, a few days afterward he had the opportunity to see him. He was in the office of Nozim Pasha, Minister of Police. It was the official report upon a scuffle that had taken place in a public place, and he was reading it. The shadow of God was giving him of his time to a miserable incident in London or New York. The police officer would have dismissed in minutes.

[illegible]

THE SULTAN'S FOUR COUNSELS.
LORS.

There are four people in the Sultan's empire with whom the Sultan consults. They are, first, Osman Pasha, of whom I have already spoken, who sits in the same carriage with the minister when the latter is driven every Friday's Selamlik, 200 yards for the prince gate to the private moor for a prayer, while 5000 troops fill the streets all around and rend the air with two savage simoniacs, the first is Husein Bey, second is Husein Pasha, Minister of Marine, who shared with the Sultan the peculiarities which have reduced the once fine Turkish fleet to a mass of rusting iron

A Little observation will show, however, that the front wheel of the bicycle, like the wheels further back, has a rear one, and hence, if a bicycle is to be accurate, the front wheel's record of the distance covered would be somewhat more close to the truth. Besides, every time the bicycle is taken in or out of the garage or storeroom the front wheel is added to the trifling, to be sure, but still enough to amount to something, the course of a whole season. A wise man using a cyclometer cannot, of course, allow a bicycle to be used for a long time without desiring to keep his record accurately; but some of the cyclometers are so arranged that it requires

The third is his own body servavau, a man of the lowest extraction, a former slave of his master, who is a creature of the profoundest ignorance and fanaticism. And the two last are so far more influential than the two in the preceding rank, that they are called "His Excellency, Terey Agha, Eunuch." There is nobody else in the whole Turkish empire who counts more than these two. The first is always saying that he is the most respected object in human shape that I ever see my eyes upon. On Friday morning he is the last person to depart before the Sultan arrives. The second incline from the gates of Yildiz to the barracks, and he is followed and crowded with troops in a dozen pique uniforms, squadrons of caucase block every approach, brilliant and rigid groups, the clash and clang of dozen military bands has sudden ceased. In the reception pavilion, the guests are seated in the center, and the favored guests at another; the roadway has been sprinkled with evergreen boughs, and the most of the carpet has been removed, only a few spots being left by a long broom, and the gathering is petrified in spectacular silence. The Sultan, in a black and figure emerges, dressed in a

very little trouble to adjust them to the new resistances. However, having to remove them from the wheel.

Food for His Brain.
(San Bernardino Times-Index.)—The black cat flourishes at the Third-st. grocery of A. M. Ham. It has a good appetite for eggs, and the amount of scheming indulged in by that feline brain to procure the same is not far removed from the scheming in other stores, the cases were kept on the floor, and those days they were an easy matter to get at. The black cat, however, kept up the cases did likewise, and are kept on a high shelf in the rear of the store.

One that only suggested a lesson of labor for the cat, and now, by a single motion, he secures the egg he craves. The scheme is simple, the cat thinks that the shell must be broken by the meat is available, and the cat now climbs up to the cases, with the egg in its mouth. The cat then carefully raises an egg to the shelf. Instead of trying to break the egg there, he simply drops it to the floor. The fall breaks the egg, and the clerk at will. The proprietor and his clerk are divided in opinion as to whether the fall breaks the egg, or the clerk or kill the cat, but the eggs are

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—I give you two interviews which I have just had with two of the greatest leaders of religious thought in the United States. I refer to His Eminence, James Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore and the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage of Washington. Cardinal Gibbons is the broadest and the biggest man in the Catholic church. Dr. Talmage is the broadest and one of the greatest of the Protestants. My place in the interviews was in the dining place in the cardinal's house at Baltimore. This is a big gray-stone building of many rooms, situated in the heart of the city, just back of the cathedral. Passing up wide stone steps to

a patriotic American, and no one can talk with him without being impressed by the humanity and brotherly love which shows out in his features. Our talk was more of a chat than a set interview, and I give it much as it occurred.

A UNIVERSAL RELIGION.
My first question was as to whether His Eminence thought there would ever be a universal religion.
He replied: "I hope so, but when I will come I cannot say. The world is becoming more Christianlike every day, and we are, I hope, gradually nearing the time when there will be a universal Christianity."
I here asked whether he thought that this universal religion would be the



JAMES, CARDINAL GIBBONS.
(From copyrighted photograph by Bachrach & Bro., Baltimore, by permission.)

the front door, you press an electric button. The door opens and you are confronted by a negro boy of ginger hair, dressed in a white tunic and sandals, who holds a silver platter and carries it in to the cardinal. In the mean time he directs you to one of the audience parlors and you wait your turn. Cardinal Gibbons is the head of the Catholic church in the United States. He has many clerics, and his reception days bring crowds almost equal to those of the President at the White House. On the day of my appointment, and, after a few moments, I heard the swish of the skirts which announced the approach of the cardinal. He was dressed in a gold and red robe, and carried a crozier, which fell from his neck to his feet. A skull cap of bright red covered the crown of his head, and upon his waist he wore a sword. In his right hand, he wore the great sapphire ring which is one of the emblems of

Catholic religion. He replied with the same answer, "I hope so;" and in response to my questions gave me the reasons of the wonderful growth of Catholic religion in the "Old country." I believe the Catholic religion is the best of all religions. It is adapted to all the needs of mankind and man. It is fitted for the elevation of his soul and the elevation of his race. It is fitted for the satisfaction of all his spiritual wants. It is fitted for the poor as well as the rich. We welcome the poor as fully as the rich. There is no difference and there is no difference in the treatment of them in the church. They kneel at the same confessional, say the same prayers, are on the same footing in the church. I do not want to say that there is not much good in the Protestant religion, but I think that nearly every other church is lagging in some particular. The Catholic church is complete. It has the



T. DE WITTE TALMAGE IN 1896.
(From a recent photograph, never before published.)

clerical rank. He offered me his hand and led me to a seat near the window. As he talked I had a good chance to observe his features. Cardinal Bona has a very strong face. His forehead is high and narrow, reminding you somewhat of some of the pictures of Napoleon Bonaparte, taken during his boyhood. His eyes are blue and kindly, his nose large and straggling and his mouth strong, but gentle. His chin is slender, rather than portly, and his form is the personification of nerve and activity. He is now 51 years old, but he does not look to be more than 40. He is a man of ideas and is full of ideas. He is a practical common-sense, a

elements of all others and it is laid out in nothing. These are some of the reasons of its permanency and growth."

Upon my saying that there was some difference even among Catholics as to their belief, the cardinal said:

"I do not know that there should be differences of belief as to religious matters. Of course, the main principles of Christianity are the same, but long as men have different minds there will be different theories as to the application of the principles. Catholics, as to the lines of policy for the management of churches and so on."

interpretation of certain parts of the
scripture."

ARE CATHOLIC PRIESTS HYPOCRITES?

The conversation here turned to the great strides lately made by the Catholic church in America, and as to the earnest work done by the priests whereupon I asked:

"Your silence, there is one question I would like to put to you—not for information, for I think on that ground the question would be both a foolish and an insulting one—but on the ground that many illiberal Protestants believe otherwise. The question is: Are a well-educated Catholics honest? Are your priests honest in their acceptance of all the truths of your church? Do you people believe what you preach?"

"In other words," replied Cardinal Gibbons, "you want me to answer this question as to whether Catholic priests

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A STORY OF CARDINAL GIBBON

A Cardinal Gibbons said this, "I mind went back over his career, and I saw an incident in it which shows that he was a man of courage and that in the past he has had the courage of his convictions. It was when he was a young man, he was a young cardinal. It was as he was a humble priest in a country parish near Baltimore. Smallpox had broken out there, and he was the only priest in the town who was able had fled from the disease. One poor old negro who had the disease lay in bed, and he was almost deserted by his friends and family, and he had left him neither food nor medicine. This young priest heard of the case and he went to the bedside of the negro's side he remained with him until he died. Then the question came as to what to do with the body. It would raise a hand at the risk of life to aid in carrying the corpse to the funeral. He decided to leave it alone with the dead. It did not take him long to make up his mind. He determined to be undertaken as well as made up his mind to do it. He placed the body in it, and in so many way or other dragged it to the grave. The next morning he was told of the last rites of the church over it and he buried it, and then went on with his life."

WHY CATHOLIC PRIESTS SHOULD
DO MORE THAN PROTESTANT
PREACHERS

As I thought of this, I realized that this man's ideal of a Christian was higher than that of many of the religious men I have known. I wondered if there were many of his kind in the church, and I asked him if he thought that Catholic priests were really of more value in their work

[illegible][illegible]

THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

The conversation here turned to Sunday question, and I asked the dinal as to whether he was in favor of the European custom of closing the shops on Sunday. He replied that he was in favor of Sunday observance, but that ideal Sunday was not the Puritanical Sunday of the European. He thought it was the closing of the shops at kinds of business on Sunday. I think it is a blessing for Baltimore for our city to have no compulsory. I think all kinds of should be stopped on that day. We shall never have the European American Sunday, but I think the day of religious rest, but it also a day for innocent recreation. I don't think it wrong for a man to be working with his family in the afternoon, nor to take a walk in the fields. I think that it should be of cheerfulness without dissipation. I think the enjoyment should be sad and melancholy. The Puritan Sunday too far, and the Ideal Sunday

Cardinal Gibbons has the bro

ideas as regards capital and labor believes in labor organizations. He frowns upon the walking delegate system, which he says "tends to divide between the capitalist and the worker an enemy to social order. He many times had great influence among the laboring classes in this country, and has done much to promote harmonious differences which exist between them and their employers. He is an ardent American, thoroughly believing in the separation in this country of church and state, and an enthusiastic supporter on all occasions.

DR. TALMAGE ON WORLD-CHRISTIANITY.

It was at the close of one of Dr. Talmage's lectures on his trip around

Farrer's Mother.
(Exchange). "My mother's haberdashery and I have been in business day, immediately after breakfast withdraw for one hour to her own room and to spend that hour in reading the Bible and meditating on its truths; that hour, as from a pure fountain, drew the strength which enabled her to meet all her duties and to remain untroubled by all the worries and fatigues which are so often the inseparable trial of narrow neighborhoods. Christian lady, I never saw her so much perturbed; I never saw her in one word of anger or calumny, or idle gossip; I never observed in her a single sign of the morose and morose to a soul which had drunk of the water of life, and which had made the martyr's blood its dress. The world is the barren waste passage of such souls across its surfs. They may seem to be as much forger as the drops of rain which fall on the barren sea, but each drop adds to the volume of refreshing and purifying rain. The refreshing of the world is its nameless saint. The world is nothing, but a thousand scattered seeds of life. The night is the night, and make it be a night."

[illegible]

MANY PULPIT VOICES.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT AND PROGRESS IN THE UNITED STATES.

An Epitome of the Sermons of the Week, Delivered by Leading Clergymen, Priests, Prelates, Religious Teachers and Professors of the Christian Faith.

ham, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PUR TALK. The talk of war between the Armenian and Turkish nations are being massacred day by the Turks is shameful. America and England should be working together to stop the Turkish but it is not the duty of that these two great nations threaten one another, and by so doing making further massacre in the East.

Jeremiah Zimmerman
Syracuse, N. Y.

THE ARMENIANS. The Sultan has been ordered to send by the status of thousands of people, the innocent Armenians. Let us pray Almighty God, not only in our prayers but also in our actions, that He will not allow the Christian nations of Europe to rescue Armenians from further desolation and death.

**John F. Adams, Presbyter-
terian, Brooklyn, N. Y.**

PERSONAL RELIGION. Christianity is not an abstract philosophy, a system of ideas, but a life lived before and above all a personal religion. The claim which Jesus Christ made for himself was that he was the world's savior, which, if valid,

(John Wesley:) Settle it in your heart that it is the sum of all your business and blessedness to live to God.

(Edersheim:) Prayer is to lay our inner man wholly open to the light of God in genuine, earnest simplicity, to which quite shone through by Him.

A new statue of Gen. Grant is to be erected in the square fronting the Union League Club in Brooklyn, and to be unveiled on the next anniversary of his birth, April 27, 1896.

Tinkering = Druggists

Are those few druggists who are trying to foist a cheap, poor substitute for the California remedy, JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSA-PARILLA.

When you ask for JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA, take nothing else. Don't be tinkered.

JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA is good for the Liver, the

Kidneys and the Bowels. You will feel relieved in a day. TAKE IT NOW.

JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA
will bring to your cheek the pink of health, the roses of life. It cleanses the blood.



JOY'S
JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA


It acts on the bowels gently. There are no griping pains, no nauseating feelings. Women who wish to be regular should use Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. It is a bowel regulator.

JOYS




CATARRH FOLLOWS IN THE WAKE
of a cold in the head. When you
suffer from Catarrh put your system in
good condition, and this you can do

with Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla.



JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA
can be used by old or young. Take
it moderately. Remember, that mod-
eration in everything tends to longevity



JOY'S

SUBSTITUTES ARE A SPECIES OF
fraud. When you ask for Joy's
Vegetable Sarsaparilla, and the clerk
 offers something just as good, walk
 away from him, there are other
 stores.

GRANT'S CAMPAIGN.

Incidents from the Memories of Missouri Veterans.

The March Against Harris's Home Guard.

How Grant Got a Fine Saddle Horse. How He Quieted a Suffering Child—Entertaining Confederate Sympathizers.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

Comparatively few, even among close students of Gen. Grant's career, are well informed concerning the great commander's first campaign in the civil war. His own memories regarding it are partly detailed in his book, and gray-haired residents of Monroe and Shelby counties, Missouri, yet tell how the young colonel at the head of his "wild regiment" marched through their country and showed how a military officer, even though he wore the blue, could respect civil law and the rights of the people.

Gen. Grant went to Missouri after Gov. Jackson had threatened to tear

whacker in that section of the State. Owen himself was in hiding and it had been reported that all the water and milk on the place had been poisoned for the benefit of the Federal invaders. The only human being found on the place was an old negro and the soldiers, who were exceedingly dry after their march in the July sun, at once set her to work supplying their wants. With cocked revolvers they compelled her to drink milk with each of them, and when she had imbibed some four or five gallons and was duly miserable, Catlett said to her:

"Auntie, we want Mr. Owen's horse that is tied down in the woods."

"Land a Massy!" ejaculated the frightened negro, "who done told you Massa Owen's horse was tied back ob de spring house?"

The soldier was not slow in availing himself of the information he had thus slyly wrung from the old darky woman, and while his companions were content to pick up stray plugs and mules from the neighboring pastures Catlett rode into Monroe on John Owen's blooded saddle.

The horses, fifteen in number, were tied to the rack in front of the seminary and Col. Grant, who was a good judge of horseflesh, surveyed them a moment in silence. Summoning his adjutant, he said, "Lead that bay horse to my tent." Catlett's heart sank as he saw his prize led away by the order of a superior officer.

At Pittsburgh Landing, the evening before Shiloh, the two men met again. Catlett, who was now a captain under Sherman, was discussing the beginning of the war in Missouri. "General," he

should be touched. However, one of the soldiers, as he stooped to fill a gourd, asked Greening in a whisper if he might have an apple. Being answered in the affirmative, the soldier reached up to pluck the fruit that caused the fall in Eden, when he observed the glistening barrel of a rifle leveled upon him.

"Drop that apple!" thundered the guard.

But he said I might have it," the soldier protested.

"Makes no difference what he said," the guard replied. "I have orders to shoot the first man that touches an apple."

The July sun was setting when the advance guard reached the summit of the hill that commands a view of the enemy's camp. The awful responsibility of his position at the moment carried Grant's heart into his mouth. He had never before been in command, and he longed for some one to issue the orders, but, with the determination of necessity, he spurred his horse on and rode to the head of his regiment. Before him lay spread out the picturesque valley of Salt River, but where was the foe?

An old red wagon and the ashes of a campfire, alone in a spot where Brig.-Gen. Harris and his rebel hosts had been encamped. Blankly Grant gazed on the deserted valley, when the thought occurred to him that Harris had taken flight at his approach and had run away from him.

A MEMORIAL BREAKFAST.

Meanwhile, the news had been carried into Florida that a force of Union soldiers had encamped on the banks of Salt River. In all that town there was but one Union man, Dr. James Goodier, an Englishman by birth, and he at once proceeded to the camp. After an exchange of courtesies, he invited the colonel to his home to supper. Grant declined with thanks, but said he would present himself with his adjutant next morning in time for breakfast.

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LONGEVITY IN "OUR ITALY."

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

"Which of you by taking thought can add one cubit unto his stature?" And which of you dwellers in the frozen East, by taking thought, may not add years unto his life, whether it be more or less than the allotted three score and ten, by exchanging your ice and snow, and cold, bleak winds for the sunshine, flowers and balmy breezes of Southern California? Scientific men who have made a study of the subject agree that this can be done. But it does not need the statement of a scientific man to convince us that life may be prolonged in a land where it is possible to live out of doors nearly the entire year. Observant travelers to California in the early days, before the country was settled by the whites, frequently mentioned the beauty and symmetry of the native women and the fine physique and endurance of the men. In fact, not only does the climate induce longevity, but it tends to enlarge the chest, improve the physique, and give endurance.

A short time ago I called upon a living example of the longevous quality of our climate in the person of Don Francisco Garcia, who is 114 years old. Don Garcia was baptized when but three days old in the church of San José de Gracia on the 4th day of May, 1781. This old man may be seen daily walking about the streets of Los Angeles, and he will tell you that he is well. And this is but one of many cases of advanced age among the natives. There were Rosa, 126 years old; Juana, who was 116 years of age, and the youngest, Maria Antonia, 106 years old. Chief Cabazon, of the Cahulla Indians, died in 1848 at the advanced age of 140 years. When Father Ubach took charge of the San Diego Mission, founded in 1769, he met a number of Indians who had assisted at the building of the mission, and many of whom were living within the last twenty years.

Dr. Edward Palmer, who was long connected with the Agricultural Department of the Smithsonian Institution, has a photograph of an Indian woman 126 years old, and once, when he visited her, he saw her put six watermelons in a basket, and carry it on her back for two miles. Dr. P. C. Remondino has a photograph of another old Indian, who lived at the Santa Ana mission in Lower California, and who was 140 years of age. Although blind, he daily gathered driftwood along the creeks. The list might be carried on indefinitely, but there are undoubtedly many natives, extremely old, who do not know their ages.

Not are these added years given necessarily to those who come here to grow up with the country. A great many people come here from the East to make their homes whose age brings



Vol. I.

LOS ANGELES, January 19, 1896.

No. 6.

Ye Red Letter

PUBLISHED BY
—THE—
LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.
—CITY—

Not entered at the Postoffice in Washington as fourth-class matter—we could afford to print nothing short of first-class.

A Good Impression

Can be made upon your friends by having your hall well furnished; it will be the first, it will be lasting. Our supply of Hall Furniture is unequalled for style and finish. It, like all the rest, has fallen under the lurid glare of the Red Letter Sale. Each article has been reduced with but one object—to sell it.

The small prices asked during this Red Letter Sale represent Cash. No one would ask credit at such prices as these.

FURNITURE FOR THE HALL.

Standing Racks.

Antique Oak Finish Racks, with mirror and brass umbrella stands, 6 ft. 6 in., for.....

\$6.25

Oak Racks, with beveled mirror and seat box for rubbers, elegant designs, for.....

\$7.50

Large size Oak Racks, with beveled mirror and seat box for rubbers, for.....

\$9.25

Oak Racks, with beveled mirrors, in variety of shapes, with seat box for rubbers, for.....

\$10

And so they go, from the small priced ones up to among those genuine Antique Originals, with leather upholstery and immense mirrors, that come as high as.....

\$65

Hanging Mirrors.

Handsome Hanging Hall Mirrors, for.....

\$6.50

Square Frame with square bevelled Mirrors.....

\$8.00

Square Frame with bevelled oval Mirror.....

\$9.00

Large Fancy Shapes, with bevelled Mirrors.....

\$12.00

Large Square and Fancy Shapes, with bevelled Mirrors.....

\$14.50

Extra Large Square, with bevelled Mirrors.....

\$13.00

Extra Large Fancy and Square, with bevelled Mirrors.....

\$13.00

A full and complete line of 20 different styles in the finest of French and German bevelled Plate that run up as high as.....

\$20.00

Los Angeles Furniture Co.
225-227-229 S. Broadway.



Mrs. Goeverywhere—"May I bring you a drink?"
Mrs. Goeverywhere—"If you can get Puritas—I cannot drink the city water, it is like taking poison."

Puritas Distilled Water, 5 gallons 50c, 10 gallons 75c, to any part of the city.

THE ICE AND COLD STORAGE CO. OF LOS ANGELES,

The Largest Ice and Refrigeration Plant on the Pacific Coast.

P. O. BOX 219.

TELEPHONE 228.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

The invention of Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., has, during the past thirty years, made a record in the cure of bronchitis, throat and lung diseases that fairly entitles it to out-rank all other advertised remedies for these affections. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing consumption of the lungs.

Not every case, but we believe

Fully 98 Per Cent.

of all cases of consumption, in all its earlier stages, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by Golden Medical Discovery were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who have seen and examined the patients in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time, in the cure of malnutrition, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn their experience.

Address for Book, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.



DR. TALCOTT & CO.

The Only Doctors in Southern California Treating

Every Form of Weakness

—AND—

DISEASES OF

MEN

EXCLUSIVELY.

To show our honesty, sincerity and ability, WE ARE WILLING TO WAIT FOR OUR FEE UNTIL CURE IS EFFECTED.

We will send free, securely sealed, a little book explaining our methods.

We have the largest practice on the Pacific Coast, treating Weaknesses and diseases of Men and Women.

Major Main and Third Sts., over Wells-Fargo & Co. Private side entrance on Third Street.

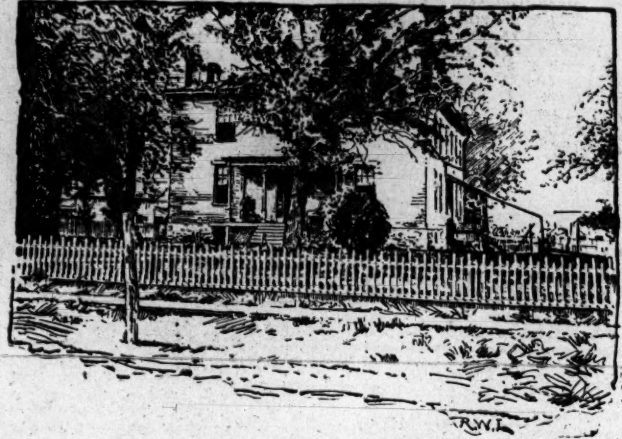
NILES PEASE, Closing-out Sale of All-wool Blankets.

Call and examine them. Prices way down.

337-339-341 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Ever Troubled with Your Eyes? Ever tried us? We have fitted glasses to thousands to their entire satisfaction. Why not give us a trial? We will satisfy you. Eyes tested free. Lowest prices. S. G. MARSHUTZ, Scientific Optician. 26 S. Spring St., opposite Stimson Block. Established here nine years. Look for the Crown on the window.

Look for the Crown on the window.



MONROE CITY SEMINARY, IN WHICH THE UNION TROOPS WERE BARRICADED.

up the "Yankee railroad" as the Hannibal and St. Joe was termed. This was the first line of road to connect the east with the great western plains. Its projectors, finding it impossible to raise money for its construction otherwise, had appealed to the government and had received a land grant of 90,000 acres. In return for this a clause had been inserted in its charter, providing that in time of war the road should be at the disposal of the Federal government. Gov. Jackson's threat had caused the railroad company's officers to appeal in person to President Lincoln for military protection. In response, Mr. Lincoln ordered Col. Robert F. Smith, with the Sixteenth Illinois Volunteers, to Hannibal to protect the railroad and other government property.

By a daring stroke Gen. Lyon, in connection with Frank P. Blair, had saved the arsenal at St. Louis from Jackson, who had attempted to seize it. Immediately afterward, although as a State Missouri decided to be neutral, and its people, in the February convention, had declared against leaving the Union, the sleeping fires of revolt blazed up all over the State. The strategic point of North Missouri lay in Shelby and Monroe counties, where the three forks of the Salt River pass between precipitous banks of alluvial rock. On the banks of Middle Fork, in an almost impregnable retreat, the Confederate general, Harris, established a recruiting camp, and thither companies of Missouri's "home guard" were flocking when Gen. Lyon, early in July ordered Col. Smith to break up the camp. Smith was a bungler at best, and in so treacherous a country, with a foe who knew every foot of the ground, he soon found that the faster he retreated from Salt River the better it would be for him. At Monroe City he entrenched himself in the seminary building and there endured a two days' siege, while the surrounding country swarmed with those who had cast in their lot with the Confederate cause. The news of the siege was telegraphed to Washington, and both Grant and Palmer were ordered to the rescue. At that time Grant, then colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois Infantry, was encamped on the Illinois River waiting for a steamer, that was grounded on a sandbar, to convey his regiment to St. Louis.

He proceeded at once to Quincy and thence over the Hannibal and St. Joseph road to the scene of battle; but when he arrived there on the afternoon of July 13, the sport was all over. Gov. Wood and Col. Palmer had both preceded him and had put the Confederate forces to flight. On this point Grant, in his autobiography, makes the same error that is made by other historians who have written of the war in Missouri; but it is not surprising that the more weighty achievements of his brilliant career should have effaced the details

of his first expedition from the general's memory.

HOW MR. OWEN LOST HIS HORSE. However, there was work enough to keep Col. Grant in the State. While Col. Smith's men were "holed up" in the seminary building, a party of bushwhackers had burned the railroad bridge over the North Fork of Salt River to prevent the transporting of troops from the west, and to this point Grant, with the Twenty-first Illinois Infantry, was ordered. While the colonel was preparing to move his men to Hunnewell, Capt. Catlett, then a private in the Sixteenth Illinois Regiment, with fifteen comrades, proceeded, under orders from Col. Smith, to the farm of John Owens, the best-known bush-



THE HOUSE WHERE GRANT TOOK BREAKFAST, FLORIDA, MO.

whacker and awoke the echoes among the hills. Trembling with fright, Greening clasped his hands in mute appeal to heaven for deliverance, as Grant and his adjutant rode up.

"Lord, Mister! spare a poor devil," the man stammered out. But Grant, in a most surprisingly mild tone, asked only that his men might quench their thirst at the farmer's well.

Greening's knees struck together and for a moment he was speechless with astonishment. Then he blurted out, "Lord a'mighty, yes! drink all the water in the well and take the well, too, if that is all you want."

The well stood in a little apple orchard, and Grant had given instructions to the guard that none of the fruit

should be touched. However, one of the soldiers, as he stooped to fill a gourd, asked Greening in a whisper if he might have an apple. Being answered in the affirmative, the soldier reached up to pluck the fruit that caused the fall in Eden, when he observed the glistening barrel of a rifle leveled upon him.

"Drop that apple!" thundered the guard.

But he said I might have it," the soldier protested.

"Makes no difference what he said," the guard replied. "I have orders to shoot the first man that touches an apple."

The July sun was setting when the advance guard reached the summit of the hill that commands a view of the enemy's camp. The awful responsibility of his position at the moment carried Grant's heart into his mouth. He had never before been in command, and he longed for some one to issue the orders, but, with the determination of necessity, he spurred his horse on and rode to the head of his regiment. Before him lay spread out the picturesque valley of Salt River, but where was the foe?

An old red wagon and the ashes of a campfire, alone in a spot where Brig.-Gen. Harris and his rebel hosts had been encamped. Blankly Grant gazed on the deserted valley, when the thought occurred to him that Harris had taken flight at his approach and had run away from him.

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Meanwhile, the news had been carried into Florida that a force of Union soldiers had encamped on the banks of Salt River. In all that town there was but one Union man, Dr. James Goodier, an Englishman by birth, and he at once proceeded to the camp. After an exchange of courtesies, he invited the colonel to his home to supper. Grant declined with thanks, but said he would present himself with his adjutant next morning in time for breakfast.

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WOMAN AT HOME

IN THE BOXES. SMART WOMEN IN THE OPERA AND THEATRE.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor, with Other Young Matrons of New York Society, are Setting the Example of Severe Simplicity.

(CONTRIBUTOR OF THE TIMES.) NEW YORK, Jan. 1, 1896.—A visit to the opera in these days of gorgeous stuffs and showy trimmings reveals much splendor that anything like a plain gown in one of the smart boxes is apt to attract attention from the mere force of contrast.

Such attention Mrs. John Jacob Astor brought about a few nights ago when in her dainty costume of pale green velvet, without a shred of trimming, she sat in her box at the Metropolitan Opera-house.



BROCADE AND VELVET DINNER GOWN. She sat in her box at the Metropolitan Opera-house.

ELEGANT SIMPLICITY. The model of this charming gown was a youthful round bodice, and a plain full skirt, that hung in godets at the side. The neck was cut square, and not too décolleté, and the short puff sleeves were small. At the bottom of these the material was drawn tightly around the arm, to the outside, as if tied; long, white suede gloves, wrinkling considerably at the upper portion meeting them.

With this enchanting simplicity a white spray of flowers, fastened with a round diamond brooch, in the hair, was on this occasion Mrs. Astor's only ornament, if one may except the superb bouquet of white carnations and roses. On another, however, with the same gown, a long brooch of diamonds and pearls, shaped into a true lover's knot, was added, with stunning effect to the front of the bodice.

CORRECT OPERA TOILETS. These pale velvet gowns, all in one tone, it is observed, are now much affected for opera wear by the prettiest women in the well set. For, of course, one must have more than a moderate share of good looks to stand the severity of simple lines. A single tone and no trimming. If trimming is used, it is in the form



IN THE ASTOR OPERA BOX.

only of fine laces, and is confined to the bodice, there hanging from a round or square neck in soft bertha, or else shaped in splendid revers and collars. WHEN WEARING JEWELS. If untrimmied, all the jeweled pins and brooches in possession are sometimes called into account, and are fastened close together in a glittering line across the bust. Pearl necklaces are also much seen, in three close rows, with diamond barrettes, and again in a long single string that is wound twice around the throat, the lower loop, in some cases, falling almost to the waist. Another necklace recently seen at the opera was very charming, and on investigation proved to be quite within the reach of modest folk. This was a single string of tiny seed pearls, that fitted close to the throat, and from which hung at intervals of an inch a variety of unset stones. The stones were boreal and strung through with a gold thread to hang pendant; great shapeless pearls forming the central drop. The other gems were colored and of a dozen kinds. This neck-

this a full ruff of white tulle falls becomingly.

EVENING BODICES.

Odd bodices are more than ever seen just now, and some of those sported at opera and theatre are very beautiful. They are worn with silk, satin and velvet skirts, and the skirts need not necessarily be always black. For example, a magnificent skirt of dark-red velvet, recently worn in a theater box, has a little round body of pale pink chiffon with trimmings of lace and white satin ribbon.

A skirt in a rich black peau de sole worn with a darling waist. This was also the baby shape so much affected nowadays, and that seems to carry with it always the suggestion of



A HIGH-NECKED DINNER GOWN.

youth, and was of white satin with short puff sleeves and a simple trimming of velvet in a brilliant electric green. A twist at the bottom of the sleeves, a narrow belt and one or two bows like a surplice, and the dress was complete. The bodice portion covered with scattered lace designs or rows of insertion applied on. One enchanting young lady in fact, had a dress of this kind, and she had gone to see Mrs. Yvette Guilbert to good purpose. Nothing could have been more becoming to her type than this adorable bodice.

A CHURCH LICH GATE.

A NEW OFFERING FOR WOMEN TO MAKE.

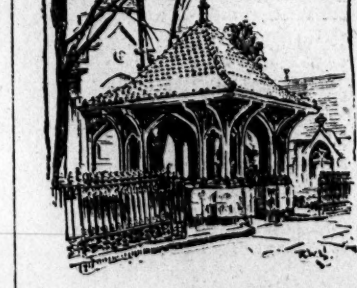
A Member of the Astor Family Has Just Given a Four-thousand-dollar Gate to the "Little Church Around the Corner."

(CONTRIBUTOR TO THE TIMES.) The pretty "little church around the corner"—the Transfiguration—has been the recipient of a number of gifts during the last year and at Christmas.

Most conspicuous among the number is the lich gate, probably the only one of its kind in this country, certainly the only one in New York. A lich gate is quite English, and as the Church of the Transfiguration, with its picturesque surroundings, always reminds one of a dear little English church, all it needed was a lich gate to complete the illusion.

The Rev. J. Houghton has been the rector of the church for nearly forty years, and he built the church—and a lich gate has been a hobby with him for some time. On a recent visit to England he saw a gate that seemed a model one. Therefore, when one of his parishioners—one of the members of the Astor family, by the way—proposed making a memorial which should also be a Christmas gift to the church, the lich gate was proposed.

It is built of brownstone and wood, all dark brown, to harmonize with the coloring of the church. The roof has somewhat the appearance of being thatched and moss-covered, and is surmounted by a gold cross. Within the gate are seats, a figure of Christ, a reading-desk upon which a Bible rests, and a drinking fountain, with appropriate texts here and there cut in the stone. The floor is of mosaic tiling.



THE LICH GATE.

There is space, nature to rest a coffin, the object for which a lich gate is designed, the word "lich" meaning a corpse. In Scotland one often hears the word "lichwake," meaning "the time or act of watching the dead."

When a coffin is taken from the hearse, if there is any delay in entering the church, it rests within the lich gate. This is also the case after leaving the church. The seats are intended for the pall-bearers.

Upon other occasions, the gate invites any passerby or wayfarer within to "rest awhile," and perchance to slake his thirst and then, once within the gate, it is but a step to the church, which always stands open from sunrise to sunset.

In regard to other gifts received by the Church of the Transfiguration—the gate, by the way, cost \$4000—about two years ago, at a charity communion service, a check for \$65,000 was given at the offertory by a lady of the parish. The money was spent to purchase the house adjoining the church on the east. It has been fitted up as a parish house with guild rooms, library and serving rooms, and has just been completed and blessed. It is a memorial of the daughter of the donor, who also gave a beautiful marble rectorial which was unveiled at the first service on Christmas day.

ELEANOR LEXINGTON.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula for a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all other ailments, has just completed a series of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men, and has decided to give away this recipe, free of charge, to all who desire it. The recipe is in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, this paper, W. A. Noyes, 239 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

VENEZUELAN WOMEN.

THEIR BEAUTY IS EXQUISITE AND EVANESCENT.

These Women of the Tropics Develop Rapidly, Marry Young, and in a Few Years are Bona, Fat and Lethargic.

(CONTRIBUTOR TO THE TIMES.) There is in the South American forests a flower, the night-blooming cereus—which, on a moonlight night, once a year, at the very crown of summer, suddenly opens a marvelous blossom, whiter than silver, more fragile than a dream.

Then all the forest is intoxicated with a perfumed breath that is sweeter than the spices of Paradise. For four or five short hours this wonderful flower hangs upon the vine in perfection, but with the first ray of light it droops and fades, and by the time the sun is up nothing remains of that miracle of the night but a mass of flabby brown petals.

TYPICAL OF VENEZUELAN WOMEN The fate of the flower is curiously emblematic of the life of the Venezuelan



A VENEZUELAN SERENADE.

women. At about the age of 17 they ripen into the most astonishing beauty. As a recent enthusiastic traveler declared, "they are almost too good to be true."

Their eyes are of the most lustrous darkness, their hair abundant, wavy and as brilliantly dark as their eyes. As a rule their teeth are white and very perfect. Their complexions are delicately and transparently lovely as the petals of the tropical night flower, and their figures are supple and slender as reeds. They are especially noted for their well-made feet and hands. It is not uncommon, either, to find them well dressed and with a great gift of tongues, speaking easily French, English and German, besides their native Spanish. The daughters of the wealthier families are usually sent to Paris for a few years "finishing" in a fashionable convent school, and they quickly acquire in the capital of fashion that grace and chic which is eminently Parisian.

MANY MARRY ABROAD.

Take altogether, the Venezuelan jeune fille, just home from France, is as captivating a creature as one can well imagine. Unfortunately for their beauty and charm the climate is absolutely destructive. Only the most energetic can keep up any regular exer-



FAIR AS A FOREST FLOWER.

cise, and without it in these tropical countries this lovely bloom of the life of the rarest flower.

It is entirely due to the climate that this is so, because in very many cases, when the girl is only the most beautiful dower, the parents arrange for her a marriage in Europe, and some of the most beautiful women of the continent are Venezuelans, who retain their beauty well on into middle age. If, however, their fate is to return to Venezuela they have only to resign themselves to an early flight of all their physical attractions.

EARLY MATING.

As a rule—and this rule is almost without exception—they are married before they attain the age of twenty. Indeed, the greater number of marriages are contracted before the girl has passed her eighteenth birthday. The modes of courtship are very like those of old Spain.

The Venezuelan houses are mostly of two stories. The first floor is upon the level of the street and leads straight into the central patio or courtyard. This story is given up to the offices

and servants' quarters, and is very low. The floor above contains the reception and bed-rooms and looks out upon the street only by means of a few grated windows, and here and there a tiny balcony. About sunset it is customary for the young swells to station themselves beneath these windows upon horseback and to play the guitar.

QUEER COURTSHIPS.

The first story being so low they are thus almost on a level with the balconies. The young men ride in the most picturesque fashion. Their horses are descendants of the original Spanish horses which were full of Arab blood, and have the same arching necks and abundant wavy manes and tails. They are usually cream color or piebald, and their bridles are of elaborately braided and colored horsehair with huge silver ornaments. The saddles are frequently lined with velvet, have high Mexican pumelas and are hung with leather tassels and bits of shining brass or silver. The riders are extremely well-trained and will stand as still as statues with arching neck and delicately poised feet, while their riders pay calls and compliments at the grated windows, from which look forth dark, brilliant eyes. Girls of the higher class are very strictly guarded. There are few balls or amusements, so that this twilight smiling through bars or from balconies is about the most exciting social experience of their day. A little of this



A VENEZUELAN SERENADE.

sort of thing gives them some idea of the possible parts of the place, and when one of the prancing cavaliers offers—through the medium of his parents—his hand and heart to some special pair of bright eyes, her impression of his attractions is usually such as she has been able to form through the grating of a window.

IN LATER LIFE.

Love—even under these difficult circumstances—is usually the foundation of a Venezuelan marriage, for in a country where life is so simple and inexpensive, considerations of convenience are not as imperative as in more sophisticated communities. As a rule, too, the marriages are happy. The women are generally amiable and, for the most part, excellent housekeepers. Love of their children is an absolute passion with both sexes and forms a very strong tie between the parents.

But only women of the strongest character can, in the prostrating heat, pursue any intellectual interests. As a rule, soon after marriage all the pretty accomplishments taught by the patient French nuns are abandoned, all exercise is omitted and the beautiful white-skinned slender girl becomes fat, brown and indolent. An amiable mother, a kind mistress and a faithful wife, but

HEROINE OF A FAILURE.

MRS. CHARLES KNOWER RANDALL PROVES TO THE WORLD.

That Women are as Faithful Helpers to Their Husbands Now as in the Good Old Days—Facts and Incidents.

(CONTRIBUTOR OF THE TIMES.) NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A living example—a handsome and charming one, too, of how a woman can practically and financially prove the traditional helpmate of her husband, is found in Mrs. Helen Louise Randall, wife of the prominent broker, Charles Knower Randall, for eighteen years a governor of New York's Stock Exchange.

A PROSPEROUS BEGINNING.

When the young beauty and belle of the great metropolis' most fashionable contingent linked her future with that of the rich young Adonis of her choice, she little realized that in the turning of fortune's wheel the day would come when their vast store of this world's goods would be swept away without warning, and she must turn to and become a wage-earner to save a home for herself and husband.

Born in Albany, Mrs. Randall moved with her parents to New York in her childhood, and was educated in the city's most select school for young ladies. Marrying very young, she entered upon the usual career of the wealthy young matron, and devoted her days to a host of social duties. Her husband, a successful and generous husband of whom she could be justly proud, and a lovely daughter, life



MRS. CHARLES KNOWER RANDALL.

was a long road of gaiety. When, presto, almost in the twinkling of an eye came a crash in Wall street, carrying her husband's all with it, his health gave way, and she was left to battle with some of the hardships of which the work-a-day world is full. Almost crushed by the suddenness and the extent of the blow, Mrs. Randall for a moment did not know what to do, and then her real grit and strength of character came to her aid.

ON HER OWN RESOURCES.

She had always possessed an artistic tendency, but had paid very little attention to its development. When this crisis came she turned to it as a possible resource, and it proved her mascot. Luck turned again, but the species of luck it was that goes with patience, perseverance and hard work. Mrs. Randall's husband was fortunate in their friends—the Vanderbilts, Astors, and other stars in the social firmament—for they were not deserters when their riches took wing. This fact proving the real worth of their good qualities.

A CHARMING INCIDENT.

A trifling incident is a significant illustration of Mrs. Randall's fitness of character. On their departure from their luxurious home, given over to their creditors, the last morning a message was carried to Mrs. Randall that a man waited below who came to bid her good-by. A little puzzled she went down to face a plain but decent-appearing person whom to her knowledge she had never seen before.

"I came to wish you good-by," he explained. "More puzzled than ever, Mrs. Randall returned his farewell, and said, 'I really do not know you.'"

"Not know me? Why you have spoken to me every day for years, ever since I have been carrying out your ashes." "Is it possible," she exclaimed, "that you are the ash man?"

"Yes, and I have many a time told my wife that when I was driving along my cart I was always glad to see Mrs. Randall coming for I was sure of a bow and some pleasant words, and I cleaned myself up today to come and say good-by and to tell you how sorry I am for your leaving." And Mrs. Randall is as proud of that simple laborer's regard as of the friendship of the Vanderbilts.

A BRILLIANT SUCCESS.

Having made up her mind to devote herself to art work, she began with a will, doing all sorts and kinds where she could get orders, or found her productions salable. Her hand developed marvelous cunning, and her brain kept pace. She originated choice designs and novel fancies, and today her work is beautiful and artistic in the extreme. Her china painting is exquisite and speaks for herself as she now receives \$75 for a dozen plates decorated from her own designs. Her art embroideries are lovely to look upon, and she makes quite a specialty of pillows, each one a beauty. Though she has yet almost a novice in her adopted profession, her fame is widespread, and during the holidays just passed she filled a thousand-dollar order from Florence, Italy.

Her lovely daughter has married advantageously, and her husband rises up to call her best. Not satisfied with carrying him through the crisis, Mrs. Randall is restored to health and again taking up his share of the burden, his indefatigable life is still at work that she may help him pay off every penny of his just debts.

CAROLYN HALSTED.

A COSTLY PRIVILEGE.

The Expense of Maintaining Memberships in a Fashionable Church.

(CONTRIBUTOR OF THE TIMES.) If you propose to attend a fashionable church prepare to put your hands deeply into your exchequer and make up your mind to do it cheerfully and without bargaining. The fashionable church provides you with dignity and privacy at your devotion, its atmosphere is kept all winter at a mellow temperature; its furnishings are complete, chaste and comfortable; the music inspiring and the service just as high or low as you please.

Of course, the expenses are a little staggering at first, but on the authority of a single woman, who claims membership in the most modish congregation of her city, \$1000 a year about covers the cost of her church-going.

GENERAL EXPENSES.

Naturally that includes a great deal of charity dispensed through the

clergyman's hands, but they are charities much in the nature of cast-iron obligations that the feminine element of a smart congregation must accept, and to avoid or ignore them would be a mistake indeed.

As connection with a leading church often leads to great things socially, for her who has ambition to rise in that direction, quite aside from her natural religious aspirations, the expenses of Sunday attendance must be laid out with discretion.

A woman who wishes to introduce herself in a prominent church must dress well—not showily but with great richness, and with sufficient regard to fashion and detail to lift her above criticism.

SOME OF THE DETAILS.

It will be noticed whether her seat is in one of the moderately costly, moderately roomy pews in the body of the church, and whether she fills her racks with handsome, large service books bound in flexible Russia leather of Morocco, bearing her name on the covers. Her engraved silver pew-plate will be judged by the size of her name. Sunday contribution, and her generosity measured by her gifts to the choir fund, and her offerings on special days.

In the fashionable church, however, vulgar extravagance is as deeply deplored as abject stinginess, and a fine conservatism governs everything. Not more than \$5 ever week in the ordinary collection is considered sufficient and not less than \$25 on the big feast days of special occasions, as Christmas, Sunday, etc., covers that ground of one's duty. Among the dozen or more organizations, such as the King's Daughters, Day Nursery, Girls' Friendly Society, etc., allied to each church, a woman member is almost obliged to connect herself with at least three. She may not have the time or inclination to work actively in these guilds, but she must show her sympathy by paying fees, and making donations at intervals.

At Thanksgiving, Christmas and Easter another big war will be levied in the form of contributions for decorations, so that the single woman who kept her accounts for attendance at a fashionable church would be roughly estimated some of the costs as follows:

Pew rent	.....\$175
To choir fund	..... 50
Sunday offerings	..... 200
Four special offerings	..... 100
Fees to three guilds	..... 30
Donations to guilds	..... 50
For decorations	..... 20
Set of service books	..... 50
Pew plate	..... 5
Few cushions	..... 10
Total	.....\$700

From this grand total was left \$300, easily accounted for when she figured in her contributions to trimming and donating Christmas-tree ornaments and toys, that her name was down on the list subscribing a New Year's present for the clergyman, and the help she asked her to give with the fresh-air fund and lightening the church debt.

SCARCELY VOLUNTARY.

In addition she approved of a fund for a new organ, gave her mite toward fresh fringes and lent some aid in raising a memorial tablet to the late pastor. To have refused in any of these cases would have been grievously ungracious and to agree was merely to maintain her good standing. Her church year really began in the first of October and ended in June, when the doors of the fashionable sanctuary closed, as usual, literally for lack of a summer congregation.

And yet this, she says, is not church-going on an extravagant scale. The wealthy matron with a family that attends regularly pays double and treble the amount given above for her privileges and standing in the church and congregation. The big well-placed pews cost from \$300 to \$500. Their fittings—books, cushions and foot-stools a full hundred more, and there a pew of \$500 is the property of the family the church levies a tax of 5 per cent. on the whole value. The owner thereof is then expected to proportionately interest herself in the church guilds and societies, in the clergyman's \$10,000 salary and the running expenses of the parish. To the church year, however, who haunts the free sittings and puts one carefully hoarded dime on the plate Sunday morning, all this may seem hopeless extravagance, but truly it seems only justice when our rich women pay so much for the joys of an opera or lay down the amount every year in diamonds.

FANNY ENDERS.

Dress the Neck Becomingly.

Emma M. Hooper contributes an article in January Ladies' Home Journal upon "Dressing the Neck Becomingly," and asserts that the success of a toilette depends upon the neckwear. She describes (and Miss Underwood has illustrated) a number of collar effects, and has to say of the "handkerchief style," very popular at present, "The handkerchief collars consist of a double straight band of batiste or fine lawn, with four corners pinned in the center and turned over on the outside, leaving a division in the center, back and front, the corners are of batiste, tucked on the edge, plain in the center, with a row of Valenciennes lace inlaid between. The four corners of a fine openwork handkerchief could be taken for this purpose. Sometimes a band of ribbon is fitted around the lawn band, and tied in a bow at the back; otherwise the band is worn inside of a high dress collar, with the points falling outside over the edges of the collar."

(Riverside Press.) The "Half Million Club," which made itself conspicuous a year ago by its tour through the State, during which its members preached good fellowship and made market for the best estates which the State produced, has decided to retire from business and leave the work of booming the State to other agencies. They were a set of jolly good fellows, who educated themselves, if nobody else, regarding the wonderful resources of their great State. But they are doubtless wise in making some more practical, if less noisy way of aiding the State's development.

Two world's records were broken recently in the tank of the Chicago Athletic Association. George A. Thorne swam 100 yards in 1:38.4, beating the previous mark of 1:38.5 held by himself. Sterling P. Wiley, a veteran of 35 years, glided through the water forty yards in the phenomenal time of 0:11.4, occasioning a break of 1:35.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. ROSE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. Most Perfect Made. 40 Years the Standard.

THE EXCEPTIONALLY STRONG INDUCEMENTS

offered by the immense reductions that we have recently made on all lines of Dry Goods, whose values were previously unsurpassable, are showing their effect in the great gaps now perceptible in some departments; and as our new spring stock will, at a near date, be engaging our entire attention we have therefore to be relieved of all the cares incidental to the coaching of this extensive sale, and to hasten the much desired result we have made extra heavy cuts in other staple lines, in fact far heavier than any yet reached by the GREAT GENERAL REDUCTION. We will note the fact that the values to be secured in Table Linens, Blankets and Lace Curtains are the best it has ever been our privilege to offer either at San Francisco or Los Angeles.

Ladies' Flannel, Flannelette and Sateen Skirts.

- AT 75c Ladies' heavy quality Flannelette Skirts, in grays and tans, with deep border of black quilted Sateen, extra value at 90c; will be closed out at.....75c
- AT \$1.00 Ladies' Camel's Hair Flannel Skirts, a good, full width, ruffle of same, neatly finished, with 3 rows of black trimming extra value at \$1.25; will be closed out at.....\$1.00
- AT \$1.00 Ladies' fine quality, fast black Sateen Skirts, heavily lined throughout, well made and neatly finished with black trimming; extra value at \$1.25; will be closed out at.....\$1.00
- AT 50c The Victorian Corset, made of heavy drab jean, long waist and medium form, and perfect fitting; will be closed out at.....50c
- AT 75c The R. & G. Corset, specially made to fit a Miss from 12 to 16 years of age, well boned and durable; will be closed out at.....75c
- AT \$1.00 Dr. Warner's Celebrated 111 Corset, in drab, only, made to suit the average figure, heavily boned throughout with unbreakable coralline; will be closed out at.....\$1.00

A Chance in Embroideries that Comes Not Frequently.

- AT 8c 300 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 3 1/2 inches wide, extra value at 12 1/2c; will be closed out at.....8c
- AT 10c 275 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 4 inches wide, choice patterns, extra value at 15c; will be closed out at.....10c
- AT 12 1/2c 250 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 4 1/2 inches wide, handsome patterns, extra value at 15c; will be closed out at.....12 1/2c
- AT 15c 250 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 5 inches wide, elaborate designs, extra value at 25c; will be closed out at.....15c
- AT 20c 250 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 7 inches wide, extra at 30c; will be closed out at.....20c
- AT 25c 200 yards white Gimpure Embroidery, 8 inches wide, extra value at 35c; will be closed out at.....25c

Table Linens, White Bed Spreads.

- AT 65c White Honey-comb Spreads, double-bed size, Marseilles effects; extra value at 90c; will be closed out at.....65c each
- AT 85c each; White Bed Spreads, full size, Marseilles effects; quite heavy and a soft finish; extra value at \$1.15; will be closed out at.....85c each
- AT 25c per yard; Table Damask in bleached, cream and turkey red; regular width, with pretty new patterns; strong and well finished; extra value at 35c; will be closed out at.....25c per yard
- AT 35c Table Damask, in both bleached and cream; all pure linen, new patterns; extra value at 50c; will be closed out at.....35c per yard
- AT 60c per yard; Table Damask in both bleached and cream; all pure linen, 62 inches wide; a soft, pretty finish; extra value at 85c; will be closed out at.....60c per yard

Blankets and Lace Curtains.

- AT 75c A pair, Nottingham Lace Curtains in both white and ecru, 8 yards long and well made, extra value at \$1 a pair; will be closed out at.....75c a pair
- AT \$1.00 A pair, Nottingham Lace Curtains, ecru only, 8 1/2 yards long, strong and durable, extra value at \$1.25 a pair; will be closed out at.....\$1.00 a pair
- AT \$1.50 A pair, Nottingham Lace Curtains, in both white and ecru, 8 1/2 yards long, 54 inches wide, in fine lace effects, extra value at \$1.85 a pair; will be closed out at.....\$1.50 a pair
- AT 65c Each, 10-4 Blankets, in both white and gray, soft and heavy, extra value at 90c; will be closed out at.....65c a pair
- AT 95c A pair, 10-4 Blankets, in both white and gray, very heavy, soft, fleecy finish, extra good value at \$1.25; will be closed out at.....95c a pair
- AT \$2.25 A pair, 10-4 White Wool Blankets, with a little cotton mixed, solid, strong and durable, extra value at \$3; will be closed out at.....\$2.25 a pair

GREAT SPECIALS IN LADIES' MISSES' AND BOYS' UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

- AT 25c Ladies' fine quality, medium-weight White Merino Vests, in long or short sleeves, bound and edged with silk, extra value at 50c; will be closed out at.....25c
- AT 50c Ladies' "Hygienic" Natural Gray Vests or Pants, fleece lined, non-irritating, always wet, and more durable than the ordinary knit, extra value at \$1 per garment; will be closed out at.....50c
- AT 60c Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests or Pants, wool and mode hand, natural color or white, extra value at 85c per garment; will be closed out at.....60c
- AT 50c Ladies' Combination Suits, natural gray or white, all sizes, extra value at 75c; will be closed out at.....50c
- AT \$1.00 Ladies' Combination Suits, natural gray or white wool and cotton mixed; these give the best of wear and never shrink, extra value at \$1.50; will be closed out at.....\$1.00
- AT 25c Children's Jersey Ribbed Vests or Pants, in ecru or white, also a full line of natural gray Merino Vests or Pants, extra value at 35c per garment; will be closed out at.....25c
- AT 12 1/2c Ladies' fine imported Hose, warranted fast colors, double heels and toes, in solid gray, tan or white, extra value at 25c; will be closed out at.....12 1/2c
- AT 15c Ladies' fine imported Hose, black boots, with assorted tan, mode, and gray tops, Hermsdorf dye, extra value at 25c; will be closed out at.....15c
- AT 12 1/2c Children's heavy School Hose, double heels and toes, warranted fast black, all sizes from 6 to 8 1/2; extra value at 18 1/2c; will be closed out at.....12 1/2c
- AT 15c Children's 1-1 Ribbed imported Hose, Hermsdorf dye, double heels and toes, all sizes from 5 to 8 1/2; extra value at 25c; will be closed out at.....15c
- AT 20c Children's 1-1 Ribbed imported Hose, Hermsdorf dye, double knees, soles, heels and toes, made of fine Sea Island cotton, extra value at 35c; will be closed out at.....20c
- AT 25c Children's 7-1 ribbed fine French Hose, in real lisle or fine cotton, nothing better for children's wear; extra value at 50c; will be closed out at.....25c

25c

China Silks, 24 Inches Wide, and Other Values that are Unequaled.

- AT 25c 4000 yards 24-inch China Silk, in a large assortment of light, medium and dark colors, extra value at 35c to 50c; will be closed out at.....25c
- AT 50c 450 yards striped, figured and plain Taffeta and Surah Silk, extra value at 75c and \$1.00; will be closed out at.....50c
- AT 65c 250 yards Figured Changeable Taffeta Silk in a variety of neat designs, desirable colorings, extra value at 85c; will be closed out at.....65c
- AT 75c 500 yards striped, check, plaid and broadcloth Taffeta and Bengaline, changeable effects in a beautiful variety of designs, extra value at \$1.00; will be closed out at.....75c
- AT 85c 450 yards black Satin Brocade, in a variety of neat designs, extra value at \$1.25; will be closed out at.....85c

Colored Dress Goods in Very Handsome Styles, The prices are Surprisingly Low.

- AT 20c 30 pieces double-fold Novelty Suitings, in Mattelasse Weaves and bright colorings, extra value at 40c; will be closed out at.....20c
- AT 25c 35 pieces, 41-inch Scotch Suitings in small checks, rough weaves, and latest colorings, extra value at 50c; will be closed out at.....25c
- AT 30c 45 pieces, 40-inch Novelty Suitings, in checks, stripes and mohair effects, extra value at 50c; will be closed out at.....30c
- AT 50c 20 pieces, 40-inch Scotch Cheviots firm texture, rough weaves and two-tone colorings, extra value at 75c; will be closed out at.....50c
- AT \$1.00 12-pieces, 48-inch, all-wool Imported Diagonals, in tan, gray, brown, blue and green, extra value at \$1.50; will be closed out at.....\$1.00 per yd

Men's Hosiery and Underwear.

A Casual Glance at Them Will Mean a Purchase.

- AT 15c Men's All-wool Cashmere Natural Merino and Vicuna Half-hose, with heavy heels and toes; extra value at 20c and 25c; will be closed out at.....15c per pair
- AT 25c Men's fine Lamb's Wool Cashmere and Camel's Hair Half-hose, with spliced heels and toes; English and domestic makes; extra value at 35c and 50c; will be closed out at.....25c per pair
- AT 30c Men's Medium-weight Merino Undershirts and Drawers, made with French collarettes; ribbed skirts and finely finished; extra value at 40c; will be closed out at.....30c garment
- AT 65c Men's Medium and Heavy-weight Camel's Hair Undershirts and Drawers, in soft flannel, extra value at 90c; will be closed out at.....65c garment

A Rare Opportunity of Securing Splendid Values in Furs, Dress Trimmings and Ribbons.

RAIN UMBRELLAS.

- Ladies' Black Gloria Rain Umbrella, 26-inch Paragon frame, natural wood and fancy Dresden handle, extra value at \$1.25; will be closed out at.....\$1.00 each
- Ladies' black extra quality Gloria Silk Umbrella, 26-inch ribs, Paragon frame, in a variety of handsome designs in handles, extra value at \$1.75; will be closed out at.....\$1.50 each

TRIMMING DEPARTMENT.

- An elegant assortment of Garniture, in yokes, fronts, epaulettes, chain ornaments, etc., Black Jet, Iridescent and spangled effects, will be closed out at 50c to, each.....\$5.00
- Jet and colored beaded Passementerie, tinsel and spangled effects, in bands, edgings and Van Dyke Point effects, and select and exclusive patterns, will be closed out 50c to, yd.....\$2.00

RIBBON DEPARTMENT.

- At 10c per yard, 175 pieces of No. 12, all-silk, satin and gros grain Ribbon, 2 inches wide, in all the new and most fashionable shades, extra value at 12 1/2c per yd; will be closed out at, per yard.....10c

\$4.90 One of the Great Specials of our Clearance Sale is a Beautifully Finished FAMILY BLANKET, size Twelve-quarter, in a fine grade of Lambs' wool; were manufactured specially to our order by the Golden Gate Mills of San Francisco at a cost of \$7.00. We now close them out at per pair.....**\$4.90**



YVETTE GUILBERT.

Bab's Talk with the Fascinating French Woman.

Who Says that She Has No Love Affairs.

A Beautiful Creature Described. Confidential Chat on Art, Beauty and Love—Leading the Love of One's Heart.

Miss Vere de Vere and Jack Pin de Siecle—The Feminine Verdict—Giving the Benefit of the Doubt—Sitting in Judgment on Others.

(CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 12, 1896.—The very minute I saw the picture I said to myself, in that confidential way in which one does talk to one's self, "I must see that woman!" And by this I didn't mean simply seeing her on the stage, or seeing her after the fashion of reporters, but as one woman sees another. The picture? Well, she was standing in front of a mirror with her face turned partly toward you, and drawing the lace of her stays. And she had done it so correctly that my admiration was hers, and my curiosity to see her, personally, was quite as great, as Lombroso says curiosity is developed in a woman with fair hair and dark eyes. (By-the-by, though, he says this isn't a mean curiosity; it is an intellectual one.) In the picture her stays were drawn in properly at the waist line and spread out broadly and beautifully about the bust and hips. Said I: "The woman who draws her laces in that fashion has brains; the average woman pulls her laces up and down just as closely as she can, so that neither bust nor hips have an opportunity to develop, she can't laugh with enjoyment, and her poor arms have no opportunity to express themselves. And Yvette Guilbert certainly manages to express very much with those long, slender arms and wonderful hands of hers."

THE FRENCH ARTIST'S IDEAL. Dumas, the master of the heart of woman, and the art of the stage, said there were only two things worth considering in a play or a book, woman and love. Believe me, Yvette Guilbert is worth studying. It makes no difference whether she speaks or not, and yet it does. For centuries poets have said there was a fascination in the silence of the Sphinx. Take my word for it, there is more fascination in the speech of a woman, especially

when you realize that her speech conveys her thoughts. Here is a woman, not beautiful, as we reckon beauty, and yet the greatest artists in France have thought it worth while to paint her, while the artist who draws the designs, the finest ones, for the Sevres vases, took Yvette Guilbert as a model, and gave thanks for the permission to picture her. She belittles ordinary beauty. The pink and white, the blue eyes, the small mouth, the dimpled figure with its eighteen-inch waist becomes as nothing beside this woman, whose figure is natural, whose eyes are—what color are they? I only know this about them—since they first looked in the world, humanity has been their book, and they have read it well. Her hair is red, a perfect red, with not a dash of crimson in it, her skin is white, her mouth is large, her teeth are exquisite, and in ten minutes' speech with her, that mouth assumes hundreds of curves that each mean something.

Sarah Bernhardt becomes nothing of a riddle before Yvette Guilbert. She says how kind the world has been to her. I look at her, and she is Gavroche, the poor little street boy, well acquainted with the slang of the day, clever, sympathetic, keen and yet willing, because somebody else is cold, to trap his coat about him. Somebody, some reporter, wrote a story which was said to tell of the

LOVE OF YVETTE GUILBERT'S LIFE.

"Bah! Women with eyes like hers don't tell of their loves; they suffer them; they live in them, and sometimes they die of them. Somebody else, meaning to be polite and remembering her fondness for the white gown and black gloves, compared her to a bird. Never. Unless she was a dove who sat on one of the trees in Paradise and cooed and wondered, as she heard the serpent tempting Eve. She looks as if she might carry out the theory of transmigration—as if she had known the history of every woman's heart since the world began. And men see her, and call her chic, which she is, but it takes always a woman to discover what she really is—the Sphinx of the Nineteenth Century."

I say to her, "What costume do you like?"

There is a light in the eyes, those wonderful eyes, that suggests femininity and its love for children. And she says, "I like a very quiet dress. I like a black dress, and one in which I look well I am not noticeable."

There is a toss of the head, a shrug of the shoulders, a movement of those beautiful hands, and I realize that she is not Gavroche, the gamine, up to the argot and all the tricks of the street, to whom I am talking, but the grand dame.

what Balzac says about colors. "Black apparently subdues, but it has an expressive, fascinating, while white, although it looks virgin-like, is powerful in its intensity to draw out."

WITH A WOMAN'S CURIOSITY.

I ask another question, "What do you consider a beautiful woman?" She looked at me, and then she seemed to look far off in the distance before she answered. "What is beauty in one climate is not beauty in another. I do not admire the English women; they are too regular and too lacking in expression. Your American women come nearer the French women than any other people, but then you are a new race, and from you should come the most beautiful women in the world. And time and time only will prove whether you have them, although I have seen many beautiful American women, and I must say for them that they dress elegantly and have that indefinable something which we call 'chic.' But a beautiful woman to me, and to my people, is a woman of expression; a woman whose eyes not only tell their story, but whose body in its litheness is most artistic. No fat—fat is not beautiful. No dimples—dimples are insipid; but expression, that is what makes her fascinating to men. I have been told that your American men are generous—that they work, work, work, and are satisfied if their women are happy. Ah! what superb husbands they must make. What do I love best to read? Old poetry. I like some of the modern novelists, particularly de Maupassant, because he wrote first about this, then about that, was universal, and an artist in his finger-tips. I love beautiful lingerie. How do you call it here—underwear. Ah, I can imagine a lady wearing a plain gown, but I cannot imagine a gentleman who did not wish her underwear, so you call it, dainty and exquisitely made and trimmed with lace and ribbons."

I hear it all. I hear the words, but before everything else there comes

THE MUSIC OF THAT WONDERFUL VOICE.

I call it fine, I can think of no other word for it. It has strength, it is clear, ringing, distinct, and there is never a note too high, or too low. Every syllable has its value, and I have only heard one other woman, whose French compared with that of Yvette Guilbert, and that was Sarah Bernhardt. Her work—well, you have heard enough about her work, and yet I wish instead of teaching her plantation melodies, so she may have some English songs in her repertoire, that some one would make her understand the meaning of the words, and once she did that, neither you nor I need doubt her ability to draw the picture of that wonderful poem of Dante, Gabriel Rossetti's, which begins, "Lazy, laughing, languishing Jenny, Fond of a kiss and fond of a guinea."

I have paid the usual fashionable call on mademoiselle, and it is time to

say "Adieu." Alas! that her time here is so short that it cannot be "Au revoir," and yet I think, as a people, we are sufficiently clever to appreciate what is good, and to say to this wonderful woman, "Come back to us and be welcomed heartily." In my card-case I carry a little card, which I value very much; it was written as a jest, but it was the expression of the likes and dislikes of this clever woman, put as she proudly said, in English. This is how it reads:

"I like the green. I like very much the like and the like. I don't like the birds and selfish people. I believe in God. The quality I prefer in a human being is goodness for a girl, and honesty for a man."

"YVETTE GUILBERT."

THE SIN OF THOUGHTLESSNESS.

Last night I saw a wonderful play—stop Mr. Critic, I am not going to infringe on your grounds. It was called "The Benefit of the Doubt," and it was the judgment given in the divorce court when the only sin a woman had committed had been that of sympathizing with an unhappy husband and letting him find in her home a resting place from his wife's jealous temper, the sin of thoughtlessness. It was written by that wonderful playwright who seems to read a woman's heart as you might a fashion page, Pinero, and it showed what such a verdict meant to a woman. Do not know where this play has gotten all his knowledge of womanhood. There was the flippant mother, who found great relief, as many a woman does, in talking of her stays; she took advantage of this relief when her husband died, and now again when her daughter was dishonored. The play is good and well acted, but it is the wonderful moral in it that appeals to me; and yet, how many women in the audience thought of it! It told of the misery certain to result from Platonic friendships. It told, oh, so well, that a married woman and a married man cannot be friends unless the other wife and the other husband share in the friendship. I call that a worse verdict than guilty—that which only gives the woman the benefit of the doubt.

Little Mrs. Snowflake, who has known Tom Wilburke ever since they were children, lets him drop in at afternoon tea, lets him come to dinner with them when he pleases, and listens sympathetically to his story of the unhappy home, and of the wife made a fiend by jealousy. Some day, and it may not go as far as it did in the play, to the divorce court. Little Mrs. Snowflake finds that her friends are dropping away from her, that she isn't invited to quite as many conservative houses as she used to be, and if by any chance she speaks to her husband about it he looks at her in a curious way that she doesn't understand. But in time she does, and she realizes, too sadly, that all that the world has offered her is the benefit of the doubt. And if it were not that Snowflake himself gives such good dinners and had

such a pleasant country place, even this would not be the verdict.

WOMAN AS JUDGE.

Miss Vere de Vere, in her early life, lost the love of her heart. But she had good friends in Jack Pin de Siecle, who knew her sweetheart, who was with him when he died, and who can talk over her happy days with her. Everybody knows his character. That is, everybody who is anybody. Suddenly Miss Vere de Vere finds that the elderly flowers of society are not anxious to have her associate with their buds, and she has to face the question, "Shall I give up this man, to whom I am really a helper, and from whom I gain much that is comforting, and with whom there is nothing that the angels in heaven might not see or hear, or shall I suffer from the benefit of the doubt?" This is always a feminine verdict. I don't care who the judge may be that gives it. No matter how much he man consider himself a man, at heart he is a woman, for it is the woman who gives to that other woman nothing more than the benefit of the doubt. One question is asked in the play, it is this: "Must a woman lose her character and paint her face before she can have a man as a friend?" As the world goes, I am tempted to answer "Yes," but one of the people in the play says, "This is a damnable world." There he is wrong.

THE WORLD IS BEAUTIFUL.

It is the people who are not brave enough to give verdicts of "Guilty" or "Innocent" who are damnable. How many are there in this big town who are only given the benefit of the doubt? Some of them are as innocent as the girl-child that you hold up closely to you; but when all woman-kind shrank from them, they got so they didn't care. And then there could be no doubt of the verdict. Others, and there are no martyrs who suffer as they do—have kept their own self-respect and gone out of this wicked world with that intangible verdict hanging over them.

It was a harlot who came to Christ, and His verdict was different from that of the judge today. He only asked of her that she sin no more, and He forgave her because she loved too much. And there are human beings who at upon the judgment seat and only give women the benefit of the doubt. What are their own lives? And what are the lives of those women in society who throw about innocent women that intangible atmosphere that means, while it does not say, "Keep away from her, she is evil." If it were on your soul or mine to have done this, what can we hope for? Do you believe

THAT GREAT JUDGE WILL AT THE LAST DAY

give anybody the benefit of the doubt? Oh, no. He will say "Guilty" or "Innocent," and He will consider all of the temptations. Today, as I tore the page off Mr. Dickens's calendar I read this:

"May I tell you why it is a good

thing for us to remember the wrong that has been done to us? That we may forgive it." And that I believe in this judgment that will be given to many a woman who has not sinned, but who has been judged by the Vehmgericht of the world and received from it as her verdict "the benefit of the doubt." God help her who receives this judgment! I do not need to ask God to punish them who give it upon her, and yet you and her neighbor who are women, may well ask that, in your innocence, the verdict of the world, that damnable verdict, "the benefit of the doubt," may never be given to your child, or her child, or to

BAB.

Canada's Position.

(San Francisco Call.) Canada is one of the reasons why England will be very slow to provoke war with the United States. While our military people are talking of the cheerful case with which we might seize Canada and thus destroy the only frontier that exists between Great Britain and the United States, they fail to take into account the fact that Canada might anticipate us by falling willingly and adding her strength to that of the United States against England. It is true that Canada could not oppose an armed invasion from the United States, and that if we should seize the "Wildland Canal" and the Canadian Pacific Railroad the Dominion would be at our mercy. England then would need another Wolfe to scale the Heights of Abraham.

Although the sentiment of Canada is against annexation to the United States, and although her system of government is totally different from ours and would have to suffer a violent wrenching in the amalgamation, the internal affairs of Canada are now in a bad way, and a very serious and portentous division has arisen among the people. It is all over the use of public school funds in Manitoba. The fight has been raging for more than a year; it at last has culminated in the resignation of seven members of the Cabinet, and this will likely cause the overthrow of the present government in elections called to fill their places. This would mean merely that the policy and influence of a certain and unpopular group with the majority. The same party has grown strong within recent years.

It is a curious fact that Canada is not at all idea of seceding from the crown within the United States and England. Within the last few days there has been a little talk of increasing the defenses, but there is in Canada nothing like the interest that throbs throughout England. This indifference is extraordinary. Can it be that while Canada has no idea of seceding from the crown it would not seriously object to being taken by the United States? Does England see nothing strange or ominous in the apathy of its ward? If it does, can this be taken as one of the reasons why England is so anxious not to precipitate a fight with this country? But there is in Canada nothing like the interest that throbs throughout England. This indifference is extraordinary. Can it be that while Canada has no idea of seceding from the crown it would not seriously object to being taken by the United States? Does England see nothing strange or ominous in the apathy of its ward? If it does, can this be taken as one of the reasons why England is so anxious not to precipitate a fight with this country? But there is in Canada nothing like the interest that throbs throughout England. This indifference is extraordinary. Can it be that while Canada has no idea of seceding from the crown it would not seriously object to being taken by the United States? Does England see nothing strange or ominous in the apathy of its ward? If it does, can this be taken as one of the reasons why England is so anxious not to precipitate a fight with this country?

the advantage of the United States to secure possession of this great empire of the north and that in the event of war it would be necessary.

WINTER BOOKS.

Betting on Future Tack Events is Gradually Dying Out.

The making of future books on important American races is yearly being gradually discontinued, and it is doubtful if in 1896 there is to be one stake race of sufficient general interest and importance to cause any spirited revival in this line of industry. Some years ago, when there was no constant racing of fair-class horses throughout the winter months, as is now vogue, the bookmakers' lists of prices on such events as the Louisville Derby, the Suburban Handicap, and later, Chicago's American Derby, were looked for and welcome visitors.

Previous to the year 1896, and including that year, all the bookmakers of note regularly went into the business of future bookmaking. During that year it was effectually demonstrated to them that the game of futures was not always a winning one for its backers, and future bookmaking today is almost a thing of the past.

(San Francisco Call.) It appears that in the matter of state schoolbooks there is wanted a good deal more than only for the books but for the official in charge of them.

Fits Cured.

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.) Prof. W. H. Pecke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living physician. His success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any physician who may send their postoffice and express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address PROF. W. H. PECKE, P.O. 4 Cedar St., New York.

ECZEMA

From early childhood I was afflicted with this disease. I visited Hot Springs and was treated by the best medical men, but was not benefited. When all things had failed I was determined to try S.S.S. and in four months my eczema was entirely cured. The terrible eczema was gone, not a sign of it left. My general health built up, and I have never had any return of the disease. I recommend S.S.S. to all who have never known a failure to cure.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

XVTH YEAR.

UNCLE SAM'S SOLDIER BOYS.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY IS SMALL, BUT ITS MEN ARE OF HIGH GRADE.

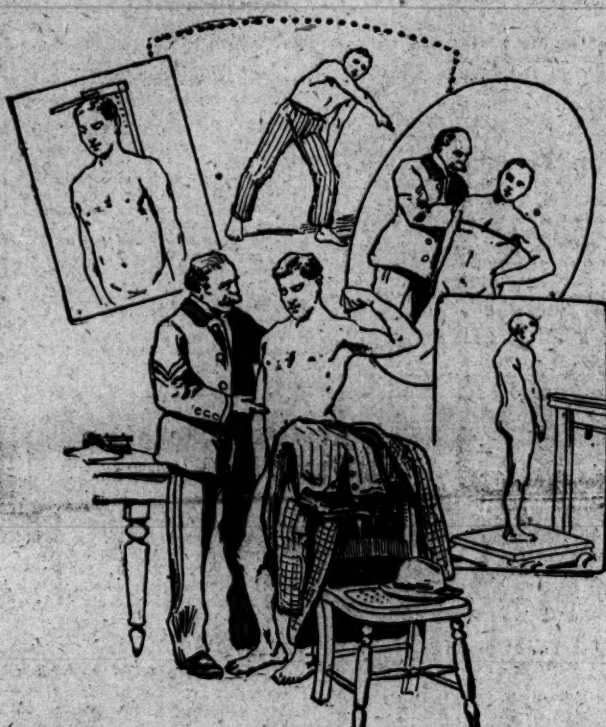
How to Get into the Ranks—Applicants Have to Pass a More Severe Examination Than Those of Any Other Nation—All Must Be Citizens and the Majority are of American Birth—Provision for Retired Privates—The Physical Standard Required.

(From a Special Contributor to The Times.)

It seems to be the general belief, perhaps because the United States army is small in numbers, that its file is made up of rather inferior men. Probably this idea was always wrong. Certainly it is today entirely unfounded, for the very good reason that the standard by which applicants for enlistment are measured is higher in the United States than in any other country in the world, and the boys who wear the blue are as fine specimens of healthy and intelligent manhood as were ever mustered under a flag.

When the industrial conditions are such that every man who wishes to work can find steady and well-paid employment, the inducement to enlist is not so great as it is during seasons of business depression. For three years past, however, when the ranks of the army are today practically filled, and recruiting officers have been instructed to take no applicants except those of exceptional physical and mental qualifications, a man, therefore, who at this time passes muster, need not feel apprehensive as to his health. To each man who expresses a desire to enlist are shown the questions he must answer, and the examination he must undergo, before he files a formal application, and this un-

so as to let in a taller man than 5 feet 10, then his size must increase in similar proportion to his height. For instance, a man 6 feet 1 in. height must weigh 175 pounds and have a chest measurement of 34½ inches. Indeed, there is no prejudice against tall men, but they are scrutinized very carefully and must be symmetrical also. Capt. Viven, who is in charge of the New York recruiting station, told the writer the other day of an applicant who had just been refused. He was a young man of what is vaguely known in this country as "gentle birth." He was well educated and accustomed to the usages of good society. He was an inch over 6 feet tall and as handsome a specimen of a young man as could be found. He was going up for examination for a commission. He was in appearance just the kind of fellow to delight the eye of an old soldier, and apparently without a blemish of any sort. He passed the examination successfully in all respects save one—the surgeon was fearful that one of his eyes was slightly affected by astigmatism. The young man was astonished and the surgeon was in doubt. The surgeon told him to return in a few days for another examination. Meantime the young man went to an oculist who certified that



A RECRUIT'S EXAMINATION.

official preliminary scrutiny usually suffices to drive away doubts of their own soundness. Notwithstanding this, not more than 5 per cent. of those who formally apply are accepted and sworn into the service.

Only unmarried men between 21 and 30 years of age are now accepted, and most men are at their best physically during that period of life. That only 5 per cent. pass the examination indicates one of two things—either that the applicants are a poor lot, or that the scrutiny is very severe. Unquestionably the latter is the true explanation, and the writer makes this statement after careful examination of the facts. The applicants are on a very good average, and the rejection of 95 per cent. of their number is due to the strict enforcement of the army regulations as to enlistment.

HOW MEN GET INTO THE ARMY.

When a man wants to enlist, he usually has a talk with a sergeant or other non-commissioned officer, and this veteran of the ranks finds out in short order whether it is worth the applicant's while to file an application. If there is a chance for him, he is told to fill out a blank card, and he is given quite complete information about himself, such as the date and place of his birth, nativity, and residence of parents, height, weight, chest measurement, mental, expiratory and inspiratory lungs, nature of sickness suffered in the past, habits as to use of liquor, status as to imprisonment or arrests, attendance at school, and so on. Then he must supply two references—preferably those of clergymen, schoolteachers or public officers. These references, by the way, must be genuine, as they are invariably investigated before the applicant is accepted.

It is interesting to note just here, that though army officers, as a rule, hold army chaplains in tolerably poor esteem, they have a high regard for the cloth generally and prefer that an applicant should be recommended by a dominie rather than by any other man.

The applicant is allowed to state whether he wishes to go into the foot or the mounted service, and his desires are generally respected. For infantry a man must not be less than 5 feet 4 inches in height, and weight not less than 125 pounds, nor more than 150 pounds. For cavalry the height must not be less than 5 feet 4 inches nor more than 5 feet 10 inches, while the weight and chest measurements are as follows:

- For a man 5 ft. 4 in. tall, weight 125 lbs., chest 33½ in.
- For a man 5 ft. 5 in. tall, weight 128 lbs., chest 33 in.
- For a man 5 ft. 6 in. tall, weight 132 lbs., chest 33½ in.
- For a man 5 ft. 7 in. tall, weight 134 lbs., chest 34 in.
- For a man 5 ft. 8 in. tall, weight 141 lbs., chest 34½ in.
- For a man 5 ft. 9 in. tall, weight 148 lbs., chest 35 in.
- For a man 5 ft. 10 in. tall, weight 155 lbs., chest 35½ in.

If the regulations should be stretched

Sidney. When his term was out his captain said to him: "Sidney, it is none of my business, but just out of curiosity I should like to know what your real name is?" "As, captain," the corporal answered, "was afraid you would penetrate my disguise. I did not like to use my full name while serving in the ranks, so I dropped my family name. My full name, captain, is Philip Sidney de Montmorcency."

TERM OF SERVICE AND RE-ENLISTMENT.

The term of service in the army is now three years, and the number of men about 20,000; and, therefore, it is necessary to secure each year by enlistments and reenlistments something like seven thousand men. About one thousand of these are reenlistments of men who become attached to the service, or who acquire what might be called the army habit. The examination of a man who has served one enlistment or more and has a good record is naturally less severe than that given to a new recruit, for the man of experience may have acquired blemishes as incidents of his services, and these, unless debilitating, are quite properly not counted against him. The man of experience, too, is considered a much more valuable soldier than the novice.

But the scheme under which recruiting is done, while it encourages reenlistments, also provides for the probable return of discharged soldiers to civil life. A man who is discharged is not re-enlisted until three months after that time if he can find a furloining, so that he can have a taste of the life of a free man. The idea of this is twofold. A trained and experienced soldier is thought to be at least a better citizen in time of peace and a more valuable one in time of emergency when the available men of the country might have to be called to arms. But a man who serves more than two enlistments is very apt to stay in the army until disabled or retired. Provision is made for the retirement of soldiers after thirty years' service on three-fourths pay, three-fourths commutation for clothing and subsistence, the allowance to be made on the basis of the pay that was received when the retirement occurred. Thus it will be seen that the government looks after the old soldiers with much consideration.

A private receives \$13 a month for the first two years of enlistment and \$14 a month for the third year. If he has served faithfully, and the writer was informed by Capt. Viven that a careful man could easily save \$300 during the three years. This would seem to be impossible, but it is true. He is provided with a room, quarters, and food are supplied to him. Considering these facts, in connection with the advantages of the post schools, libraries, gymnasiums and cantines, a term of service in the United States army cannot be considered as other than a wholehearted and generous experience. To those who fret at restraint and who cannot submit themselves to discipline an army experience is likely to be very valuable unless the lawless soldier be driven to desertion.

CONCERNING DESERTION.

"The desire to desert," said Capt. Viven, "can be cured by death only. A man may serve two years or six years, but if he is a deserter by nature he is sure to take unceremonious leave at the least expected moment."

Capt. Viven does not believe that the desertion of a soldier has any effect upon the percentage of desertions. Nothing saves the inability to secure employment in civil life and the fear of punishment for a desertion. When caught, a deserter is apprehended by a soldier and is reduced from \$30 to \$10 and the officer making the arrest must pay the expense of delivering the man to the nearest post of his small reward. The indications are that officers of the line, however those of the staff may feel, think that a man who is a deserter is a distinct disadvantage and the sooner such a one cuts and runs the better it is for the service. When caught, a deserter is punished by imprisonment at hard labor and a conviction takes from a man the privilege of citizenship.

There are less than forty recruiting stations at present in the United States and these are scattered over the country from Boston to San Francisco. In November about two hundred and fifty recruits were secured and Boston supplied more than any other station. New York next, St. Louis next, then St. Paul, then Albany. For many years after the civil war the majority of the enlisted men were of foreign birth and many of them were of the Irish race. No man is eligible who is not a citizen or who has not made legal declaration to become a citizen and can speak and write the English language. Indeed, the great majority of the recruits today are native born, though many of them are of foreign parentage. There are no schools at which soldiers, who desire it, can acquire free of cost a fair English education. Not many enlist for the sake of this advantage, but very many young men, once in the service, take advantage of the instruction received to return to civil life much better equipped for self support and the exercise of intelligent citizenship.

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Good for the Mayor.

(Exchange.) The following incident took place a few years ago in a city of Tennessee:

A poor little girl was peddling apples in a railway station. A train was about starting, and almost at the last moment a tall, ruffianly passenger stepped off the cars and called for 15 cents worth of apples. The girl counted them out, the man took them, and then, as he moved toward the car, began feeling in his pocket as if for the money. The change was not forthcoming, he was not forthcoming, he was on the steps, the train began to move, the girl ran eagerly after it, and there stood the man on the platform, laughing at her.

By good luck, the Mayor of the city happened to be among the bystanders, a war veteran, with a tender heart and a contempt for the law. He ran once to the superintendent's office and said: "I'll give you a hundred dollars to stop that train and have it backed into the station."

The offer was promptly accepted, a telegram dispatched, and very soon the play of the joke was in the hands of the police. He paid the girl her 15 cents, of course, and offered to pay her as much more as she desired. The officers were inexorable, and to the gratification of the lookers-on, he was marched off to jail.

Jim Hall has gone into active training for his twenty-round bout with Joe Choynski, to take place under the auspices of the Empire Athletic Club at Maspeth, L. I., on January 13. Choynski says that if he is successful he will challenge the winner of the Maher-Fitzsimmons fight. Hall has already said the same thing, but there are few who believe he was himself if he really said it.

PRESIDENT DOLE OF HAWAII.

AN INTERVIEW BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT IN HONOLULU.

The Hawaiian Situation Explained—Sentiment Still Strong in Favor of Annexation—No Danger Feared from Japan—British Protectorate Possible—Attitude of the Natives—No Apparent Danger of a Restoration of the Monarchy.

(From a Special Correspondent of The Times.)

HONOLULU (Hawaii), Dec. 20, 1895.—As I was standing on the steps of the Palace—or "Executive Building," as the Hawaiians now prefer to call it—awaiting a military parade and review, Miss Kate Field, the brilliant American lecturer and writer, favored me with an introduction to President Dole. He is a gentleman of distinguished and commanding bearing, more than six feet in height, and able to tip the scales at 200 pounds. After the usual interchange of courtesies, I received from him a very cordial invitation to come to his home that afternoon, and to discuss the official opinion of Consul Shishiku, the Japanese Consul. He said:

"The cholera epidemic was a source of great expense to our Government. We have a small tariff upon revenues, and levy a 1 per cent. tax."

It is often stated in American papers that Japan, flushed by the victory over China, will soon take possession of Hawaii, if the United States does not annex, and then, in the event of war between Russia and Japan, Russia might secure the island. This would place one of the greatest military powers just outside the Golden Gate, ready to demand entrance at any moment. On this point I secured the personal, not official, opinion of Consul Shishiku, the Japanese Consul. He said:



SANFORD B. DOLE.
(From a recent photograph.)

winding paths and drives. In the center stands the "White House" of Hawaii—which, however, is brown in color. Here, sitting in a beautiful conservatory, in the midst of which played a refreshing fountain, I enjoyed a delicious Havana and listened to the President's clear and concise account of the Hawaiian situation.

In substance, President Dole spoke as follows: "The government is stronger today than it ever was, and I have no doubt that any resistance which may be in store for it will be met as effectively as the rebellion of last January. The principal opposition to the government springs from the Englishmen living here—yet many of them are with us. The natives, too, are becoming reconciled to the Englishmen living here—yet many of them are with us. The natives, too, are becoming reconciled to the Englishmen living here—yet many of them are with us."

"Japan does not want Hawaii for several reasons. It is too far away, it would be too expensive to keep, and would be of no benefit whatever. If Japan should get possession of Hawaii the reciprocity treaty which now exists between the islands and the United States would be null and void. The islands are practically the only one of importance in the islands. It would be impossible to import sugar from the United States, which is virtually its only market. As a place to operate from in case of war the islands would be of no value to Japan; for Japan would never think of engaging in war with the United States. We have secured Formosa, which is an important position to operate from both against China and England. The articles written in Hawaii papers about Japanese intentions are intended to scare the United States into annexation, but are without foundation."

One needs to be in Hawaii but a very short time to be convinced of two things: that the monarchical rule never can be again established; secondly, that there is a strong sentiment among all classes in favor of annexation. It is at once evident that the part to be played by the natives in the future is insignificant. Why? One reason is that they are rapidly dying out.



FORMERLY THE PALACE, NOW THE EXECUTIVE BUILDING.

directly that Congress is about to pass this bill.

"What would be the result of such an action?" the President answered: "If universal suffrage is to be extended upon this question, it is hard to tell what would be the result. If, however, the vote be taken basing suffrage upon the constitution of 1887, I have no doubt that a vote of annexation would be the outcome. If we are not annexed now, we shall simply wait patiently until another administration secures the reins of government, when we hope to be admitted into the fold of the Union."

"If the United States continues to reduce annexation, it is probable that Great Britain will be asked to assume a protectorate?" I queried.

"We are American in spirit," he replied, "and do not like even to contemplate such a step; yet our safety may oblige us to take it." "I asked, 'Is it true that the government is running heavily into debt, and that this may prove a source of weakness?'" "Our financial condition has been very

bone of the population, have but one wish, that these islands, beautiful as a necklace of sparkling diamonds, may at last be brought to adorn Columbia. A few of the planters are opposed to annexation for the reason that it would prohibit the importation of contract labor from China and Japan, without which they say their industries cannot be carried on successfully. Another objection to annexation is the ex-Queen, Liliuokalani, who, liberated from prison last Fourth of July, is now living here in the utmost poverty, and is receiving any one except her servants. She impresses one as a crushed and bitterly disappointed woman.

NILES-GRON.
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THE PARTITION OF AFRICA.

THE MOST FAMOUS TRIUMPH OF MODERN DIPLOMACY.

Case of All the War Talk—It May Set Germany and Great Britain Fighting Furiously—The South African Republic.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

In recent years the powers of Europe found it to their mutual interest to come together and reach an agreement on the subject of Africa. Things had assumed a very complicated aspect in the dark continent and the rival powers were all at sea as to who owned certain territories within its limits. Accordingly the diplomats held a series of meetings at Berlin, Paris and Vienna, and the result has become famous under the name of the Partition of Africa. What that partition was may be gathered from an inspection of the accompanying chart, which is the first accurate treaty map of Africa ever published on this side of the water.

The partition was very unlucky. It led to no end of disagreement. That disagreement has now reached an acute stage in this row over the Transvaal. No one has alluded to the fact that all the powers concerned in the partition, namely, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Spain and Portugal, claimed dominion over the rich little strip of country known as the South African Republic. It was finally agreed that the republic should be recognized as an independent power, but that its foreign relations should be entirely under the control of Great Britain. In return for this, Portugal was permitted to acquire possession of a large slice of coast territory in the eastern part of Africa.

It is the cause of all the trouble today between Germany and Great Britain. Germany claims that Great Britain has not kept faith with it, because it has advanced money to Portugal to Portugal and never getting it back again, with the distinct understanding

that Portugal should place her territory in Africa at the disposal of Great Britain. It will be remembered that the King of Portugal was lately in London on his usual errand of borrowing money; and the violation of the partition, to use the diplomatic term, alleged to have been then consummated.

Now, the violation of the partition is Emperor William's excuse for having sent his famous message of congratulation to President Kruger. Of course, it is impossible to determine which side is right. There is always the awkward ethical conundrum of the right of the powers to divide Africa up among themselves.

Of all the powers Italy has had the worst luck. By the terms of the partition, each country was at liberty to obtain possession of its African territories by conquest. They all acquired except Italy. That unfortunate country got Abyssinia and Harar for its share of Africa, and every Italian army sent thither has been soundly thrashed by the natives. Lobengula gave the British some hard work, but they downed him at last. Harar has been the scene of some very bloody battles of late, and the theater of war is now Abyssinia.

The net results of the partition are a lot of boundary disputes and the creation of a border between the African army scattered over the continent in detachments. These detachments are surreptitiously armed, it is claimed, by agents of the royal powers. Thus Germany accuses Great Britain of having secretly armed the blacks in German East Africa. Other powers make similar accusations against their neighbors.

The British South Africa Company has been very prominent as a result of this outbreak of war feeling. This famous corporation was chartered in 1889, and the Duke of Abercorn, K.G., is chairman of it. Its deputy chairman is the Duke of Fife, who married a daughter of the Prince of Wales. Cecil Rhodes is one of the directors. According to its charter, it may "develop" the regions south of the Zambesi. The first thing the company did was to fight Lobengula, King of the Matabele. The company's troops next pushed on to Mt. Hampden and built

the town of Salisbury, named after the British Premier. This place is now the capital of Mashonaland. Subsequently the company began operations north of the Zambesi, and today its territories cover the whole of British South Africa. This territory within the boundaries stipulated by the famous partition, covers an area of 750,000 square miles. There are now nearly forty thousand gold-mining claims established in the region. The precious metal is said to abound.

The South African Republic was first founded in 1840, but was not recognized as a free and independent state until 1854. But in 1880 the little republic had actually a war with Great Britain, and strange as it may seem, it forced that country to submit to thrashing British troops. Johannesburg, the town which figured so prominently in the recent war dispatches, has a population of 20,000. The capital, Pretoria, has 6500 inhabitants. President Kruger has served three times in his present office. He will be 70 years old next October. He has ten grown children. The Transvaal is rich in gold.

So much for the present condition of things. It all grows out of the partition of Africa. That remarkable agreement in diplomacy, and certainly the most famous concert ever entered into by civilized nations since the Middle Ages. It seems to be going to pieces, and to be creating a general European smash-up. But to the diplomats it is what Blenheim was to Marlborough—a famous victory.

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THE FRINGE OF ROYALTY.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)

Recently, when in London, I had the good fortune to board with a private family of moderate means, but comprising among its members several very clever daughters. One of these daughters was companion to a lady in Denmark, who was an intimate friend of the dowager Queen. Thus it happened that the young lady companion became a frequent visitor at the palace, and was indebted to the queen for many social favors.

She used to write us much of the exceeding simplicity of this household, whose descendants will occupy the most important throne in Europe. Of how, for instance, while playing duets with the queen, the king's son-in-law, listen awhile, and then they would all lunch informally with the king and grandsons of future kings talked quite familiarly of his stomach ache.

One day word came that a former lady-in-waiting to the queen was to be in London, and would present herself at the house to bring greetings from the absent daughter. She was accordingly invited to dine, and we all gathered ourselves in a manner we thought befitting so important an occasion as dining with an ex-lady-in-waiting to the dowager Queen. The dinner was a most delightful affair, and the young lady companion, who was a frequent visitor at the palace, and was indebted to the queen for many social favors.

At the appointed hour a middle-aged, florid-faced spinster, with hair drawn tightly over her ears, and the brown strings of her saddest demure bonnet tied in a stiff bow under her chin, presented herself. Her square-shouldered, slab-sided figure was decked out in a brown wool gown, so old-fashioned that the shoulder seam came half-way to the elbow, and her bonnet was encased in ill-fitting gloves. A tout ensemble that one would hardly find in these days in the remotest corner of our backwoods villages.

And such a primitive old soul, with the most limited range of ideas! However, once recovered from the momentary shock, we entered upon the most joyous time. The ancient dame was manifestly on pleasure bent, and the everydayness of our lives was full of fresh interest to her. Her credulous curiosity about America sorely tempted one to indulge in weird and fanciful tales for her benefit. Detonate the ordinary affairs of life carried on by means of electric buttons and telephones furnished a subject of fairy-like element. Fortunately, she had a sense of humor, and this, with her naive interest and broken English, made the evening delightfully amusing. The one thing she knew well was court etiquette.

She went from us directly to Marlborough House, where she met with a cordial reception from the Princess of Wales, who escorted her to Windsor the next day. In the same way, she had been welcomed and here she was welcomed and dined by Her Imperial Majesty and Queen of all the English. And this is the nearest I have yet come to touching the fringe of royalty.

A Foolish and Her Pup.

(The Californian, Bakersfield.) A fooler up in Fresno, who had a dog for a pet, taken advantage of the fact that a baby instead, had the good fortune to lose the canine. Thereupon she wrote out a death notice, took it to the Republican office and had it published. The advertising clerk, supposing from the name that it was some Chinese infant who had died, the notice read as follows:

Subsequently the facts were disclosed, and of A. J. Waterhouse said he respected to the fooler and her pup as follows:

Here little Chow, who rapped and yapped for a pet, taken advantage of the fact that a baby instead, had the good fortune to lose the canine. Thereupon she wrote out a death notice, took it to the Republican office and had it published. The advertising clerk, supposing from the name that it was some Chinese infant who had died, the notice read as follows:

Los Angeles, Ca

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THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETIN.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles.
 Jan. 18.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.08; at 5 p.m. 30.10. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 54 deg. and 58 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 91; 5 p.m., 100. Wind, 5 a.m., east, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 2 miles. Maximum temperature, 61 deg.; minimum temperature, 51 deg. Rainfall past twenty-four hours, 1.1 inch; rainfall for season, 2.85 inches. Character of weather, 5 a.m., clear; 5 p.m., cloudy. Barometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on Jan. 18, 1896. **GEORGE E. FRANKLIN,** Observer. Observation taken at all stations at 5 p.m. With meridian time.

Place of Observation.	Bar. Ther.
Los Angeles, clear	30.10 58
San Diego, cloudy	30.12 55
San Luis Obispo, cloudy	30.08 55
Fresno, cloudy	30.02 55
San Francisco, cloudy	30.02 55
Portland, clear	29.98 54
Portland, partly cloudy	29.72 48

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The formation of an ice trust is reported in the far East. The combination should have no difficulty in freezing out competition.

On a tombstone in a San Diego graveyard is the following epitaph: "To the memory of Thomas Kelly, who was accidentally killed by his brother as a mark of respect."

A Redlands citizen celebrated the advent of a new baby by filling himself with whiskey. He was forthwith thrown into the deepest dungeon of the City Jail. Then this modern Sampson arose in his might, demolished the jail—or a piece of it—and departed.

Everything indicates that the school-house contractors will get the extension of time from the Council that they ask. Thus do the municipal officials in winter prepare for the gay and festive vacation of the summer season.

At a society wedding at Los Angeles recently not only the decorations, but the supper, were brought from San Francisco, and at a ball on Friday evening a San Francisco "man" was brought down to decorate the rooms. Outsiders must form a poor opinion of Los Angeles when they read such items as these.

The City Council will be called upon tomorrow to take action on a novel proposition from a would-be garbage-collecting firm. This firm proposes to bid on a franchise giving it the right to collect garbage and tax the citizens directly, thus favored, instead of receiving payment through the municipal treasury for services rendered.

The world is small indeed in these days of steam travel. A man stepped into a Rochester, N. Y., ticket office recently and bought a single ticket to Timaru, New Zealand, for a 14,000-mile journey. The ticket was over a yard long. A ticket to California is over half a yard long when unfolded, but the ease of the journey from New York to Los Angeles is surprising to one who makes it for the first time.

A number of proposals from persons desirous of leasing land for public market purposes are in the hands of the Council committee appointed to investigate and report on the matter. Some of the land offered is not centrally located and cannot of course be considered for market purposes. The suggestion that the Plaza be set apart for a public market-place, meets with the favor of the Council, and seems to have the preponderance of argument in its favor.

As the wide-awake, progressive Southern California rancher guides the plow over the fruitful acres of this sunny land, he may sometimes think of the Chinaman agriculturist as a slow-going sort of creature, and not worthy of much respect. On the other hand, it is well to remember that the very plows used in California today are the descendants, as it were, of the first plows used by the Chinese. That plow has the honor of doing the first plowing with anything like a modern plow, 237 years before Christ.

Redlands sets Southern California orange-growers an example worthy of emulation. The growers of that town propose to send a guarantee with the fruit shipments to the effect that it is sound and has not been nipped by frost. The shipments of damaged fruit by unscrupulous growers is an injury to the business of honest men. A guarantee of the quality of fruit from reputable producers ought to do much toward removing any prejudice which may exist against California oranges and to seriously injure the efforts of tricksters to market unsound or frostbitten products.

The meeting in the San Diego Chamber of Commerce recently to discuss the question of tobacco culture in that county, brought forth evidence proving conclusively that tobacco has been successfully grown there. Ranchers manifest a deep interest in the matter, and eastern manufacturers are giving the question serious consideration. With the variety of soils and climates to be found within the limits of San Diego county, it seems reasonable that tobacco-growing there could be prosecuted profitably. The quality of tobacco there possible can be determined only by experiment on a larger scale than has yet been attempted.

It is not stated whether the so-called "California River and Harbor Improvement Association," which recently met in San Francisco, has any connection with the recently defunct Half Million Club, but its objects appear to be about the same, judging from the fact that no reference was made to any improvement except that of rivers tributary to San Francisco. San Francisco people cannot be surprised that Southern Californians do not extend them more sympathy while they exhibit such a narrow-minded, local spirit. It becomes more evident every year that the southern counties will have to paddle their own canoe, as far as getting anything from the government is concerned.

Mr. W. M. Edwards, formerly Wm. M. Edwards Co., No. 114 West First street, now at No. 223 South Spring street. See the brief notice in the Webb-Edwards-Pechman Co., successors to Century Engraving Co.

SIBERIAN RAILROAD.

FORMING A SYNDICATE TO BUILD THE RUSSIAN LINE.

Better Mail Facilities for Arizona. The Panama Canal Company Will Build a Railroad—Passengers Hither and Thither by Steamer.

The Arizona railway mail service used to be as badly hampered by lack of men as is the Los Angeles post office at present. But the authorities have at last realized the Territory's needs in this respect, and within the last seven months the number of railway postal clerks has been more than doubled. Every appointment is made under civil service rules, and the work is excellently planned and carried out. Arizona is a part of the division of which Los Angeles is the center. William Gustafson, Arizona, has just received an appointment as railway postal clerk. Clyde A. Kegeris of Chino is a second new appointment.

RATES FOR BAPTISTS.
 CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—A ruling was handed down by Chairman Caldwell today to the effect that the rate of \$80 agreed to west of the eastern gateway of the transcontinental line, for the Baptist anniversary to be held at Portland, Or., next May, will be available only for the line from St. Paul, Minn., to Memphis, Tenn., and other gateways. It will not apply from St. Louis, Mo., New Orleans, and more remote points are not included in the territory from which the regular one-way thirty-day first-class tickets are to be sold.

The committee of the New York Mining Exchange which has been making an effort to secure reduced rates from Denver to New York on the occasion of the opening of the Mining Exchange in the latter city, has failed in its endeavor. The Transcontinental and Western Passenger Association, which had agreed to make low rates if the lines east of Chicago would do the same. The latter, however, would not agree and the plan of the committee, which was to run a special train from Denver to New York for the opening, has been given up. The complication between the lines in Colorado shows no sign of settlement. The Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf has over 700 tickets in the hands of brokers, and the counting of them up is more than it cares to assume. It has again asked the Atchafalaya and Denver and Rio Grande, which it claims are equally interested with it in the maintenance of rates in Colorado, to bid in closing the market, but both lines have flatly declined. They say that they had no hand in placing the tickets with the brokers, and that it is none of their business to take them out.

THE SIBERIAN ROAD.
 ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 18.—The Republic publishes the following: "Primary steps will be taken today looking to the organization of a syndicate of St. Louis capitalists for the purpose of constructing a portion of the great railroad project across Siberia from the Russian border to the Pacific coast, a distance of 5000 miles. M. S. Carter & Co., R. M. Quigley & Co., and B. A. Aldrich are the St. Louis people interested in the venture. Monroe & Lee of Lawrence, Kas., are also in the deal. Mr. Aldrich is the general agent for the Kibourne & Jacobs Manufacturing Company, of Columbus, O., and is interested largely in railroad building. The formation of the syndicate was the outcome of the arrival in St. Louis yesterday of a man who registered at the Planter's Hotel as 'R. E. de Saviner, railroad contractor, San Francisco.' Mr. Saviner, as he says he prefers to be called, has a contract for building a portion of the line, and is on his way to Paris to interest French capitalists in the scheme. The Russian government is behind the road, and it is with the Russian government the St. Louis men will have to deal in making the contract. M. Saviner is the Count de Toulouse Lautrec.

PANAMA CANAL'S RAILROAD.
 COLON, Jan. 18.—The Panama Canal Company is making gigantic preparations for railroad construction. It is purchasing immense quantities of cross ties and coal.

COMING BY BOAT.
 SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Passengers on the steamer Corona for Los Angeles: R. Malcolm, J. E. Mattison, J. W. Galbraith, William Gibson, B. Gordon, Mrs. H. Eubank, Miss Mattison, Mrs. Mattison, J. H. Deeny, D. Leland, W. J. Cochran and wife, W. P. Patterson, Mrs. McIntyre, E. A. McColland and wife, D. Donahue, H. C. Smith, and nine steerage. For Santa Barbara: A. Jacob, S. R. Hall, W. Stiles, Mrs. M. Stiller, E. F. Wellington, M. H. Churchill, and one steerage. For San Diego: Mrs. L. F. Larsen, F. J. Poth and wife, F. Gaularte, C. Lang and three steerage.

SAILED NORTHWARD.
 The steamer Santa Rosa sailed northward yesterday. The passengers bound for San Francisco were: J. S. Howell, G. Hutchinson and wife, Mrs. C. Powers, Mrs. L. Poulter, T. W. Alsbitt and wife, Mrs. M. Plummer, Miss A. Paquel, J. Flynn, H. W. Vermillion, S. Briggs and wife, A. Bodelson, L. Carr, A. Lejune, C. W. Goodale, D. A. Williams, Mrs. J. E. Weaver, Mrs. H. P. Clark, R. McCeney and eight steerage. For San Luis Obispo: J. McMillon, F. Enos, and Mrs. H. Y. Stanley. For Santa Barbara: C. J. Booth.

Arthur Faba in Jail.
 Arthur Faba, the betrayer of Erolinda Guirado, is now reposing in the County Jail, one of his bondsmen having expressed a desire to be released from the bond. The girl came into court with the request that the case be dismissed, but Justice Young informed her that the people of the State of California were prosecuting the case, and that, as she was only a witness, no amount of emolument releasing could save her seducer from trial and punishment, if proved guilty.

4 Points
 ABOUT
CORBIN'S BUILDERS' HARDWARE
 —Are—
 Beauty, Finish, Workmanship, Strength,
 NOT TO COUNT THE OTHERS.

The Tuttle Mercantile Co.,
 308-310 S. BROADWAY.

Mr. W. M. Edwards, formerly Wm. M. Edwards Co., No. 114 West First street, now at No. 223 South Spring street. See the brief notice in the Webb-Edwards-Pechman Co., successors to Century Engraving Co.

DON'T MISS SEEING IT.

Why Tourists Should Visit Hotel del Coronado, San Diego County.

Tourists will find at Hotel del Coronado America's largest seaside resort, the greatest number and diversity of attractions and the most agreeable climate enjoyed anywhere.

These make it the most popular winter resort in America. Its elegant appointments, superior cuisine, spacious hot and cold salt-water swimming tanks, invigorating surf-bathing, abundant fishing from the iron pier and hunting with hounds, its new cycling boulevard, the safety of its heating and the elegance of its dancing parties are among the pleasures that render it a paradise for tourists.

Inquire of H. F. Norcross, Coronado agent, 129 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, for terms.

Goodman Pleads Self-defense.
 Detective Goodman pleaded not guilty to the charge of battery before Justice Owens yesterday. The testimony of R. J. Colver, the reporter who was slapped, and Detective Braden, Moffatt and Goodman was taken. Goodman admitted that he slapped Colver, but claimed he did so in self-defense. The question as to the guilt of the defendant was too knotty a point for the court to decide at once, so it was taken under advisement. By some oversight or neglect of the part of a clerk Goodman's name was never put on the register kept for recording arrests, neither does it appear on the bailiff's list of Police Court cases.

Newsdealer Perrine Replied.
 George N. Perrine, the news-dealer, who figured in a court case reported yesterday in a manner much to his own disadvantage, disclaims responsibility for the arrest and prosecution of the lad who robbed his store and was sent to Whittier for the crime. Mr. Perrine says that the boy, instead of taking only one package of cigarettes, which was the only property named in the original complaint, really took \$5 or \$7 worth of goods, for which he accepted \$5 from the boy's mother as compensation after he had reported the theft to the police. He says he did not prosecute the lad, though he admits he was indiscreet in accepting "pay for the stolen goods."

Citricura
 the great
SKIN CURE
 Instantly Relieves
TORTURING
 Skin Diseases

And the most distressing forms of itching, burning, bleeding and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, and points to a speedy cure with all other remedies and the best physician fail.

SPEDDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CITRICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CITRICURA (ointment), and mild doses of CITRICURA RESOLVENT (the new blood purifier).

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. N. B. & Sons, 1, King Edward's, London. TUTTLE'S NEWS AND CIGAR CO., Sole Prop., Boston, U. S. A.

Hunger in plenty's lap is that unquenchable thirst for alcohol. Crush it by the Keeley Treatment.

The Keeley Institute.
 Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts.,
 Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank.

'96 FOWLER
 Art Catalogue.
 "Fowler Facts For '96."
 Mailed Free.
 L. K. Fowler & Co. Inc.
 431 South Spring St.

70 WHAT? 70
 This means that 70 persons are each to have a large LION RANCH, together with a fine building lot, which will face a beautiful park and located in Southern California.
 A small yearly payment and a good moral character will be requisite for a FEW more to secure membership.
 For full information concerning this, address
W. S. FAWSETT, Sec., Whittier, Cal.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.
 Beautiful sets of teeth on rubber or celluloid, ranging in price from \$5 up. People from abroad can come in the morning and wear their teeth home the same day.
 Temporary sets which look well and can be worn with comfort inserted in a few hours after teeth have been extracted.
 Many of our patients living on Kite-shape track—pay R. K. fare, can have a visit with friends in Los Angeles and get their teeth—all for the same price their home dentist charges for teeth.
 We extract all teeth without pain; nothing inhaled and no cocaine used, which is dangerous. Only safe method for elderly people and persons in delicate health.
 You do not have to take something and run the risk. Only \$5 a tooth.

Schiffman Method Dental Co.,
 Rooms 22 to 26 Schumacher Block,
 107 N. Spring street,
 Los Angeles

ANTI-KOFF,
 PRICE, 10c.
 Ask your Druggist for it.

Spruce Gum Balsam,
 FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
 Ask Your Druggist For It.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 South Broadway,
 Opposite City Hall.

CORSETS.

Whether you are in immediate need of a corset, or not, it would be wise for you to look into this opportunity.

The Celebrated R. & G. Corsets,
 In pink and blue, reduced from \$1.75 to..... **\$1.25**

Broken lines of R. & G.,
 Balls, and Patent Roman Corsets, at..... **75c**

Former prices from \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Several Well-known makes of Corsets,
 Large sizes only, at..... **50c**

Formerly sold at \$1.25.

Ladies' Black Double V Waists,
 Reduced from \$1.75 to..... **\$1.00**

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

We desire to call special attention to the following odd lots of discontinued lines; not a poor garment among them. The following reductions are genuine:

Boys' and Misses' Pure Australian
 Wool Underwear, at..... **50c**

These goods are of very superior quality, and have sold at \$1.50 per garment.

Ladies' Fleece-lined Maco Cotton Vests,
 At..... **25c**

32 doz. Ladies' White Australian
 Wool Vests and Pants, at..... **75c**

Would be excellent value at \$1.00.

NOTICE.—Our Store will be closed on Saturday evenings until further notice.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

Keep Your Eye on No. 230
 South Main Street.

P. H. MATHEWS
 Who sells
TOWN AND COUNTRY PAINTS.

OLIVES Those Ripe Black
MISSION OLIVES
 Are the best of all. See them at
H. JEVNE'S, 136 and 138 N. Spring st.

Spence & Co.
 413 S. Spring St., Dealers in
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC.

We sell a good Coffee for 25c per lb; we sell a choice Coffee for 30c per lb; we sell the choicest Mocha and Java for 35c per lb. You will save 25 per cent. to 50 per cent. by buying from us.

70 WHAT? 70
 This means that 70 persons are each to have a large LION RANCH, together with a fine building lot, which will face a beautiful park and located in Southern California.
 A small yearly payment and a good moral character will be requisite for a FEW more to secure membership.
 For full information concerning this, address
W. S. FAWSETT, Sec., Whittier, Cal.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.
 Beautiful sets of teeth on rubber or celluloid, ranging in price from \$5 up. People from abroad can come in the morning and wear their teeth home the same day.
 Temporary sets which look well and can be worn with comfort inserted in a few hours after teeth have been extracted.
 Many of our patients living on Kite-shape track—pay R. K. fare, can have a visit with friends in Los Angeles and get their teeth—all for the same price their home dentist charges for teeth.
 We extract all teeth without pain; nothing inhaled and no cocaine used, which is dangerous. Only safe method for elderly people and persons in delicate health.
 You do not have to take something and run the risk. Only \$5 a tooth.

Schiffman Method Dental Co.,
 Rooms 22 to 26 Schumacher Block,
 107 N. Spring street,
 Los Angeles

ANTI-KOFF,
 PRICE, 10c.
 Ask your Druggist for it.

Spruce Gum Balsam,
 FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
 Ask Your Druggist For It.

J. T. SHEWARD

113-115 North Spring St.

The few rainy days gave us an opportunity to thoroughly examine all stocks and to revise a few prices. We came across a fine line of plain all-wool Dress Goods in 48 inches wide that are marked in stock for \$1.50. A small line of silk and wool mixtures in fine qualities, marked to sell for \$2 a yard. In the \$1.50 line we have a good assortment of colors and they are extra choice styles and fine goods. Following out the lines we have been pursuing in closing out each season all goods, we will offer these goods Monday for \$1 a yard. They are all first-class styles and much better in quality than any Dress Goods yet offered for the price.

We have 13 fine Suits. The price has been from \$15 to \$25. We make two prices only on the lot, \$5 and \$7.50. This will wind up every pattern suit left in the house and will give our customers the best bargain of the kind ever offered in this city.

A little lot of fine German Flannels, the price has been 20c and 25c a yard, Monday 15c.

Only a few of the \$4 Silk Waists in stock. You never saw their equal for less than \$6. All new within a week.

About ten or twelve dozen Ladies' Jersey-ribbed Vests, white and natural; never sold for less than 75c, to close, 50 cents.

As good a corset as any one sells in this city for \$1, Monday here for 50c, nearly all sizes.

One-hundred-yard spool silk 3c. Knitting Silks, all colors, 22c. Good steel Scissors 25c. Hair Brushes, made to sell for 75c, Monday 35c. A lot of small notions and fancy articles that have been from 25c to 50c, the price to close will be 10c.

We have reduced the prices on two lines of the better class of Comforts. Examine them. They will cost no more than the cheaper grades.

White Quilts, as good as any \$2 quality, Monday \$1.25.

Best quality Sewing Machine Oil 5c. Rubber Elastic 5c and 10c, about half price. Monday will be bargain day.

We will sell out all odd lots at great reduced prices.

Newberry's

Absolutely Pure
 Maple Syrup, within the reach of all. Nothing finer ever comes to this market than Log Cabin Brand. Try it. 1-gal. cans, \$1.25. 1/2-gal. cans, 70c. 1/4-gal. cans, 40c.

We are also handling Welch Bros.' Vermont Syrup at the same figures. 1-gal. cans, \$1.25. 1/2-gal. cans, 70c. 1/4-gal. cans, 40c.

216-218 South Spring Street.

DR. FOX'S HEALTH FOOD
 PURITY
 HEALTH
 STRENGTH

MADE FROM SELECTED AUSTRALIAN WHITE WHEAT.
 In a Manner to Retain the Phosphate of the Whole Wheat.
 COOKED AND DIGESTED QUICKLY.
 Prepared at **DR. FOX'S SANITARIUM.** For Sale by all Grocers.

TERRY
 311 West Second street,
 Near Broadway. Phone 1549.

5 gallons Coal Oil.....	5c	California Olives, per qt.....	10c
5 gallons Gasoline.....	5c	Plain or Mixed Pickles, per qt.....	5c
Tomatoes, per can.....	5c	Sweet Pickles, per qt.....	10c
Corn, per can.....	5c	Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb.....	25c
Sardines, per can.....	5c	50c Uncolored Japan Tea, per lb.....	25c
Honey, per frame.....	10c	20 pounds Granulated Sugar.....	1.00
Breakfast Food, per package.....	7c	10 pounds Corn Meal.....	1.00
Ham, per pound.....	10c	Graham Crackers, per pound.....	5c
Bacon, per pound.....	10c	Ginger Snaps, per pound.....	10c
20-lb box 3 Crown Raisins.....	90c	Special prices on all goods this week	

NADAEU
 311-313 S. Main St.
FURNITURE HALF PRICE



SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

IMPRISONMENT FOR PASSING A FRAUDULENT DRAFT.

The Court Remembered Hadley's Ill Health and Previous Good Character—Wants Money Back Again—Raised the Flag on Mount Harrison.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 17.—(Regular Correspondence.) The trial of W. S. Hadley on the charge of getting a fraudulent draft cashed culminated today in his sentence to imprisonment for fifteen months. The jury, after forty-six hours' deliberation, recommended the extreme mercy of the court. The court took into consideration his physical condition and previous good character in fixing the sentence.

MORE LIGHT.

Word has been received from President Lloyd of the San Bernardino Electric Light Company that he has purchased the entire plant of the Electric Light and Power Company. This includes the plant at East Riverside and lines to this city and along the streets, together with the incandescent plant on C street. This will give the San Bernardino Electric Light Company ample power to meet its contract with the city to light the public streets for the ensuing year, and will increase its capacity to furnish light to private houses. The contract to furnish light to the city is drawn and ready to be signed.

THE NEVADA SOUTHERN.

A telegram from San Diego announces that W. H. Carlson of that city has purchased of I. E. Blake his interest in the Nevada Southern Railway. The road is forty miles long, running from Blake station, on the line of the Atlantic and Pacific, to Manvel. No deed of such transfer has been recorded here, but instead the County Recorder has received a telegram from Carlson, remitting \$1 for recorder's fees, but no deed has arrived. Not long since the road was sold at a receiver's sale for \$150,000, to pay its debts. Any sale of the road must be made subject to the amount of the sale. It is rumored the sale to Carlson is in the interests of the Southern Pacific and the line from Utah to San Diego.

P. H. Levy, who died Saturday in San Francisco, was long a prominent citizen of San Bernardino.

Roseau J. Wilmut of Ontario has filed a petition asking the court to set aside his assets at \$2000 and his liabilities at \$2733.60.

Elijah C. Phelps has brought suit against Luke Carson and Fanny Davis of Ontario to collect \$800 and interest. W. E. Van Slyke, in a suit against W. R. Porter, asks judgment for \$1000.25, alleging that he signed a note with Porter as surety and had the note to pay.

Mr. Harrison is now honored with the Stars and Stripes, placed upon the summit by party of East Highlands mountaineers.

COLTON.

COLTON, Jan. 18.—(Regular Correspondence.) The cement works are about to resume work with a double force of men.

The revival meetings will continue through the week in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

A Mr. Reeves of whom little is known, died at the Transcontinental Hotel Thursday night of consumption. Word has been received of the death of Dr. H. M. Egan, late of Colton, at his home in Danville, N. Y., on January 5.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Mayor Carlson Again Enveloped in a Veil of Mystery.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 18.—(Regular Correspondence.) His Honor, the Mayor, Little Billie Carlson, again throws about himself a fog of mystery concerning railroad matters by simply refusing to talk. The potency of keeping one's mouth shut is realized by Little Billie, and he keeps almost as mum as a clam. The cause of all this fog is the filing of a deed conveying to William H. Carlson, as trustee, the entire Nevada Southern Railway Company's system, from roadbed to rolling-stock. The road is forty miles long, extending from Blake, near The Needles, on the Atlantic and Pacific, to Manvel, toward Salt Lake. The deed was signed by Isaac E. Blake, in New York, on January 9, and is now on file in San Bernardino county. From the terminus of the Nevada Southern, at Yavevel, to the Union Pacific terminus at Milford, Utah, is 250 miles. Part of this route has been graded. A partial survey of the road through San Bernardino county has been made. It is believed that the Rio Grande Railway officials also want a Pacific Coast outlet. Gen. D. C. Dodge, the president, and Passenger Agent Babcock visited the Coast a few months ago to look over the country. It is reported that Gen. Dodge gave information on returning to Salt Lake that his company would begin building toward Southern California this spring. In certain quarters here it is believed that Carlson acts as the figure-head for the Southern Pacific, although to others it seems inconsistent that Huntington should employ the proprietor of five newspapers, president of two inoperative railroads, etc., as his agent. Yet when Stephen T. Gage was here a few weeks ago, he held a close consultation with Little Billie. If Southern California ships 10,000 carloads of oranges this year it means \$3,000,000 freight for that one item alone, and a large increase as the fruit trees of all kinds mature.

Ebanks continues his testimony in his trial for murder and contradicts himself or refuses to answer questions. He says that during a period about the time the murders were committed his mind was a blank. The man utters further contradictory statements in opposition to abundantly proven testimony. The case will occupy a part of next week, or nearly three weeks in all.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The Escondido Land and Town Company elects as directors Jacob Gruendike, J. E. Fishburn, D. F. Garretts, Jerry Toles, John Mason, C. Q. Stanton, D. F. Hale. The officers are: Gruendike, president; Hale, vice-president and general manager; Stanton, secretary. First National Bank, treasurer. Mr. Hale succeeds Jerry Toles as manager, and J. A. Altamirano, Jr., succeeds Hale as manager of the San Marcos Land and Town Company.

A horticultural convention will be held at the Chamber of Commerce on January 21 and 22.

G. H. Wetmore will build a \$1000 house at National avenue and Thirtieth street.

F. F. Adams transfers an undivided half interest of the Red Mountain ranch at Fallbrook to F. D. Schnell, for \$35,000. This is one of the finest ranches in the county.

G. C. Flavel and wife, Astoria, Or., are at the Hotel Florence.

Among the Coronado arrivals are Mr. and Mrs. George Montgomery of Buffalo, N. Y.

The bark Killcrankie, just arrived, reports that the bark Empire entered Callao so dismantled by a storm that she was condemned, abandoned and her crew sent home to England. The steward of that bark was washed overboard and lost. Five hundred tons of coal were thrown overboard to save the ship.

Paul H. Blades emphatically denies that report, first published here, that E. S. Babcock had acquired his stock in the Sun, saying: "Mr. Babcock has not purchased my stock nor any portion of it. Neither have I sold any share or portion of it to any one else, nor has there been any talk or negotiation between Mr. Babcock or any one representing him or me relating to any such deed." It will please the many friends of Mr. Blades to learn that he will continue to direct the Sun, and also do what he can for this city in Los Angeles.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

THE RAIN HAS BEATEN DOWN MANY FROSTED ORANGES.

Estimated that the Loss Will Amount to Fifty Per Cent.—Packing-houses Closing for the Season. Still Much Good Fruit Left.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 18.—(Regular Correspondence.) The scene presented in Riverside today is a sad one. The frost which came upon the valley on Saturday night, January 4, was known from the start to have done great damage, but it takes several days to reveal the true extent of the damage done, and the manner of estimates have been heard. The Times correspondent has purposely refrained from comment until the damage was fully in evidence. The rain has done its work of loosening the fruit from the trees, and throughout the valley, barring a few scattered orchards, the ground beneath the trees is growing yellow with the fallen fruit. While the damage is no more severe on certain orchards than that of two years ago, it is evident that the damage covers more territory, extending almost entirely over the valley.

Riverside had in eight on January 4 a crop of oranges promising to bring in more than a million dollars to the growers. What will now be realized is a matter of conjecture, but the most favorable estimate that can possibly be made is that the marketable fruit has shrunk one-half.

One of the leading packers had bought heavily of oranges. A good portion of them he succeeded in marketing, but on Thursday he hauled out and dumped by the roadside twelve carloads of fruit for which he had paid \$7000.

With all their misfortune the people of Riverside are manifesting wonderful pluck, the calamity which fell upon them never shook their courage. The extent of their misfortune would never be heard from their lips, and yet the interest of the future demand an honest chronicle of the conditions as they exist.

One of the private packing-houses has closed for about a week, and the others there is no longer evidence of a disposition to rush fruit to market. It can be said that the fruit to be shipped after this date will be that which has comparatively or wholly escaped the frost. That which was badly injured is now in the hands of the packers, which precludes the possibility of shipment.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

J. R. Brought of Strawberry Valley was given a license to drive a motor car. Lida Perry of Pasadena. The couple were soon after married by Justice Mills. The groom is 37 years old, while the bride confesses to forty-seven years.

Luey Hook, the Chinaman who was hurt in the runaway Thursday, died Friday and was buried today with imposing secret-society ceremonies.

The Aramont Concert Company will give an entertainment in Y.M.C.A. Hall Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Kimball Opera Company is billed for the Lyric on Thursday evening, January 22.

A petition has been filed with the Supervisors asking for a new school district to be laid out in the Alford district, to consist of that part of Magnolia district lying below Taylor street.

Gradually the idle workmen are drifting away from the streets, and their normal appearance once more.

SANTA MONICA.

Prosecuting Work on Electric Road. Chicken Thief Jailed.

SANTA MONICA, Jan. 18.—(Regular Correspondence.) Notwithstanding the rain work on the electric road between Los Angeles and this city is to be prosecuted continuously. The weather has caused some inconvenience in the work, but the men employed on it, many of whom have temporary quarters in this city, have gone out to it as usual.

CHICKEN THIEF SENTENCED.

Francisco Higuera, a Mexican formerly employed at Port Los Angeles, was sentenced by Justice Wells today to spend twenty-five days in the County Jail. E. Noyarin, a Frenchman of Santa Monica, saw Higuera prowling about his hen roost and chased him. The pursued man, being hard pressed, dropped a gunny-sack, which he carried. He made his escape, but an examination of the contents of the sack, revealed a chicken and a turkey belonging to Noyarin and a quantity of shirts and other new furnishings, which were identified as having been stolen from the store of P. A. Galgani at Santa Monica. Noyarin swore out a warrant, charging John Doe with stealing the goods. Constable Myers, with a very meager description of the man, located him and placed him under arrest just as he was leaving town on an outgoing train. Higuera pleaded guilty before Justice

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Wells this morning and will spend twenty-five days in the County Jail.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

A German named Haffelbauer, about 50 years of age, employed at Ballona by Thomas Olivares, fell from a house on which he was working Thursday evening. The bones of his right wrist sustained several fractures and his

skull was cracked. He was attended by a Santa Monica physician.

BREVITIES.

J. J. Wellson of Portome is at the Jackson.

The steamer Santa Rosa sailed for the north from Port Los Angeles this afternoon, taking on twenty-five passengers and 170 tons of merchandise.

Second Week of The Great January Clearing Sale.

Everything offered for sale is of our own design and manufacture. Not a thing skipped or skimped in the making. Not the musky, hashed-up, made-in-a-hurry dry goods store kinds, but every garment planned on a liberal basis, and made as if for a queen. Not a stitch or a shape wrong anywhere—and at prices less than dry goods stores pay in most cases.

I. Magnin & Co.,

237 S. SPRING ST.

The New

White House Lace, Fancy Goods and Trimming Store,

245 S. Broadway,

WILL OPEN ABOUT JAN. 25th.



No matter who have failed, consult the

Eminent Specialists.

No. 241 South Main St., Los Angeles.



The California Medical and Surgical Institute,

The oldest institute on this Coast. Established 37 years. PRIVATE DISEASES AND WEAKNESS OF MEN A SPECIALTY.

To show our honesty and ability we are willing to wait for our fee until cured. A successful record of nine years in Los Angeles. We cure the worst cases of Catarrh in 60 to 90 days. Special Surgeon from St. Louis Dispensary in constant attendance. Examinations by microscope, stethoscope and chemical analysis. Free to everybody. The poor treated free from 1 to 5 Mondays. Our long experience enables us to cure the worst cases of wasting drains. No matter what your trouble is, come and see us. You will never regret it.

IF YOUR DRUGGIST

Don't keep, or is out of the Celebrated Cough and Cold Remedy,

Spruce Gum Balsam

SEND TO

F. F. KIEFERDORF,

Sole Agent,

424 South Main Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

DON'T TAKE ANY SUBSTITUTE.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON

Orangedale

THE IDEAL SIZE

Of a Lot for a nice house place is 50x150. That's the size of most of the lots in the

NOB HILL TRACT

Something like this:

\$1,000
150

The street improvements—grading, graveling, cement curbs and sidewalks, cobblestone gutters, as well as the leveling of the lots to uniform grade, four feet above sidewalk, will all be paid for by present owners, and I will sell you such a lot as above described on San Joaquin, Sherman or Dora street for \$1,000. View of Westlake Park, the City, Mountains, Valley and Ocean—perpetual right thrown in.

LEONARD MERRILL,

240 Bradbury Block.

SPRUCE GUM BALSAM

The greatest remedy for coughs and colds.

HAGAN'S REVISED CITY POCKET

MAP AND STREET GUIDE.

Conveniently indexed for instantly locating streets, public buildings, car lines, etc.

Corrected up to date, 1896. Now ready and for sale by all booksellers and

GARDNER & OLIVER,

PRICE 25c.
106 and 109 South Spring St.

The Story of a Successful Sale

May be written in three words: TELL THE TRUTH!

Our Sworn Affidavit Sale is a Truth-teller.

Before W. H. Allen, a Notary Public in and for the county of Los Angeles, we made a solemn oath to give the public a genuine reduction of 25 per cent. on all SHOES for TEN DAYS.

TWO DAYS HAVE ALREADY PASSED.

Believing in our solemn promise, in spite of inclement weather, the public has crowded our store, reaping the benefit of this magnificent reduction.

FOR MONDAY

Our \$5.00 lines of High Grade Footwear at

Our \$4.00 lines of Elegant Footwear at

Our \$3.00 lines of Reliable Footwear at

Our \$2.00 lines of Durable Footwear at

Our \$1.00 lines of Serviceable Footwear at

\$3.75

\$3.00

\$2.25

\$1.50

75c

For Men, Women and Children. THE MAMMOTH SHOE HOUSE, 315-317 S. Spring st.

January



Clearance

This is the
Age of Bargains.

SALE

These are the
Bargains of the Age.

Gets Headway as the Days Go By, Such

Selling of Dress Goods, Silks and Velvets, of Ladies' Underwear and Hosiery, Linens and Domestics as We've Been Doing for the Past Two Weeks Makes Our Store Look Like Holiday Times Were Here Again. This Week Some New Stocks Drop into the Rush.

FUR TRIMMINGS at one-half price. Bear, Beaver, Coon, Wolf, Seal, Mink, Seal, Chinilla, and worth from 25c per yard to 50c. Sale price from 12c a yard up.

25 pieces, no two alike, 22 and 24-inch black brocade taffeta silk in large and small figures, positively all silk and sold generally at \$1.25, marked for this sale at.....75c

All wool elderdowns, 28 inches wide, in plain colors, such as we have been selling at 50c; must be closed out. Sale price.....35c

63-inch BLACK CLARENETTE, the only genuine rain-proof dress fabric. This is the time to buy this elegant cloth to keep you dry. Former price \$1.75, sale price.....\$1.25

CORSET BARGAIN—A regular 75c corset, first-class, glove-fitting, well trimmed, finest filling and long-waisted, made of heavy drill, this line we are determined to close out; now your chance, only.....35c

TOWELING—25 pieces very fine quality, full 18 inches wide, pure glass linen toweling, 12-inch checks and sells ordinarily at 12 1/2c per yard, we will sell during this sale at.....9c

5 pieces 24-inch changeable lining silk, the proper thing for sea-coat linings, usually sell at 60c per yard. Sale price.....35c

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS—A few light chenille covers, sold at \$1.25. To close out.....75c

5 pieces 46-inch wide STORM SERGE, strictly all wool, a good heavy quality, "splendid wearer," marked down from 75c to.....50c

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS—About 50 pieces, all different, 40, 42 inches wide, wool mixtures in many different colors and styles, former price 50c, must close this line if price will do it.....25c

Do you wear Combination Underwear? Well, here's your chance. 75 dozen Seamless Glove-fitting Onetta Combination Suits, usual price \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00; sale price 90c, \$1.10, \$1.50 and \$1.80. Big bargain.

LADIES' HOSE—Superfine fast black full finished cashmere hose, extra high apicled heel, double soles; regular price is 75c. Sale price.....50c

5 pieces 22-inch Royal satin, very handsome heavy quality of satin for low priced articles suitable for coats or waists and good value, at \$1.00. Sale price only.....75c

10 pieces Manhattan sackings, 36 inches, all wool, "nunetta," a nice line of colors and could not be bought anywhere at less than 85c. Marked for this sale, per yd.....50c

Big line of 40-inch BLACK BROCADE MOHAIR Suitings just received. Every piece new in design and very fine finish, were bought to sell at 75c, however they go at cut-rate prices also.....50c

PATTERN SUITS—Great opportunity, fine all wool, silk and wool, plain and fancy boucles, plaids and stripes, great variety of styles, have already been marked down for this sale. A further reduction allowed this week.....20 per cent

7,000 yards of fine quality INDIGO BLUE PRINT, about thirty different patterns, warranted fast colors, and usual price of which is 7c. Sale price per yd.....5c

HUCK TOWEL BARGAIN—A very fine, extra heavy all linen huck towel, large size and soft finished, has been selling at 90c, have only about 10 dozen left. Sale price, per dozen.....1.80

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS

Spohr's great oratorio, "The Last Judgment," is to be rendered on Friday evening by the choir of St. Paul's Church, in the Guild Hall. This work has never been given in Los Angeles before, and its rendition will excite a great deal of musical interest. The work is a very great one, and calls for the best musical talent and culture to adequately render the composition. The solo parts have been allotted to Madame Martinez, J. H. Zinck and Marion Wigmore. The chorus has had a long and thorough drilling under the direction of J. C. Dunster, who conducts the work.

The oratorio of "The Messiah" will be repeated Tuesday evening at Simpson Tabernacle. Mr. Bacon will sing the tenor solos. Miss Edna Larkin will give a piano recital Thursday evening at the Blanchard-Fitzgerald Hall. Mrs. Jenny Kempton's pupils will give a recital at her residence, No. 1140 South Pearl street, Wednesday afternoon. Oscar Schleit will give a piano recital Friday evening, at the Southern California Music Hall. He will be assisted by Perry Rinardy, violinist.

TEMPERANCE WORKERS.

"The Home vs. the Saloon"—W.C.T.U. Notes.

The anti-saloon workers gathered in force at Temperance Temple yesterday, in answer to a call from the Prohibition County Central Committee for a great mass-meeting to discuss "The Home vs. the Saloon."

Dr. Harwood called the meeting to order at 10 a.m. and introduced the first speaker—John A. B. Wilson, D.D. Dr. Wilson talked for an hour and a half. The main purpose of his address was to show that Prohibitionists should confine all their energies to the one great aim of securing the suppression of the saloon, and not monkey with such things as the government ownership of railroads and telegraphs, the election of President and Senators by direct vote of the people, and woman's suffrage.

The afternoon session was occupied with addresses by Miss Sadie B. Whistler, Miss Amanda Way, and President George W. White of the University of Southern California. There will be another Prohibition mass-meeting at the same place Saturday, February 15, at 10 a.m. The attendance at yesterday's convention was good, considering the weather, for there were over a hundred people there.

At the meeting of the Central W.C.T.U. at Temperance Temple Friday afternoon, Miss Margaret A. Huston conducted the civics discussion. These studies in American government are taken up the third Friday of each month.

Miss Sadie Whistler has come from Indiana to make her home in Southern California. At present she is visiting Rev. Mr. Bauser at the Palms. The National W.C.T.U. Convention will occur in San Francisco, October, 1896.

CATTLE EXPERTS.

Winnowing the Candidates by a Civil Service Examination.

The dignified apartment in which the United States courts hold their sittings was turned into a schoolroom Friday, when eleven candidates were examined as to their fitness to occupy positions in the Bureau of Animal Industry—a recently-established branch of the Department of Agriculture.

William T. Bowen, superintendent of mules, and also secretary of the board of civil service examiners, was in charge. One man sought an appointment as meat inspector, five jobs as stock examiners, and five more places as taggers. When the class had assembled, Mr. Bowen broke the seals of the questions which had been sent on from Washington, and the candidates went to work with all their might.

The candidate for meat inspector was allowed four hours in which to write his answers, the others three hours each. The examination papers will be sent to Washington for marking, and then the names of those who have attained the necessary percentage will be placed on the list from which future appointments shall be made.

RIVERSIDE EXCURSION, ROUND TRIP, \$2.25. Wednesday, January 22. Santa Fe tickets good going via Pasadena and San Bernardino, returning via Orange, or vice versa. Trains leave La Grande Station 7:10 a.m., 8:30 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m. Santa Fe round trip, \$1.75.

AN ORIENTAL DESPOT.

Abdul Hamid, Sultan of Turkey, and His Pitiful Position.

(From "Abdul Hamid, Sultan of Turkey: A Character Sketch," by W. T. Stoddard, in the January Review of Reviews.) Abdul Hamid is, of all men, one of those most to be pitied, but at the present moment there is but little pity or compassion shown him. The custom of punishing the Pope for Caesar's crimes is still fashionable among mankind, and Abdul Hamid is being made the scapegoat for all the atrocities of all the Ottomans. Not that he is without crimes of his own—black and bloody crimes, according to our western ideas—but in the eyes of the Oriental, their only crime consists in that they are not black and bloody enough to achieve their end. For the government of Osmann has always been, since the days when the Tartar horseman first taught Asia how terrible was their wrath, a government of terror. By terror the Sultans climbed to supreme power; by error they have maintained themselves on the throne of the Caesars for five centuries, and it is only because they can no longer inspire sufficient terror that the Ottoman Empire is crumbling into ruin. Abdul Hamid, no doubt, resorted to massacre as a British prime minister attempts to renew his power by a dissolution. Atrocities are as natural to the Turk as general elections to a Parliamentarian. They are the traditional Ottoman method of renewing the mandate of the ruler. Villainization. The Sultan is an anachronism in the last decade of the nineteenth century, and those who have been trying to make believe that he was a civilized sovereign are no doubt experiencing the revolution natural to disappointed hope. But those of us who have never for one moment forgotten the aboriginal savage encamped on the ruins of a civilization which he destroyed can afford to be more mild and just in our estimate of the character of the last of the line of Othman.

East Side Notes.

Nathan Burlingame of Placerville is visiting his sisters, Mrs. N. C. Aldrich and Mrs. Sutton. Mr. Burlingame owns several rich mines in Placer county. George Weeks is quite ill with a gripper.

Capt. McKeag captured the runaway boy, San Co' bath.

Rev. George E. Dye has returned from a two weeks' rejuvenating tour of San Diego, and will preach at the Baptist Church, today, both morning and evening.

Miss Belle Rice of Elizabeth, N. J., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Holdridge.

A baby boy arrived at Mrs. and Mrs. H. Campbell's last Wednesday.

A public installation is being arranged for at the I.O.O.F. Hall next Tuesday night.

Mrs. Carson has recovered from her illness.

Licensed to Wed.

Luther G. Carey, aged 28, a native of Indiana, and Millie R. Bixford, aged 25, a native of Illinois; both residents of Pasadena.

Jesse E. Mitchell, aged 32, a native of Wisconsin, and Elma Carson, aged 20, a native of Kansas; both residents of San Diego.

Henry A. Davis, aged 35, a native of Michigan and a resident of Clearwater, and Mary E. Dodson, aged 40, a native of Indiana and a resident of Los Angeles.

Louis Stoll, aged 33, a resident of Los Angeles, and Paulina Nau, aged 35, a resident of Ontario; both natives of Germany.

Guy E. Stevens, aged 21, a native and resident of Scranton, Pa., and Maud M. McLean, aged 18, a native of Pennsylvania and a resident of Los Angeles.

Claude W. Floyd, aged 24, a native of California, and Nina E. Hacker, aged 20, a native of Ohio; both residents of Los Angeles.

The Calvert Baby.

In order to allay suspicion and set at rest rumors that the child of Mrs. Ike Calvert of Vinton was born dead on account of her husband's brutality, Coroner Campbell yesterday had the body of the infant exhumed and held an inquest. An autopsy was made by Drs. Campbell and Walter Lindsay. Dr. Lindsay in detailing the result of the autopsy at the inquest testified that the body was evidently that of a still-born infant. It was decided that the husband and father, though inhuman in his treatment of his wife, was not responsible for the death of the infant.

Prof. Archibald Geikie, the distinguished British geologist, is coming to the United States soon on a lecturing tour.

THE REIGN OF BARGAINS

Nowhere on all this Coast can you match the marvels, in a bargain way, that the Parisian puts forth today---Nowhere are quarters and half-dollars going a dollar's reach as here---The lots are small, you must be quick.

Velvets.

Splendid close Silk, face—18 beautiful, desirable shades—18 inches broad—the regular \$1 and \$1.25 the yard, Dry Goods Store sorts—and enough in every piece for almost any use—You women who know velvet value and want a Hat or dress trimming bit, best come early—800 yards to be sold at

40c The Yard

Dress Skirts

Very full width, splendid quality Scotch Tweeds, very handsome, serviceable colorings, in narrow stripes and small checks, every Skirt lined all through with duck, great \$4.50 and \$5.50 values, at

\$2.50, \$3.00.

Black Dress Skirts.

Silk warp novelty figured Dress Skirts, very latest, full shape style, duck lined throughout, actually worth \$9, at

\$5.00 each.

Street Suits.

Scotch Tweeds, Cloths and Cheviots, desirable colors, well made, perhaps some of them are a few weeks behind in style, but the figures are dollars and dollars behind the regular price; for instance, handsome Suits that were \$10, \$15 and \$20, now at

\$3.98.

Fur Capes.

80-inch genuine Unplucked Seal Cape, Marten Fur Collar and edging—elegantly lined and a strong seller at \$40.00; now goes at

\$24.50.

Finest Quality Baltic Seal Fur Cape—full sweep, 34 inches long, edged all around with black Thibet Fur; now at

\$15.75.

Finest Quality Unplucked Seal Cape—full sweep, 34 inches long, edged all around with Skunk, a \$50 garment for

\$26.75.

Coats and Ulsters.

Women's Storm Ulsters, with Capes, heavy and medium weight Scotch Tweeds, sizes only 32, 34, 36, have been strong sellers at \$10 and \$15, now only

\$1.98.

Ladies' Short Jackets and English Walking Coats, numerous patterns, that always brought \$8 and \$10, now go at

\$2.39.

Ladies' 3/4 length English Walking Coats, a lot of very elegant garments that have sold as high as \$20, are now

\$5.89.

Special attention paid to repairing of fine fur garments.

Parisian Coat and Suit Co.

221 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Mail orders promptly and accurately attended to.



Many Wonderful Cures

Effectuated in Los Angeles during the past seven years. Over 1000 patients restored to full health by the Chinese method of treatment followed by

DR. HONG SOI,

The Imperial Chinese Physician 224 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

For the Complexion

For the Complexion For the Complexion For the Complexion For the Complexion

USE Anita Cream

ONLY 8 MINUTES ride from

Spring street on electric cars (after February 1st.) AT AUCTION, when you can buy at YOUR OWN PRICE, lots half a block from First street on Clarence and Pleasant streets, are graded, graveled and curbed and have cement sidewalks.

AUCTION SALE

Of 10 lots, 25x150 each, SATURDAY, JAN. 25th, 1896. These lots are easily worth \$300 each for spot cash, but you buy at your valuation Saturday, Jan. 25th, when they will be sold to the highest bidder on the following terms: One-fourth cash, one-fourth in 90 days, one-fourth May 1st, 1897, one-fourth May 1st, 1898. Auction on the ground.

THOMAS B. CLARK, Auctioneer, 232 W. First St. LEONARD MERRILL, Agent, 240-241 Bradbury Block.

One Bottle Cures.

The only remedy of its kind known which does this is McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure. Sold by all Druggists. Made at 418 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Anita Cream

For the Complexion. Anita Cream For the Complexion. Anita Cream For the Complexion. Anita Cream For the Complexion.

No sick stomach

from taking SPRUCE GUM BALSAM for coughs and colds.

One Bottle Cures.

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